# Annual Evaluation Report 

For
Florida Partnership
2021-2022


Submitted September 8, 2022 by New Directions, New Ideas LLC

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## Section 1: Executive Summary

In 2004, the Florida legislature passed the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement Act and, according to F.S. 1007.35(2)(a), the legislature recognized, "the importance of not only access to college, but also success in college for all students." The intent of this act was to provide every student in Florida schools with access to high-quality, rigorous academic courses through a grant which created the Florida Partnership (FLP). In support of this legislative act, staff from College Board's Florida office provides professional development and technical support to school and district-level administrators, along with guidance counselors, educators, and other school staff in thirty school districts. Two school districts (Marion and Volusia) joined the FLP for the 2021-2022 academic year.

Highlights collected during the evaluation process are listed below. All percentage change calculations for number of test takers compared data from 2019-2020 to 2021-2022.

## PSAT 8/9 Test Takers

- Twelve districts demonstrated an increase in the number of students who took the PSAT 8/9, with increases ranging from $2 \%$ to $52 \%$.
- FLP districts increased PSAT 8/9 test takers by $20 \%$ and statewide there was a decrease (-7\%).


## PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers

- Thirteen FLP districts demonstrated an increase in the number of PSAT/NMSQT test takers, with increases ranging from $1 \%$ to $32 \%$.
- FLP districts showed a 45\% increase in PSAT/NMSQT test takers, while statewide there was a decrease (-88\%).


## SAT Saturday Test Takers (Traditional Testing Day)

- Ten FLP districts demonstrated an increase in participation in the SAT Saturday test, with increases ranging from $4 \%$ to $58 \%$.
- Statewide SAT Saturday test takers decreased (-38\%) while FLP districts experienced a smaller decrease (-10\%).


## SAT School Day Test Takers (Testing offered during the week at high schools)

- Twenty FLP districts increased the number of students who participated in SAT School Days, with increases ranging from 1\% to 63\%.
- FLP districts had a 19\% increase in SAT School Day test takers, while the statewide increase of $71 \%$ reflects the new policy to provide SAT School Days in all schools.


## AP Exam Test Takers

- FLP districts overall experienced a $1 \%$ increase in the number of AP exam test takers, while statewide there was a decrease (-13\%).
- Ten districts demonstrated an increase in AP exam participation between 20192020 and 2021-2022 with increases ranging from $10 \%$ to $900 \%$.


## Section 2: Evaluation Methodology

By statute, (1007.35(8)(a) F.S.), the FLP is required to contract with an independent evaluation firm. In 2021-2022, College Board contracted with New Directions, New Ideas, LLC to conduct a program evaluation to examine the extent to which the FLP is meeting the goals and performance measures of the program established by statute.

The mission of the Florida Partnership (FLP) is "to prepare, inspire, and connect students to postsecondary success and opportunity, with a particular focus on minority students and students who are underrepresented in postsecondary education." To meet its mission, FLP staff conducts professional development events and provides technical assistance to FLP school districts to build inclusive AP programs, increase student and parent awareness about college and career readiness, especially for those who would be first generation college going students, and to prepare non-traditional students to be successful in postsecondary enrollment endeavors.

The purpose of the evaluation is to show effectiveness of delivered services and activities to raise student achievement and increase the number of students passing AP or other advanced course examinations in selected FLP districts. Other indicators include the number of school district personnel who participate in PD events, the effectiveness of the PD events, measures of postsecondary readiness of students in FLP districts, and measures of student, parent, and school district personnel's awareness and satisfaction with the following types of FLP services.

- Scholarships are provided to school district staff to attend virtual and non-virtual FLP and College Board professional development events.
- Technical support is provided by FLP staff to school district personnel throughout the grant period.
- Funding is provided to ten FLP districts for the AVID (Advancement Via Individual Determination) program in 33 schools and staff receive scholarships to attend the AVID Summer Institute.
- FLP offered \$10,000 College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES) and Providing Readiness Experiences through Practice (PREP) grants to 14 community organizations and state college CROP programs.
- Five parent workshops were conducted, and many students attended, to learn strategies for college and career readiness.

The evaluation was conducted using an objectives-oriented approach consisting of two main components: 1) program evaluation, to measure the overall effectiveness of professional development opportunities offered to teachers, school administrators, and district administrators and the technical assistance provided to districts and schools by FLP staff and subcontractors; and 2) systemic evaluation, to measure annual and longitudinal student outcomes within FLP districts.

The evaluation plan was designed to collect qualitative and quantitative data to measure the impact of FLP on school district staff, parents, and students. Three key components of the evaluation plan consisted of examining:

- Levels of implementation of the program (participation levels at professional development and technical assistance sessions, AP Course enrollment, College Board's Suite of Assessment participation and scores, AVID elective course enrollment, and enrollment in programs conducted by CARES grantees);
- The contexts within which the program operates (district, school, parent, and student variables); and
- Student Outcomes (College Board's Suite of Assessment test-taking behavior and scores, along with advanced course-taking behavior).

Professional development (PD) is a significant portion of services delivered by FLP through scholarships for College Board's AP Summer Institutes and the AVID Summer Institutes. FLP staff also plan and conduct two PD events uniquely designed to meet the needs of FLP district and school administrators (District Leadership Training and Middle School Colloquium) FLP staff also conducted an AP Symposium event for AP teachers in Orlando and Panama City, FL. FLP staff continuously provided technical assistance (TA) to individuals and small groups at the school-level to train staff how to interpret AP Potential reports, how to interpret student scores from PSAT and SAT tests, and how to utilize Khan Academy to increase student academic performance and SAT scores.

Since PD and technical support is such a large component of the services provided by FLP, the Guskey Model of Training Evaluation was used as a framework for developing the evaluation plan. This model is widely accepted by professionals in the evaluation profession as a means to measure the efficacy of training programs. Guskey's model includes five levels of outcomes.

## > Level 1 Evaluation - Participants' Reaction

What were the participants' reactions to the PD events?

## > Level 2 Evaluation - Participants' Learning

Did the participants acquire the intended goals from the PD events?

## $>$ Level 3 Evaluation - Organization Support and Change

Does the participant have support for change at the school and district level?

## $>$ Level 4 Evaluation - Participants' Use of New Knowledge and Skills

Did participants put into practice their knowledge and skills acquired in the PD events?

## $>$ Level 5 Evaluation - Student Learning Outcomes

What were the results of the PD events?

Methods used to collect data included online surveys, participant evaluation surveys, and virtual and in-person site observation of CARES programs. Exhibit A displays the evaluation questions aligned with the corresponding level of the Guskey Model and data sources and indicators.

| Exhibit A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Evaluation Questions |  | Data Sources/Indicators |
| Level 1: <br> Reaction | 1.To what extent were participants satisfied with professional development opportunities offered through the FLP? | PD surveys |
| Level 2: <br> Learning | 2. To what extent did participants increase knowledge and skills as a result of attending professional development opportunities offered through the FLP? | PD Surveys |
| Level 3: <br> Organization Support | 3. How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment? <br> 4. How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing enrollment of minority and underrepresented students in advanced level courses? <br> 5. How have FLP staff provided support to community-based organizations to improve college and career readiness? | PSAT Test Takers PSAT/NMQST Test Takers SAT Test Takers AP Exam Test Takers AP Exam Minority Test Takers AP Course Enrollment AVID School General Reports |
| Level 4: <br> Use of New Knowledge and Skills | 6. To what extent did school district personnel implement new knowledge and skills as a result of participating in professional development opportunities? | PD Surveys School Administrator Survey District Administrator Survey |
| Level 5: <br> Student <br> Learning <br> Outcomes | 7. How did student test scores in FLP districts compare to statewide figures? | PSAT Test Scores <br> PSAT/NMQST Test Scores <br> SAT Test Scores <br> AP Exam Test Scores <br> AP Exam Minority Test Scores |

This report includes analysis at the district level. In Appendices A-E, 2021-2022 data is listed at the school-level. The following tasks were completed during the evaluation process:

## Stakeholder Meetings

The evaluator scheduled an initial meeting with FLP staff and participated in periodic meetings, by conference call, as necessary, for the purpose of planning and reporting to staff on the progress of the evaluation.

## Professional Development Surveys

Fourteen online surveys were conducted during the 2021-2022 grant period as listed in Exhibit B.

| Exhibit B |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| PD Event | Date <br> Conducted |
| AP Symposia | January 2022 |
| 2021 AP Summer Institute Follow-up | January 2022 |
| 2021 AP Capstone Summer Institute Follow-up | March 2022 |
| 2021 Pre-AP Summer Institute Follow-up | March 2022 |
| AVID Teacher Survey | May 2022 |
| AP Mentor Survey | May 2022 |
| FL Virtual School Administrators Survey | May 2021 |
| District Administrators | May 2022 |
| School Administrators | May 2022 |
| Middle School Colloquium | June 2022 |
| District Leadership Training | July 2022 |
| AP Summer Institute | August 2022 |
| AP Capstone Summer Institute | August 2022 |
| AVID Summer Institute | August 2022 |
|  |  |

## Site Visits

The evaluator visited four in-person CARES/PREP programs and participated in three programs virtually. Interviews with program leaders took place at each site.

## Data Collection and Analysis

Data collection was an ongoing process during the grant period. The analysis involved a merging of the qualitative and quantitative data for inclusion in the final report. The qualitative data was coded and analyzed to identify common themes emerging from the online surveys and interviews. Quantitative survey data was summarized and presented using descriptive statistics of means and percentage changes, as appropriate for the data.

The College Board Suite of Assessments (PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMSQT, and SAT) and AP exam data was also examined for percentage change over the past three years. The list in Exhibit C includes indicators specified by Florida Department of Education for high school (HS1HS9) for middle school (MS1-MS2) and an indicator for parent and student feedback (PS1).

| Indicators | Exhibit C <br> 2021-2022 Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators | Measure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level mathematics courses. | Completed two AP mathematics courses |
| HS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete advanced level coursework in four subject areas | Completed four AP courses |
| HS3 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | Completed AP Computer Science course |
| HS4 | Percent of minority and underserved $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students who are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS5 | Percent of minority and underserved $12^{\text {th }}$ grade students considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS6 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed AP courses. | Took an AP exam |
| HS7 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of "A" or "B" | $\begin{gathered} \text { AP course grades } \\ \text { of "A" or "B" } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| HS8 | Percent of minority and underserved students of educators who participated in an FLP training and who pass an AP exam | AP Exam scores of 3+ for students who's AP educator participated in AP Symposium |
| HS9 | Percent of minority and underserved students of who pass AP exam in low performing high schools | AP exam scores of 3+ |
| MS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | Algebra 1 grades of "C" or better |
| MS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | Grades of ' C " or better in high school level course |
| PS1 | Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership | Parent and Student <br> survey results Professional <br> Development survey results |

## Section 3: Florida Partnership Overview

School superintendents of participating school districts all sign a letter of commitment to receive technical support and professional development opportunities from the FLP.

Three pillars that guide the work of the FLP towards its mission:

1. Get Ready: Improve students' access to challenging coursework and reduce the information gap
2. Get In: Connect students to colleges and careers that fit
3. Get Through: Improve students' postsecondary degree completion rate

Being a FLP member district means being committed to five goals toward building a school culture of college and career readiness.

- Building a common understanding: School and district staff work together to build, promote, and implement a common understanding of college career readiness.
- Aligning instruction: School and district initiatives connect curriculum and instruction, strengthen the collaboration between middle school teachers and high school teachers, and focus on building a pipeline of students prepared for challenging coursework.
- Promoting equity and access: School and district leaders operationalize the belief that all students can succeed at all levels.
- Supporting a culture of ongoing improvement: School and district staff systemically use data to inform and improve instructional and curricular decisions.
- Using resources strategically: School and district staff allocates time, funding, materials, and personnel to support improvement efforts through the FLP.

Exhibit D displays a demographic profile of FLP districts compared to statewide averages. FLP districts vary in size ranging from 616 students in Franklin County to 24,814 students in St. Lucie County. The percentage of minority students in these districts varies significantly with the lowest percentage (5\%) in Dixie County to the highest percentage ( $94 \%$ ) in Gadsden County. FLP districts, on average, have a lower minority student population (48\%) compared to the statewide average (60\%).

As a socio-economic status indicator, the percentage of students who are eligible for free and reduced lunch (FRL) is included in Exhibit D. The average percentage (56\%) of lowincome students in FLP districts is nearly equal to the statewide average of 55\%. The percentage of FRL students in FLP districts ranges from 34\% in Nassau County to 99\% in Dixie County.

| Exhibit D <br> Demographic Profile of Florida Partnership Districts 2021-2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | Student Enrollment Grades 6-12 | Percentage of Minority Students | Percentage of Students Eligible for Free/Reduced Lunch |
| Alachua* | 2,614 | 64\% | 70\% |
| Bay | 13,560 | 31\% | 70\% |
| Bradford | 1,400 | 28\% | 92\% |
| Columbia | 4,919 | 36\% | 87\% |
| Desoto | 2,408 | 61\% | 95\% |
| Dixie | 1,071 | 5\% | 99\% |
| Escambia | 19,740 | 51\% | 75\% |
| Flagler | 7,677 | 37\% | 53\% |
| Franklin | 616 | 11\% | 88\% |
| Gadsden | 2,276 | 94\% | 100\% |
| Glades | 778 | 62\% | 73\% |
| Hamilton | 882 | 58\% | 98\% |
| Hardee | 2,619 | 70\% | 94\% |
| Hendry | 8,063 | 73\% | 77\% |
| Highlands | 6,503 | 58\% | 96\% |
| Holmes | 1,715 | 6\% | 91\% |
| Lafayette | 619 | 24\% | 92\% |
| Lake | 24,492 | 50\% | 67\% |
| Levy | 2,728 | 28\% | 98\% |
| Liberty | 696 | 20\% | 80\% |
| Madison | 1,229 | 53\% | 73\% |
| Marion* | 7,764 | 48\% | 76\% |
| Nassau | 6,715 | 19\% | 34\% |
| Okeechobee | 3,414 | 55\% | 94\% |
| Putnam | 5,268 | 47\% | 96\% |
| St. Lucie | 24,814 | 69\% | 59\% |
| Sumter | 4,609 | 34\% | 12\% |
| Suwannee | 3,008 | 38\% | 90\% |
| Taylor | 1,279 | 32\% | 98\% |
| Walton | 5,739 | 24\% | 42\% |
| Washington | 1,756 | 22\% | 90\% |
| FLP Districts | 171,881 | 48\% | 79\% |
| Florida | 1,533,765 | 60\% | 62\% |
| * Population represents Source: http://www.fldoe.o | ols served by FLP tability/data-sys/edu- | the total school district populat accountability-services/pk-12-public-sch | I-data-pubs-reports/students.stml |

## FLP Professional Development Opportunities

Exhibit E displays the various types of professional development opportunities attended by 1,069 school district personnel during the 2021-2022 grant period.

|  | Exhibit E <br> FLP Professional Development Events |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Professional <br> Development Event | Type of Sessions | Participant Registration |
| AP Symposium | A one and one-half day <br> workshop in January 2022 in <br> Orlando and Panama City | 270 participants |
| Developing a Culture of <br> Readiness (DCR) <br> Workshops | An in-person or virtual 1-day or $1 / 2$ <br> day professional development event <br> provided by FLP staff. | 46 participants |
| AP Summer Institutes | Virtual and in-person sessions <br> offered in June and July 2022 | 341 participants |
| AVID Summer Institutes | In-person offered in June 2022 | 186 participants |
| Pre-AP Summer <br> Institute | Virtual and in-person sessions <br> offered in June and July 2022 | (8 participants |
| Middle School <br> Colloquium | In-person 1 $1 / 2$ day conference on <br> June 9-10, 2022 | 71 participants |
| District Leadership <br> Training | In-person 1.5 day conference on July <br> 27-28, 2022 | 117 participants |
|  |  |  |

## Developing a Culture of Readiness

Three Developing a Culture of Readiness workshops were provided to 46 school district staff during the 2021-2022 grant period. These workshops are designed to provide district and school administrators, guidance counselors, and educators with classroom strategies for increasing rigor and student participation in advanced level courses. Exhibit F displays the dates and locations for the District Support Trainings. One workshop was provided inperson and two were conducted virtually through the Panhandle Area Educational Consortium (PAEC). Scheduling workshops proved difficult this past year due to lingering COVID-related concerns. Fifteen workshops are planned for next year.

| Exhibit F <br> Developing a Culture of Readiness Workshops |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date of DCR <br> Workshop | Topic | Location of <br> Training | Number of <br> Participants |
| $11 / 1 / 21$ | Achieving Equity in AP | Seminole | 27 |
| $6 / 22 / 22$ | Pre-AP Social Studies (Virtual) | PAEC | 7 |
| $6 / 22 / 22$ | Pre-AP Science (Virtual) | PAEC | 12 |
| Total |  |  |  |

In addition to the professional development opportunities listed in Exhibits E and F, FLP staff also conducted meetings throughout the school year with district and school administrators to provide technical support. Topics covered during these technical support meetings are displayed in Exhibit G showing 417 sessions delivered by FLP staff.

| Exhibit GFLP Technical Support 2021-2022 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics Discussed or Presented- | $\begin{gathered} \text { NEFEC, } \\ \text { PAEC, HEC } \end{gathered}$ | District | Multiple Districts |
| Advanced Coursework/Increased Rigor |  | 4 |  |
| AP African American Studies |  | 3 |  |
| AP Exams | 1 | 88 |  |
| AP Capstone |  | 9 |  |
| AP Classroom |  | 9 | 1 |
| AP Computer Science Principles |  | 2 |  |
| AP Potential Report |  | 29 |  |
| AP Research and Seminar |  | 3 |  |
| APSI Scholarships |  | 17 |  |
| AP Symposium |  | 2 |  |
| AVID |  | 4 |  |
| Big Future Scholarships |  | 9 | 1 |
| CARES/PREP Grant Funding |  |  | 6 |
| College Board Suite of Assessments |  | 30 |  |
| College and Career Fair/Symposium |  | 3 |  |
| District Leadership Training/Middle Level Colloquium |  | 11 |  |
| Fee Waivers |  | 7 |  |
| FLP Overview |  | 2 | 5 |
| Increase Equity and Access |  | 7 |  |
| K-12 Reporting Portal |  | 12 |  |
| Miscellaneous/Multiple Topics | 3 | 18 | 4 |
| Opportunity Myth |  | 1 |  |
| Parent/Student Workshops/Webinars |  | 4 | 4 |
| Pre-AP Courses |  | 26 | 1 |
| PSAT 8/9 |  | 13 |  |
| PSAT/NMQST |  | 11 |  |
| SAT/Khan Academy |  | 8 |  |
| SAT School Day |  | 24 |  |
| SAT Suite of Assessments |  | 30 |  |
| Student Search (College Board) |  | 3 | 2 |
| Totals | 4 | 389 | 24 |

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback

This section of the report includes evaluation findings related to the impact of professional development opportunities and participant reactions. Evidence presented in Section 4 provides answers to the following three evaluation questions related to Guskey's Model of Training Evaluation and one FDOE Minority and Underserved Student Indicator.

- Q1: To what extent were participants satisfied with professional development opportunities offered through the FLP?
- Q2: To what extent did participants increase knowledge and skills as a result of attending professional development opportunities offered through the FLP?
- Q7: To what extent did school district personnel implement new knowledge and skills as a result of participating in professional development opportunities?
- FDOE PS1: Measures of student, parent, and educator awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership.

Survey results will be presented in this section of the report for each of the following professional development opportunities provided during the 2021-2022 grant period.

- AP Symposia
- AP Summer Institutes
- Pre-AP Summer Institute
- AVID Summer Institute
- District Leadership Training
- Middle Level Colloquium


## AP Symposium

FLP staff conducted two AP Symposium events on January 13-14, 2022 in Orlando and on January 27-28, 2022 in Panama City Beach. Overall, participants who attended one of the AP Symposium expressed high levels of engagement and satisfaction with the content, presenters and resources shared with them. FLP continues to gain recognition by AP educators through PD as nearly half ( $47 \%$ ) of respondents to the survey were aware of the FLP prior to attending the AP Symposia events.

Participants were asked to retrospectively rate their level of confidence before and after attending the AP Symposium. On a scale of 1 to 5 , with 1 representing the lowest level of confidence and 5 representing the highest level of confidence, Table 4.1 displays four learning objective goals and confidence levels increased dramatically for all four objectives.

| Confidence Levels: AP Symposium Learning Objectives |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Learning Objectives | Average <br> Score Pre- <br> Symposium | Average <br> Score Post- <br> Symposium | Change |
| Understanding course and exam description <br> framework | 3.33 | 4.26 | +.93 |
| Understanding how to use Unit Guides for <br> your AP course | 3.31 | 4.16 | +.85 |
| Understanding how to strategically utilize AP <br> Classroom formative tools (AP Daily, Topic <br> Questions, Progress Checks) | 3.27 | 4.17 | +.90 |
| Understanding how to prepare students for <br> the AP Exam through the appropriate use of <br> the summative AP Classroom Question Bank | 3.15 | 4.14 | +.99 |
|  |  |  |  |

## AP Summer Institute (APSI)

AP educators across the state ( $\mathrm{n}=341$ ) received scholarships to attend virtual and inperson AP Summer Institutes conducted by the College Board in June and July 2022. Respondents were asked to rate the impact of the APSI on a scale of 1 to 5 , with 1 representing "Strongly Disagree" and 5 representing "Strongly Agree." In all four categories, average rating scores were higher than a 4.00, demonstrating a positive impact on educators as a result of attending the APSI.

| Rating Scale Scores: Impact of AP Summer Institute |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Satisfaction Statements | Average <br> Score |
| I am more motivated to teach an AP course. | 4.36 |
| I learned new instructional skills. | 4.29 |
| I will make changes to my AP course delivery. | 4.28 |
| My confidence level for preparing students to score a 3 or higher on an AP <br> exam for my course improved. | 4.18 |
|  |  |

Respondents were asked to rate changes they experienced as a result of attending the PreAP Summer Institute on a scale of 1 to 5 , with 1 representing strongly disagree and 5 representing strongly agree. Increases in motivational level and new instructional skills were slightly higher than "making changes to course delivery" and "confidence for preparing a student to score a 3 or higher on a future AP exam."

| Table 4.3 |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Rating Scale Scores: Impact of Pre-AP Summer Institute |  |
| Sation Statements | Average <br> Score |
| I am more motivated to teach an AP course. | 4.10 |
| I learned new instructional skills. | 4.10 |
| I will make changes to my AP course delivery. | 3.80 |
| My confidence level for preparing students to score a 3 or higher on an AP <br> exam for my course improved. | 3.60 |
|  |  |

## AVID Summer Institute

School district staff across the state ( $\mathrm{n}=158$ ) received scholarships to participate in the AVID Summer Institute in June 2022. On a rating scale of 1 to 5 , with " 5 " representing the highest level of satisfaction, AVID Summer Institute participants rated their level of satisfaction with the event and the results presented in Table 4.4 show high levels of satisfaction with presenters and they gained new knowledge and skills, along with gaining useful information.

| Table 4.4 <br> Rating Scale Score: Impact of AVID Summer Institute |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Satisfaction Statements | Average <br> Score |
| The presenters were able to engage and stimulate interest in <br> participants. | 4.11 |
| I gained new knowledge and skills. | 4.09 |
| The content of the sessions provided me with useful information. | 4.09 |
| The overall quality of the AVID Summer Institute met my expectations. | 4.03 |
| What I learned will change the way I do my job. | 3.83 |
|  |  |

## Middle Level Colloquium

On June 9-10, 2022, educators from across the state participated in the Middle Level Colloquium (MLC). FLP staff organized the conference and a total of 71 participants participated in the event. Participants were asked to rate their level of satisfaction with the Colloquium on a scale of 1 to 5 , with " 5 " representing the highest level of satisfaction. Table 4.5 displays the pre-Colloquium and post-Colloquium average rating scale scores for understanding MLC topics. The average score in all four categories showed increases ranging from +1.02 to +1.27 .

| Table 4.5 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tovels of Understanding Middle Level Colloquium Topics |  |  |  |
|  | Response <br> Average <br> Pre-MLC | Response <br> Average <br> Post-MLC | Change |
| The mission of the Florida Partnership | 3.20 | 4.47 | +1.27 |
| The value of PSAT 8/9 tools and resources | 2.70 | 3.98 | +1.10 |
| The benefits of Pre-AP courses for students | 3.61 | 4.72 | +1.11 |
| How instructional strategies in a Pre-AP <br> course differs from traditional coursework | 3.48 | 4.50 | +1.02 |
|  |  |  |  |

## District Leadership Training

On July 27-28, 2022, district and school level administrators from school districts across the state met in-person for the first time in two years at the District Leadership Training (DLT) in Orlando, FL. To gauge the level of satisfaction with the training and impact its sessions had on participants, a survey link was provided after the event. The survey included a retrospective question asking participants to rate their level of understanding the DLT's four main topics both "prior to" and "after" the training.

Participants were asked to rate their level of understanding the training topics on a scale of 1 to 5 . Table 4.6 displays the pre-survey and post-survey average scores for each topic. The average score in all four topic areas showed increases ranging from +.86 to +2.22 .
Understanding BigFuture Scholarships showed the highest gain.

## Table 4.6 <br> Levels of Understanding the District Leadership Training Topics

| Topics | Response <br> Average <br> Pre-DLT | Response <br> Average <br> Post-DLT | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How administrators can support AP teachers | 3.75 | 4.61 | +.86 |
| BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Scholarships | 2.55 | 4.47 | +2.22 |
| How to use College Board data | 3.55 | 4.65 | +1.10 |
| Bright Futures Scholarship Program | 3.14 | 4.61 | +1.47 |
|  |  |  |  |

## Section 5: Community and Parent Engagement

During the 2021-2022 academic year, the FLP offered two types of grants to 14 community organizations and state college CROP programs.

1. College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES)
2. Providing Readiness Experiences through Practice (PREP)

The grantees submitted applications which included a statement of need, program delivery, number of students to be served, organizational capacity, a logic model, and a budget equal to $\$ 10,000$. FLP staff reviewed the applications, scored them with a rubric, and the top 14 were awarded a grant. The programs selected were designed to reach at-risk students, students from low socioeconomic backgrounds, minorities, and many who would become the first generation in their families to go to college. Data presented in this section of the report provides evidence for this evaluation question.

- Q5: How have FLP staff provided support to community-based organizations to improve college and career readiness?


## CARES Grantees

- Florida International University
- Florida State University
- Gentlemen's Quest of Tampa, Inc.
- Hillsborough Community College
- Immokalee Foundation
- Indian River State College
- Overtown Youth
- Pasco-Hernando State College


## PREP Grantees

- Barry University
- Florida Education Foundation
- Suwannee Education Foundation
- Take Stock in Children - Palm Beach
- Take Stock in Children - Sarasota
- Take Stock in Children - Manatee


## CARES Program Descriptions

## Florida International University, Miami-Dade, FL CROP, SWITCH-ON, and Partners in Progress

The goal of the program is to prepare underrepresented students for a four-year college education. The program serves 30 middle school and 60 high school students from seven schools who are minority, economically disadvantaged, first generation college going students. All are from low-performing schools. The focus of the summer program is on academic achievement, test preparation, college and career readiness, with an emphasis on enrollment in AP, IB, and dual enrollment courses and excelling on EOC exams.

## Florida State University, Panama City, FL

FSU's Panama City's Pre-Collegiate Program seeks to contribute to the enrollment, retention, and graduation of students in higher education who have been disadvantaged by virtue of economic and/or educational circumstances. The program provides academic support, personal, and social, leadership development, along with college preparation during the academic school year and summer program. The program operates a Talent Search for 30 students who attend Nims and Griffin middle schools in Leon County to recruit them for participation in the CROP program. Students will have a summer residential experience where students take academic courses, participate in enrichment activities such as college preparation topics, study skills, testing strategies, wellness, life skills, career preparation, social and cultural enrichment activities, and community service projects. Students will also take part in college tours.

## Gentlemen's Quest of Tampa, Inc., Tampa, FL

This nonprofit organization provides supports for 48-60 students from Title I schools in the development of college readiness skills and to increase the number of students that are prepared to enter and successfully complete postsecondary education. They are referred by counselors and social workers and $60 \%$ of the students are justice-involved youth. The students are assigned a Success Coach to help them identify goals and develop an action plan. The goal of the program is to equip students with the necessary tools to be critical thinkers with excellent leadership abilities and communication skills. The summer camp is STEM focused and involved coding and robotics.

## Hillsborough County Community College, Tampa FL CROP program

The HCC CARES project serves 45-60 minority students in grades 6-12 who are educationally and economically disadvantaged from selected high schools throughout Hillsborough County. Students participate in 15 sessions of intensive academic program designed to enhance and enrich their academic skills and college preparedness. The focus is on skill development, critical thinking, and problem solving. Students are encouraged to Dual Enroll in two college courses (SLS 1501 and CGS 1000).

## Immokalee Foundation

The Immokalee Foundation provides college preparation classes for 25 Immokalee high school students. The classes are delivered both virtually and in-person. The mission is to prepare students for being able to attend the college of their choice and have a broad selection of scholarships to apply for college. Through field trips and panel discussions with speakers from various careers, students will be able to choose a college major related to their career choice.

## Indian River State College, Ft. Pierce, FL Middle and High School CROP Program

Support to improve academic performance and college readiness skills is provided to lowincome at-risk students who would be first generation college students from 10 local area
middle and high schools. Academic advisement, tutoring, guided instruction and referrals to campus and community agencies are offered to 40 students in grades 6-12. Big Future is utilized during the summer program. Parent financial aid and scholarship workshops were conducted.

## Overtown Youth Center (OYC), Overtown, FL

The OYC provides an afterschool tutoring program during the school year and offers a Summer Intensive Academy to 30 students in grades 7-12. The afterschool program and Summer Academy ensure academic progress and postsecondary success. Certified teachers work with students providing college readiness activities to increase their exposure to college and career options.

## Pasco-Hernando State College, New Port Richey and Brooksville, FL College Reach Out Program (CROP)

The opportunities for existing CROP participants will be expanded by providing a Saturday Academy to educationally and economically disadvantaged students in Pasco and Hernando Counties. The Academy will operate virtually for 3 hours a day on 27 Saturdays during the 2021 spring semester and aims to serve 40 students in grades 6-12.

## PREP Program Descriptions

## Barry University, Miami-Dade Florida

College Reach Out Program (CROP)
This program works with students enrolled in Barry University's CROP program and their parents. A total of 100 students in grades 6-12 will be selected to participate in the CROP program beginning with the spring semester and going through the summer. Participants are traditionally underrepresented in post-secondary educational institutions and are minority students who reside in high-crime, drug ridden, low-income areas and attend schools with high drop-out rates, suspensions, violence, and truancy.

## Florida Education Fund, Hamilton and Columbia Counties

Summer SAT and College Preparation High School Program
Program is designed to increase college readiness and access, personal college success, and career readiness opportunities for 30 students (minority, low income, and/or first generation college going) from Hamilton County Middle/High School and Columbia High School. Students worked with certified teachers and those in Hamilton County earned an elective high school credit for completing the program.

## Pasco-Hernando State College, New Port Richey and Brooksville, FL College Reach Out Program (CROP)

The opportunities for existing CROP participants and new recruits was expanded by providing a Summer Academy for educationally and economically disadvantaged students. One middle school and four high schools were targeted in Hernando County. Three middle and three high schools were targeted in Pasco County.

## Take Stock in Children, Manatee County

Daily/Weekly SAT Practice using Khan Academy was provided to 30 students virtually to increase SAT scores. The goal is to prepare students to receive Bright Futures scholarships and to open the door for other scholarships based on merit. Big Futures was used to help guide career paths and a "best fit" college or university. Parents, students, and mentors will attend FAFSA workshop.

## Take Stock in Children, Palm Beach County

This program serves 550 middle and high school students from economically disadvantaged homes with a multi-year approach working with parents and students to support them with wraparound support services in their pursuit of graduating high school and applying to college with College Readiness Coaches and mentors. Students from 32 schools in Palm Beach County apply for the program. Summer programs include two-day SAT preparation workshops. Two were provided virtually and two were provided inperson.

## Take Stock in Children, Sarasota County

TSIC serves 100 students enrolled in Booker High School who come from economically disadvantaged homes and who are challenged with significant risk factors for not graduating high school. Students are assigned a mentor and meet regularly with College Success Coaches to ensure accountability for academic success and progression towards postsecondary enrollment. This is a multi-year program and those who complete it receive a scholarship to the college, university, or vocational program of their choice.

## In-person and Virtual Site Visits

The following seven organizations awarded grant funding from the Florida Partnership for CARES/PREP were selected as sites for observation, either virtually or in-person.

| CARES/PREP Grantees | Date of Visit | Category |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| TSIC Palm Beach County | $3 / 26 / 22$ | PREP |
| TSIC Manatee County | $4 / 6 / 22$ (virtual) | PREP |
| Pasco-Hernando State College | $4 / 23 / 22$ (virtual) | CARES |
| Florida Education Foundation | $6 / 28 / 22$ (virtual) | PREP |
| Florida International University | $6 / 30 / 22$ | CARES |
| Gentlemen's Quest of Tampa, Inc. | $7 / 1 / 22$ | CARES |
| Barry University | $7 / 6 / 22$ | PREP |
|  |  |  |

- Take Stock in Children, Palm Beach County - Observed in-person the second day of SAT/ACT preparation class (2 days from 9:00-12:00) combining test taking
strategies as well as solving previous Math SAT/ACT test questions and analyzing paragraphs for the English Language Arts section of the SAT/ACT tests.
- Take Stock in Children, Manatee County - A Big Future presentation for high school students in Manatee County was observed virtually. A first year college student and former participant with TSIC/Manatee created and delivered a PowerPoint presentation to explain the benefits of Big Future for college and career planning, searching for the right college, and how it can be used as a source for scholarship searches. She also described Khan Academy's Official SAT Practice. The instructor then explained how the PSAT links scores to Khan Academy and can create an individualized study plan for the SAT.
- Pasco-Hernando State College - A virtual presentation was observed as the librarian for PHSC's campus located in Springhill, FL described comprehensively how students can use the library to enhance their experience while attending PHSC. She explained different resources available to students, such as a printer, at the library that students may not have known was there. She explained to students how research could be done using databases and students were encouraged to ask the librarian for help when needed. She also confirmed for students that they could use the library and all its resources if they are enrolled for Dual Enrollment courses in high school.
- Florida Education Fund - SAT Preparation course was observed for two sessions. Students from across the state attend virtually to learn strategies for taking the SAT. Students took a practice test at the beginning of the course and again at the end using Khan Academy's Official SAT Practice. Each morning students login at 8:00 am and join either the ELA lesson or the Mathematics lesson for the first hour and then switch classes for the second hour.
- Gentlemen's Quest (GQ) of Tampa, Inc. - Attended a Community Showcase for high school students who attended a 3-week STEMQuest camp. During the camp students met with employees from the City of Tampa's Recycling Program, Tampa General Hospital, Tampa Electric Company, and the Hillsborough County School District to conduct a case study of the organization and resolve a "problem" for them by building a robot prototype. This project-based learning included teams creating a presentation highlighting their company name, a 30 second commercial, a jingle for their company, and they needed to demonstrate how the robot worked during the showcase to the audience of parents, business leaders, educators, and judges.
- Florida International University - The 4-week summer academic program for middle school students involves 2 weeks of virtual instruction and interaction and 2 weeks of attending the program on campus. Students are divided into 3 groups based on their academic performance in math courses. This year they had 41 students participate in the program, which included academic instruction for ELA and Mathematics, it also included college and career readiness.
- Barry University - Attended the morning session for Barry University's summer CROP program for Life Skills and College and Career Preparation Camp. Barry University college students serve as camp counselors, sitting at each table in the room, engaging students in conversation and participating in all activities. Students begin the day with mindfulness and meditation practice, including yoga, to learn ways to reduce stress. The session on $7 / 6 / 22$ involved students self-reflecting on who they are and they were asked to write a personal statement in an effort to assist them with future personal statements required for college applications.


## Parent and Student Engagement

Florida Partnership and College Board staff conducted five virtual webinars for parents across the state during the 2021-2022 grant period. Online survey requests were sent out to all participants after the webinars. Survey results in this section provide evidence for FDOE Indicator PS1.

- FDOE Indicator PS1: Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership.

Table 5.1 displays the topics of each parent webinar and the overall rating scale scores for each one. Parents were asked to rate the overall presentation on a 5-point Likert scale and the results show high levels of satisfaction with the webinars. A total of 3,577 parents attended the sessions when they were "live" and nearly 10,000 registered to attend and some of them may have watched the recording at a later date.

| Table 5.1 <br> Overall Rating Scale Scores: Parent Webinars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Overall Rating Scale Scores |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Title of Webinar | Number of Parents | Excellent | Very Good | Good | Fair | Poor |
| 10-7-21 | Student Search Service | 614 | 40\% | 39\% | 14\% | 3.5\% | 3.5\% |
| 11-18-21 | AP Classroom | 124 | 40\% | 30\% | 10\% | 20\% | 0 |
| 1-25-22 | Understanding PSAT Scores | 1,693 | 75\% | 22\% | 3\% | 0 | 0 |
| 2-15-22 | BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ | 279 | 56\% | 36\% | 8\% | 0 | 0 |
| 8-25-22 | College and Career Readiness | 867 | 50\% | 41\% | 9\% | 0 | 0 |
|  | Total Number of Parents | 3,577 |  |  |  |  |  |

## Parent Survey Results

Parent knowledge gains were measured by asking parents to rate their level of confidence in understanding presentation topics using a 4-point Likert scale from "Not at all Confident" $=1$ to "Very Confident" $=4$. The average rating scale scores were calculated for both "before" and "after" the webinars. The average rating scale scores displayed in Tables $5.2-5.6$ show positive increases across all topic areas ranging from +.76 to +1.86 .

| Table 5.2 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation Knowledge Gains: Student Search Service | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| How to "opt-in" to the Student Search <br> Service | 1.83 | 3.33 | +1.50 |
| The benefits of enrolling in Student <br> Search Service | 2.02 | 3.36 | +1.34 |
| The number of College Board <br> Scholarship programs that use Student <br> Search Service | 1.82 | 3.10 | +1.28 |
| How colleges and universities use <br> Student Search Service | 1.94 | 3.20 | +1.26 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.3 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parent Knowledge Gains: AP Classroom |  |  |  |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| How to use AP Classroom | 1.2 | 2.9 | +1.7 |
| How to use AP daily videos | 1.2 | 2.9 | +1.7 |
| How to use progress checks to develop a <br> study plan | 1.1 | 2.6 | +1.5 |

Table 5.4
Parent Knowledge Gains: Big Future ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ :

| How to utilize BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ for..... | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| your child to choose which college they <br> want to attend. | 1.41 | 3.23 | +1.82 |
| scholarship opportunities. | 1.39 | 3.18 | +1.79 |
| for your child to explore different career <br> opportunities. | 1.38 | 3.24 | +1.86 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.5 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| Linking their score report to the Khan <br> Academy to create a practice plan | 1.69 | 3.16 | +1.47 |
| Level of understanding how to use the <br> PSAT score report | 1.67 | 3.11 | +1.44 |
| Connection to College Board's tools for <br> college and career planning | 1.64 | 3.07 | +1.43 |
| Accessing college admission and <br> financial aid information | 1.57 | 2.91 | +1.34 |
| Using the AP Potential Report to identify <br> what AP courses would align with your <br> child's academic strengths. | 1.55 | 2.99 | +1.44 |
| Connection to College Board's BigFuture <br> Scholarships | 1.51 | 2.99 | +1.48 |
|  |  |  |  |

Table 5.6
Parent Knowledge Gains: College and Career Readiness

| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Importance of taking rigorous high <br> school coursework (AP courses or <br> Honors courses) | 1.99 | 3.05 | +1.06 |
| The benefits of taking the PSAT 8/9, <br> PSAT/NMSQT, PSAT 10, and SAT | 2.31 | 3.07 | +.76 |
| The benefits of using Official SAT <br> Practice on Khan Academy | 1.92 | 3.11 | +1.19 |
| How to connect with Student Search <br> Service for scholarships and college <br> recruitment | 1.55 | 2.77 | +1.22 |
| BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Scholarships | 1.41 | 2.75 | +1.34 |
|  |  |  |  |

## Student Surveys

To collect data from students related to their awareness of College Board resources and to measure confidence gains in topics presented during webinars, a QR code was provided at the end of the webinar linking them to a survey. The first webinar of the school year, Student Search Service had a technical difficulty and student data was not captured for that webinar. However, data was collected for the other four webinars.

Students were asked to rate their level of confidence in understanding webinar topics on a scale of 1 to 4 , with 1 representing "not at all confident" and 4 representing "very confident." Survey results showed knowledge gains for all topics. Knowledge gains ranged from +.62 to +1.64 as shown in Tables 5.7 - 5.10.

| Table 5.7 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Knowledge Gains: AP Classroom |  |  |  |
| How to use AP Classroom | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| How to use AP daily videos | 2.50 | 3.14 | +.64 |
| How to use progress checks to develop a <br> study plan | 1.83 | 2.67 | 3.43 |
|  |  | +.76 |  |

## Table 5.8 <br> Student Knowledge Gains: Understanding PSAT Score Report

| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| How to use the PSAT Score Report | 2.55 | 3.24 | +.69 |
| How to link your Score Report to the <br> Khan Academy for SAT Practice | 2.38 | 3.19 | +.81 |
| How to use the AP Potential Report to <br> help you decide what AP courses would <br> be a good match for you | 2.14 | 3.02 | +.88 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.9 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Knowledge Gains: BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ |  |  |  |
| How to utilize BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ for..... | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| planning which college you want to <br> attend. | 2.33 | 3.43 | +1.10 |
| scholarship opportunities. | 2.33 | 3.62 | +1.29 |
| for your child to explore different career <br> opportunities. | 2.57 | 3.19 | +.62 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.10 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| Importance of taking rigorous high <br> school coursework (AP courses or <br> Honors courses) | 2.51 | 3.35 | +.84 |
| The benefits of taking the PSAT 8/9, <br> PSAT/NMSQT, PSAT 10, and SAT | 2.65 | 3.27 | +.62 |
| The benefits of using Official SAT <br> Practice on Khan Academy | 2.43 | 3.30 | +.87 |
| How to connect with Student Search <br> Service for scholarships and college <br> recruitment | 1.84 | 2.94 | +1.10 |
| BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Scholarships | 1.89 | 3.14 | +1.25 |
|  |  |  |  |

## Section 6: SAT Suite of Assessments: Participation (Number of Test Takers)

College Board's SAT Suite of Assessments includes the PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMSQT, and SAT. The SAT Suite of Assessments are aligned with Florida Standards and Florida Standards Assessments and by linking test scores with the Khan Academy students are provided with an individualized study plan to improve test scores and mastery of Florida standards. Data presented in this section of the report provides evidence linked to the following evaluation question.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?

The number of test takers is an indicator of how many students are on the pathway to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment.
Beginning with the 2021-2022 academic year, a large majority of schools in Florida offered the SAT on a school day for $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students. This is an opportunity to provide all students with access to the exam without the barriers of transportation to a Saturday exam location and time off work for those students who have jobs that require them to be there on Saturdays. Therefore, tables and figures in this section of the report include SAT School Days separate from SAT Saturdays.

## PSAT 8/9 Test Takers

During professional development events and through technical support from FLP staff, district and school administrators are encouraged to offer the PSAT 8/9 in an effort to identify students for enrollment in advanced courses who may have been overlooked in the past and are now demonstrating they are ready to be challenged in more rigorous courses.

Table 6.1 shows the number of PSAT 8/9 test takers across a three-year period, from 20192020 to 2021-2022. While PSAT 8/9 participation varied across the three years in all districts, 12 districts experienced an increase in the number of students who took the PSAT $8 / 9$ when comparing baseline to 2021-2022. Overall, FLP districts showed a $20 \%$ increase, while districts across the state showed the number of PSAT 8/9 test takers decreased by 7\%.

| Table 6.1Three Year Comparison:Number of PSAT 8/9 Test Takers by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Number of Test Takers 2021-2022 | Percentage Change Over Three Year Period |
| Bay | 2,770 | 2,599 | 3,282 | 18\% |
| Bradford | 333 | 296 | 367 | 10\% |
| Columbia | 1,311 | 701 | 1,217 | -7\% |
| Desoto | 664 | 255 | 593 | -11\% |
| Dixie | 272 | 244 | 290 | 7\% |
| Escambia | 2,530 | 1,760 | 2,697 | 7\% |
| Flagler | 958 | 765 | 1,009 | 5\% |
| Gadsden | Not FLP | Not FLP | 324 | N/A |
| Glades | 193 | 66 | 193 | 0\% |
| Hamilton | 224 | 199 | 231 | 3\% |
| Hardee | 720 | 313 | 367 | -49\% |
| Hendry | 1,004 | 630 | 983 | -2\% |
| Highlands | 1,457 | 1,202 | 1,481 | 2\% |
| Lafayette | 166 | 149 | 151 | -9\% |
| Lake | 2,757 | Not Administered | 16 | N/A |
| Levy | 612 | 652 | 705 | 15\% |
| Liberty | 181 | 150 | 156 | -14\% |
| Madison | 173 | 214 | 263 | 52\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 1,789 | N/A |
| Nassau | 1,808 | 1,419 | 1,778 | -2\% |
| Okeechobee | 811 | 611 | 803 | -1\% |
| Putnam | 1,285 | 1,063 | 1,278 | -1\% |
| Saint Lucie | 5,789 | 4,227 | 5,510 | -5\% |
| Sumter | 734 | 574 | 716 | -2\% |
| Suwannee | 487 | 588 | 739 | 52\% |
| Taylor | 141 | 91 | 155 | 10\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 3,891 | N/A |
| Walton | 795 | Not Administered | 883 | 11\% |
| Washington | 466 | 430 | 442 | -5\% |
| FLP <br> Districts | 28,641 | 19,198 | 34,338 | 20\% |
| Florida | 143,719 | 156,726 | 133,850 | -7\% |

Thirteen FLP districts demonstrated an increase in the number of students who took the PSAT/NMSQT over the past three years. FLP districts overall showed an increase of 45\% in PSAT/NMSQT test takers compared to a decrease of $36 \%$ statewide, as displayed below.

| Table 6.2Three Year Comparison:Number of PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers by FLP Districts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Number of Test Takers 2021-2022 | Percentage Change Over Three Year Period |
| Bay | 2,270 | 2,159 | 2,056 | -9\% |
| Bradford | 288 | 213 | 297 | 3\% |
| Columbia | 544 | Not administered | 547 | 1\% |
| Desoto | 574 | 329 | 534 | -7\% |
| Dixie | 257 | 172 | 215 | -16\% |
| Escambia | 4,143 | 3,465 | 4,177 | 1\% |
| Flagler | 1,548 | 1,178 | 1,630 | 5\% |
| Franklin | 120 | 33 | 59 | -51\% |
| Gadsden | 395 | 208 | 298 | -25\% |
| Glades | 114 | 90 | 116 | 2\% |
| Hamilton | 168 | 161 | 196 | 17\% |
| Hardee | 601 | 211 | 546 | -9\% |
| Hendry | 891 | 311 | 944 | 6\% |
| Highlands | 1,369 | 1,092 | 1,301 | -5\% |
| Lafayette | 142 | 158 | 144 | 1\% |
| Lake | 4,869 | 5,386 | 7,982 | 64\% |
| Levy | 485 | 479 | 511 | 5\% |
| Liberty | 134 | 119 | 132 | -1\% |
| Madison | 319 | 194 | 282 | -12\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 1,453 | N/A |
| Nassau | 1,622 | 1,472 | 1,625 | 0\% |
| Okeechobee | 641 | 441 | 597 | -7\% |
| Putnam | 1,097 | 906 | 1,050 | -4\% |
| St. Lucie | 5,093 | 3,134 | 5,247 | 3\% |
| Sumter | 609 | 568 | 560 | -8\% |
| Suwannee | 447 | 349 | 337 | -25\% |
| Taylor | 225 | 173 | 226 | 0\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 169 | N/A |
| Walton | 1,024 | 997 | 1,200 | 17\% |
| Washington | 413 | 391 | 452 | 9\% |
| FLP Districts | 24,389 | 34,883 | 35,461 | 45\% |
| Florida | 300,105 | 272,234 | 192,321 | -36\% |

## SAT Saturday Test Takers

Ten districts increased the number of students who took the SAT on Saturday. The decrease for FLP Districts was lower ( $-10 \%$ ) compared to the decrease statewide ( $-38 \%$ ).

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Table } 6.3 \\ \text { Three Year Comparison: } \\ \text { Number of SAT Saturdays Test Takers } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Number of Test Takers 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 706 | 804 | 732 | 4\% |
| Bradford | 51 | 25 | 27 | -89\% |
| Columbia | 155 | 145 | 135 | -15\% |
| Desoto | 59 | 119 | 142 | 58\% |
| Dixie | 17 | 25 | 39 | 56\% |
| Escambia | 578 | 602 | 554 | -4\% |
| Flagler | 526 | 503 | 374 | -41\% |
| Franklin | 8 | 2 | 6 | -33\% |
| Gadsden | 113 | 64 | 131 | 14\% |
| Glades | 15 | 27 | 20 | 25\% |
| Hamilton | 61 | 30 | 17 | -259\% |
| Hardee | 211 | 91 | 127 | -66\% |
| Hendry | 368 | 300 | 304 | -21\% |
| Highlands | 471 | 415 | 352 | -34\% |
| Lafayette | 20 | 14 | 11 | -82\% |
| Lake | 1,416 | 1,560 | 1,534 | 8\% |
| Levy | 48 | 62 | 30 | -60\% |
| Liberty | 26 | 55 | 40 | 35\% |
| Madison | 51 | 47 | 40 | -28\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 383 | N/A |
| Nassau | 534 | 609 | 358 | -49\% |
| Okeechobee | 123 | 132 | 134 | 8\% |
| Putnam | 253 | 287 | 240 | -5\% |
| St. Lucie | 2,098 | 1,930 | 1,362 | -54\% |
| Sumter | 78 | 96 | 86 | 9\% |
| Suwannee | 95 | 102 | 79 | -20\% |
| Taylor | 15 | 14 | 7 | -114\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 25 | N/A |
| Walton | 325 | 343 | 356 | 9\% |
| Washington | 31 | 12 | 12 | -158\% |
| FLP Districts | 8,452 | 8,415 | 7,832 | -10\% |
| Florida | 145,087 | 51,802 | 104,807 | -38\% |

## SAT School Day Test Takers

A large majority of schools in Florida offered an SAT School Day in 2021-2022. Twenty FLP districts showed increases in the number of students who took the SAT at their school.

| Table 6.4Three Year Comparison:Number of SAT School Day Test Takers by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Number of Test Takers 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 211 | 1821 | 1,879 | 89\% |
| Bradford | 172 | 187 | 207 | 17\% |
| Columbia | 578 | 472 | 78 | -641\% |
| Desoto | 384 | 303 | 417 | 8\% |
| Dixie | 110 | 158 | 106 | -4\% |
| Escambia | 2,469 | 1,981 | 695 | -255\% |
| Flagler | 1,050 | 843 | 1,173 | 10\% |
| Franklin | 34 | 60 | 38 | 11\% |
| Gadsden | 80 | 357 | 219 | 63\% |
| Glades ${ }^{1}$ | 74 | 55 | 26 | -185\% |
| Hamilton | 115 | 92 | 139 | 17\% |
| Hardee | 406 | 416 | 399 | -2\% |
| Hendry | 612 | 485 | 699 | 12\% |
| Highlands | 822 | 933 | 990 | 17\% |
| Lafayette | 51 | 67 | 75 | 32\% |
| Lake | 3,129 | 2,501 | 3,618 | 14\% |
| Levy | 271 | 242 | 309 | 12\% |
| Liberty | 65 | 61 | 56 | -16\% |
| Madison | 200 | 149 | 202 | 1\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 1,123 | N/A |
| Nassau | 814 | 805 | 1,233 | 34\% |
| Okeechobee | 430 | 427 | 455 | 5\% |
| Putnam | 763 | 768 | 733 | -4\% |
| St. Lucie | 3,367 | 2,752 | 3,889 | 13\% |
| Sumter | 339 | 413 | 382 | 11\% |
| Suwannee | 333 | 359 | 328 | -2\% |
| Taylor | 115 | 130 | 154 | 25\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 262 | N/A |
| Walton | 520 | 915 | 803 | 35\% |
| Washington | 167 | 204 | 212 | 21\% |
| FLP Districts | 17,681 | 17,956 | 21,030 | 19\% |
| Florida | 125,161 | 121,102 | 213,521 | 71\% |

Tables 6.5 through 6.8 show the top five FLP districts for "Percentage Change from 20192020 to 2021-2022."

| Table 6.5 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Top Five FLP Districts: Percentage Change in Number of PSAT 8/9 Test Takers |  |  |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 (tie) | Madison, Suwannee | $52 \%$ |
| 2 | Bay | $18 \%$ |
| 3 | Levy | $15 \%$ |
| 4 | Walton | $11 \%$ |
| FLP Districts | $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ |  |
| Florida |  |  |


| Table 6.6 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Top Five FLP Districts: Percentage Change in Number of PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers |  |  |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Lake | $64 \%$ |
| 2 (tie) | Walton, Hamilton | $17 \%$ |
| 3 | Washington | $9 \%$ |
| 4 | Hendry | $6 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{4 5 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{- 8 8 \%}$ |  |


| Table 6.7 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Top Five FLP Districts: Percentage Change in Number of SAT Saturday Test Takers |  |  |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Desoto | $58 \%$ |
| 2 | Dixie | $56 \%$ |
| 3 | Liberty | $35 \%$ |
| 4 | Glades | $25 \%$ |
| 5 | Gadsden | $14 \%$ |
| FLP Districts | $\mathbf{- 1 0 \%}$ |  |
| Florida |  |  |

Table 6.8

| Top Five FLP Districts: Percentage Change in Number of SAT School Day Test Takers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Bay | $89 \%$ |
| 2 | Gadsden | $63 \%$ |
| 3 | Walton | $35 \%$ |
| 4 | Nassau | $34 \%$ |
| 5 | Lafayette | $32 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{1 6 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{4 1 \%}$ |  |

## Section 7: SAT Suite of Assessments: Student Performance

FLP staff provide technical support to school district staff to ensure test scores from the Suite of Assessments can provide them with information to drive instruction and increase equity and access to advanced level courses. Data in this section provides three year comparisons of student performance on all three types of SAT Suite of Assessments and provides evidence linked to the following two evaluation questions.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?
- Q7: How did student test scores in FLP districts compare to statewide figures?

In this section of the report, comparisons will show the percentage of test takers who met both Evidence-based Reading and Writing (ERW) and Math benchmarks for both the PSAT 8/9 and the PSAT/NMSQT. Meeting both benchmarks demonstrates the student is on track for advanced level coursework and postsecondary enrollment.

As mentioned previously, students can choose to take the SAT exam on Saturday test dates and now all districts can offer SAT School Day allowing for the test to be taken during the school week. SAT Saturdays typically represent a majority of traditional SAT test taking students, while SAT School Days provides open access to all students. A comparison of the percentage of students who met both benchmarks for SAT Saturdays vs. SAT School Days is included in this section of the report.

## PSAT 8/9 Scores

Table 7.1 shows 9 FLP districts increased the percentage of test takers who met both (ERW) and Math benchmarks for the PSAT 8/9 over the past three years. The percentage decreases over the past three years may be due to learning losses during the pandemic. FLP districts showed a slightly lower percentage decrease ( $-7 \%$ ) compared to statewide at $-9 \%$.

| Table 7.1Three Year Comparison:Percentage of Students Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT 8/9 by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | $\begin{gathered} \text { Met Both } \\ \text { Benchmarks } \\ 2019-20 \end{gathered}$ | Met Both Benchmarks 2020-21 | Met Both Benchmarks 2021-22 | Percentage Change in Students Who Met Both Benchmarks |
| Bay | 28\% | 31\% | 29\% | 4\% |
| Bradford | 20\% | 16\% | 16\% | -20\% |
| Columbia | 30\% | 25\% | 27\% | -10\% |
| Desoto | 15\% | 13\% | 13\% | -13\% |
| Dixie | 18\% | 10\% | 17\% | -6\% |
| Escambia | 24\% | 24\% | 23\% | -4\% |
| Flagler | 33\% | 31\% | 29\% | -12\% |
| Franklin | 10\% | Not Administered | 0\% | N/A |
| Gadsden | 0\% | 24\% | 19\% | N/A |
| Glades | 19\% | Not Administered | 15\% | -21\% |
| Hamilton | 16\% | 12\% | 17\% | 6\% |
| Hardee | 25\% | 20\% | 25\% | 0\% |
| Hendry | 21\% | 19\% | 19\% | -10\% |
| Highlands | 25\% | 23\% | 23\% | -8\% |
| Lafayette | 22\% | 28\% | 33\% | 50\% |
| Lake | 30\% | Not Administered | 68\% | 127\% |
| Levy | 25\% | 20\% | 20\% | -20\% |
| Liberty | 27\% | 25\% | 26\% | -4\% |
| Madison | 18\% | 18\% | 22\% | 22\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 19\% | N/A |
| Nassau | 37\% | 36\% | 38\% | 3\% |
| Okeechobee | 22\% | 22\% | 25\% | 14\% |
| Putnam | 21\% | 22\% | 20\% | -5\% |
| St. Lucie | 27\% | 24\% | 22\% | -19\% |
| Sumter | 25\% | 19\% | 21\% | -16\% |
| Suwannee | 21\% | 20\% | 22\% | 5\% |
| Taylor | 34\% | 15\% | 25\% | -26\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 26\% | N/A |
| Walton | 47\% | Not Administered | 39\% | -17\% |
| Washington | 23\% | 21\% | 24\% | 4\% |
| FLP Districts | 27\% | 27\% | 25\% | -7\% |
| Florida | 33\% | 33\% | 30\% | -9\% |

## PSAT/NMSQT Scores

Fifteen FLP districts experienced increases in the percentage of test takers who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the PSAT/NMSQT over the past three years. Statewide the percentage of students who met both benchmarks decreased (-34\%). FLP districts remained the same at $19 \%$.

Table 7.2
Three Year Comparison:
Percentage of Student Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT/NMSQT by FLP District

| School District | Met Both Benchmarks 2019-2020 | Met Both Benchmarks 2020-2021 | Met Both Benchmarks 2021-2022 | Percentage Change in Students Who Met Both Benchmarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bay | 23\% | 27\% | 25\% | 9\% |
| Bradford | 8\% | 15\% | 14\% | 75\% |
| Columbia | 19\% | N/A | 22\% | 14\% |
| Desoto | 10\% | 15\% | 12\% | 25\% |
| Dixie | 12\% | 17\% | 9\% | -28\% |
| Escambia | 21\% | 24\% | 20\% | -6\% |
| Flagler | 25\% | 29\% | 22\% | -12\% |
| Franklin | 13\% | 9\% | 6\% | -55\% |
| Gadsden | 5\% | 6\% | 11\% | 107\% |
| Glades | 6\% | 10\% | 7\% | 14\% |
| Hamilton | 8\% | 8\% | 9\% | 16\% |
| Hardee | 13\% | 17\% | 13\% | 0\% |
| Hendry | 12\% | 13\% | 12\% | 0\% |
| Highlands | 22\% | 26\% | 17\% | -23\% |
| Lafayette | 22\% | 23\% | 10\% | -54\% |
| Lake | 20\% | 21\% | 17\% | -17\% |
| Levy | 11\% | 16\% | 16\% | 46\% |
| Liberty | 16\% | 13\% | 15\% | -9\% |
| Madison | 9\% | 12\% | 13\% | 48\% |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 22\% | N/A |
| Nassau | 25\% | 29\% | 27\% | 9\% |
| Okeechobee | 16\% | 17\% | 17\% | 7\% |
| Putnam | 11\% | 14\% | 13\% | 18\% |
| St. Lucie | 17\% | 22\% | 15\% | -13\% |
| Sumter | 19\% | 20\% | 20\% | 4\% |
| Suwannee | 21\% | 21\% | 18\% | -15\% |
| Taylor | 7\% | 13\% | 14\% | 110\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 17\% | N/A |
| Walton | 30\% | 34\% | 34\% | 14\% |
| Washington | 17\% | 15\% | 16\% | -8\% |
| FLP Districts | 19\% | 24\% | 19\% | 0\% |
| Florida | 29\% | 37\% | 19\% | -34\% |

Table 7.3 shows the percentage of test takers who met both ERW and Math benchmarks for the Saturday SAT compared to the School Day SAT in 2021-2022. FLP districts' overall percentage of students meeting both benchmarks on SAT School Day is half when compared to the percentage of students who take the SAT on the traditional Saturday dates. Interestingly though, FLP districts overall percentage (18\%) is higher than the statewide percentage (13\%) of SAT School Day test takers.

| Table 7.3 <br> Percentage of Students Who Met Both ERW and Math Benchmarks on SAT Saturdays vs. SAT School Day by FLP District in 2021-2022 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | SAT Saturdays | SAT School Day |
| Bay | 48\% | 23\% |
| Bradford | 33\% | 13\% |
| Columbia* | 50\% | -- |
| Desoto | 19\% | 11\% |
| Dixie | 12\% | 16\% |
| Escambia* | 50\% | -- |
| Flagler | 50\% | 20\% |
| Franklin | 50\% | 9\% |
| Gadsden | 9\% | 13\% |
| Glades* | 10\% | -- |
| Hamilton | 11\% | 1\% |
| Hardee | 24\% | 13\% |
| Hendry | 19\% | 10\% |
| Highlands | 34\% | 20\% |
| Lafayette | 54\% | 21\% |
| Lake | 37\% | 19\% |
| Levy | 53\% | 14\% |
| Liberty | 27\% | 20\% |
| Madison | 25\% | 16\% |
| Marion | 38\% | 23\% |
| Nassau | 50\% | 26\% |
| Okeechobee | 32\% | 18\% |
| Putnam | 21\% | 11\% |
| St. Lucie | 27\% | 13\% |
| Sumter | 37\% | 17\% |
| Suwannee | 51\% | 16\% |
| Taylor | 28\% | 20\% |
| Volusia | 20\% | 11\% |
| Walton | 54\% | 31\% |
| Washington | 25\% | 11\% |
| FLP Districts | 39\% | 18\% |
| Florida | 38\% | 13\% |

* These FLP districts did not administer an SAT School Day.


## Top Five FLP Districts

Table 7.4 lists the top five districts for percentage change in students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the PSAT 8/9 in 2019-2020 compared to 2021-2022.

| Table 7.4 <br> Top Five FLP Districts |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Students Meeting Both ERW and Math Benchmarks for PSAT 8/9 |  |  |

Table 7.5 lists the top five districts for percentage change in students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the PSAT/NMSQT in 2019-2020 compared to 2021-2022.

| Table 7.5 <br> Top Five FLP Districts <br> Percentage of Students Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT/NMSQT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Taylor | $110 \%$ |
| 2 | Gadsden | $107 \%$ |
| 3 | Bradford | $75 \%$ |
| 4 | Madison | $48 \%$ |
| 5 | Levy | $46 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ |
| Florida |  | $\mathbf{- 3 4 \%}$ |

Table 7.6 displays the top five districts in percentage of students who met both benchmarks on SAT School Day.

| Table 7.6 <br> Top Five FLP Districts <br> Percentage of Students Who Met Both Benchmarks on SAT School Day |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Walton | $31 \%$ |
| 2 | Nassau | $26 \%$ |
| 3 (tie) | Bay \& Marion | $23 \%$ |
| 4 | Lafayette | $21 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{1 8 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{1 3 \%}$ |  |

## Section 8: College Board AP Exam Participation

This section of the report compares the number of students who took an AP exam over the past three years as indicators of students who are planning for postsecondary enrollment in college. Ten FLP districts experienced an increase in the number of students who took an AP exam over the past three years, as dis FLP districts overall saw a $1 \%$ increase, while statewide the number decreased by $13 \%$ demonstrating the uncertainty many Class of 2020 students had about going to college.

| Table 8.1 <br> Three Year Comparison <br> Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam and Percentage Change by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 1,681 | 1,669 | 1,594 | -5\% |
| Bradford | 92 | 59 | 33 | -64\% |
| Columbia | 308 | 399 | 427 | 39\% |
| Desoto | 150 | 125 | 74 | -51\% |
| Dixie | 73 | 82 | 116 | 59\% |
| Escambia | 1,789 | 1,700 | 1,576 | -12\% |
| Flagler | 662 | 614 | 526 | -21\% |
| Franklin | 2 | 1 | 0 | -100\% |
| Gadsden | 48 | 106 | 53 | 10\% |
| Glades | 12 | 16 | 25 | 108\% |
| Hamilton | 27 | 52 | 49 | 81\% |
| Hardee | 130 | 109 | 62 | -52\% |
| Hendry | 394 | 348 | 266 | -32\% |
| Highlands | 683 | 590 | 627 | -8\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Lake | 3,345 | 2,929 | 3,204 | -4\% |
| Levy | 164 | 150 | 138 | -16\% |
| Liberty | 1 | 4 | 10 | 900\% |
| Madison | 0 | 1 | 0 | N/A |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 622 | N/A |
| Nassau | 725 | 563 | 658 | -9\% |
| Okeechobee | 159 | 161 | 188 | 18\% |
| Putnam | 235 | 291 | 626 | 166\% |
| St. Lucie | 722 | 940 | 812 | 12\% |
| Sumter | 687 | 592 | 349 | -49\% |
| Suwannee | 170 | 134 | 121 | -29\% |
| Taylor | 54 | 54 | 30 | -44\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 97 | N/A |
| Walton | 706 | 773 | 884 | 25\% |
| Washington | 22 | 4 | 22 | 0\% |
| FLP Districts | 13,041 | 12,466 | 13,189 | 1\% |
| Florida | 207,246 | 177,480 | 179,488 | -13\% |

Nine FLP districts had an increase in the number of minority students who took an AP exam when comparing the baseline year to the current year. While the overall FLP district decreased by $-7 \%$, this is a smaller decrease than statewide at $-28 \%$.

| Table 8.2 Three Year Comparison <br> Number of Minority Students Who Took an AP Exam and Percentage Change by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 469 | 294 | 348 | -26\% |
| Bradford | 22 | 12 | 5 | -77\% |
| Columbia | 77 | 71 | 117 | 51\% |
| Desoto | 105 | 70 | 46 | -56\% |
| Dixie | 12 | 14 | 21 | 75\% |
| Escambia | 710 | 478 | 473 | -33\% |
| Flagler | 236 | 181 | 165 | -30\% |
| Franklin | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Gadsden | 45 | 93 | 46 | 2\% |
| Glades | 8 | 8 | 24 | 200\% |
| Hamilton | 9 | 18 | 21 | 133\% |
| Hardee | 94 | 79 | 47 | -50\% |
| Hendry | 311 | 269 | 202 | -35\% |
| Highlands | 348 | 251 | 338 | -2\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Lake | 1,609 | 1149 | 1,399 | -13\% |
| Levy | 41 | 34 | 28 | -32\% |
| Liberty | 1 | 0 | 2 | 100\% |
| Madison | 0 | 1 | 0 | N/A |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 325 | N/A |
| Nassau | 139 | 85 | 93 | -33\% |
| Okeechobee | 87 | 59 | 71 | -18\% |
| Putnam | 65 | 97 | 248 | 281\% |
| St. Lucie | 431 | 543 | 421 | -2\% |
| Sumter | 234 | 159 | 121 | -48\% |
| Suwannee | 53 | 42 | 31 | -41\% |
| Taylor | 13 | 18 | 10 | -23\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 67 | N/A |
| Walton | 169 | 154 | 219 | 29\% |
| Washington | 6 | 0 | 8 | 33\% |
| FLP Districts | 5,294 | 4,179 | 4,896 | -7\% |
| Florida | 116,595 | 84,127 | 83,490 | -28\% |

## Top Five FLP Districts

FLP districts with the highest percentage change from baseline to the current year are displayed in Table 8.3 and 8.4.

Liberty County had a 900\% increase with 1 student who took an exam in 2020 to 10 students in 2022. Putnam County had the largest number of students ( $n=626$ ) take an exam in 2022 compared to 235 students in 2020.

| Table 8.3 <br> Top Five FLP Districts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage Change for Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam |  |  |  |

Putnam County also had the largest increase in the number of minority students ( $\mathrm{n}=248$ ) take an exam in 2022 compared to 2020 ( $\mathrm{n}=65$ ). The top five FLP districts listed in Table 8.4 show a total of 224 more minority students took an AP exam in 2022 compared to the baseline year of 2020 .

| Table 8.4Top FiveFLP DistrictsPercentage Change for Number of Minority Students Who Took an AP Exam |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Increase in Number of Students | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Putnam | 183 | 281\% |
| 2 | Glades | 16 | 200\% |
| 3 | Hamilton | 12 | 133\% |
| 4 | Liberty | 1 | 100\% |
| 5 | Dixie | 12 | 75\% |
| Total |  | 224 |  |

## Section 9: AP Exam Performance

Scores on AP exams of three or higher were examined as an additional measure of college readiness for the total student population and for minority students. Data in Table 9.1 shows the number of AP exams that received a score of a 3,4 , or 5 over the past three years. While almost all FLP districts had decreases in 3+ scores, 3 FLP districts had an increase and the FLP overall decrease ( $-37 \%$ ) was less than the statewide decrease (56\%).

| Table 9.1 <br> Three Year Comparison <br> Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores and Percentage Change by FLP Districts |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 1,497 | 1,246 | 889 | -41\% |
| Bradford | 30 | 23 | 25 | -17\% |
| Columbia | 209 | 235 | 174 | -17\% |
| Desoto | 62 | 56 | 35 | -44\% |
| Dixie | 44 | 29 | 21 | -52\% |
| Escambia | 1,492 | 1,097 | 835 | -44\% |
| Flagler | 503 | 428 | 268 | -47\% |
| Franklin | 3 | 1 | 0 | -100\% |
| Gadsden | 12 | 3 | 3 | -75\% |
| Glades | 6 | 4 | 2 | -67\% |
| Hamilton | 9 | 12 | 7 | -22\% |
| Hardee | 86 | 65 | 31 | -64\% |
| Hendry | 222 | 162 | 102 | -54\% |
| Highlands | 393 | 248 | 235 | -40\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Lake | 2,437 | 1,557 | 1,288 | -47\% |
| Levy | 52 | 52 | 72 | 38\% |
| Liberty | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0\% |
| Madison | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 340 | N/A |
| Nassau | 626 | 527 | 388 | -38\% |
| Okeechobee | 140 | 132 | 94 | -33\% |
| Putnam | 46 | 36 | 91 | 98\% |
| St. Lucie | 343 | 342 | 279 | -19\% |
| Sumter | 454 | 417 | 118 | -74\% |
| Suwannee | 137 | 104 | 52 | -62\% |
| Taylor | 21 | 11 | 15 | -29\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 40 | N/A |
| Walton | 575 | 558 | 505 | -12\% |
| Washington | 5 | 0 | 6 | 20\% |
| FLP Districts | 9,405 | 7,346 | 5,916 | -37\% |
| Florida | 233,999 | 155,198 | 102,256 | -56\% |

Data in Table 9.2 shows decreases in the number of AP exams taken by students who identified as minority with a score of a 3 or higher over the past three years. Overall, FLP districts had a decrease of ( $-45 \%$ ) in exams taken by minority students with scores of 3+ over the past three years, which was lower than the percentage change statewide ( $-80 \%$ ).

| Table 9.2Three Year ComparisonNumber of AP Exams with 3+ Scores Taken by Minority Students andPercentage Change by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | 2021-2022 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 416 | 185 | 174 | -58\% |
| Bradford | 6 | 2 | 4 | -33\% |
| Columbia | 48 | 34 | 36 | -25\% |
| Desoto | 38 | 28 | 18 | -52\% |
| Dixie | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0\% |
| Escambia | 538 | 222 | 199 | -63\% |
| Flagler | 171 | 111 | 72 | -58\% |
| Franklin | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Gadsden | 11 | 3 | 2 | -82\% |
| Glades | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0\% |
| Hamilton | 2 | 2 | 2 | 0\% |
| Hardee | 67 | 53 | 26 | -61\% |
| Hendry | 175 | 131 | 81 | -53\% |
| Highlands | 203 | 84 | 111 | -45\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Lake | 1126 | 520 | 494 | -56\% |
| Levy | 15 | 11 | 15 | 0\% |
| Liberty | 1 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Madison | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| Marion | Not FLP | Not FLP | 162 | N/A |
| Nassau | 115 | 78 | 57 | -50\% |
| Okeechobee | 80 | 47 | 38 | -52\% |
| Putnam | 17 | 11 | 23 | 35\% |
| St. Lucie | 188 | 179 | 133 | -29\% |
| Sumter | 142 | 83 | 30 | -79\% |
| Suwannee | 47 | 29 | 12 | -74\% |
| Taylor | 4 | 1 | 4 | 0\% |
| Volusia | Not FLP | Not FLP | 32 | N/A |
| Walton | 112 | 100 | 115 | 3\% |
| Washington | 3 | 0 | 3 | 0\% |
| FLP Districts | 3,534 | 1,920 | 1,949 | -45\% |
| Florida | 127,313 | 62,406 | 66,116 | -80\% |

Three FLP districts had an increase of students scoring 3+ on AP exams over the past three years, most likely due to learning losses related to the pandemic. The three FLP districts with gains are listed in Table 9.3.

| Table 9.3 <br> Top Three FLP Districts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rercentage Change in the Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores |  |  |  |

Two FLP districts had increases in the number of AP exams with 3+ scores taken by minority students as shown in Table 9.4

| Table 9.4 <br> Top Three Districts |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage Change in the Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores |  |  |  |
| Taken by Minority Students |  |  |  |

## Section 10: FLP AVID Schools

The AVID program was funded by Florida Partnership in 33 schools in 11 FLP districts during the 2021-2022 grant period. These schools provided an AVID elective course for students in grades 6-12, with each school providing the course to grade levels of their choosing. Data collected from the middle and high schools' General Reports, submitted to AVID Center, are summarized in this section of the report, along with results from an online survey of AVID Elective Teachers. Data from 25 AVID School General Reports presented in this section includes:

- An overview of AVID student enrollment, including number of minority students and percentage of total student population enrolled in an AVID elective course.
- Number of Students Enrolled in an AVID Elective Course by Grade Level
- AVID Elective Middle School Student Outcomes (7 indicators)
- AVID Elective High School Senior Outcomes (4 indicators)

Typically, students enrolled in AVID elective courses are mid-level performing students, minority students, and first generation college going students. For these reasons, the data presented in this section of the report provides evidence for the following two evaluation questions.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?
- Q4: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing enrollment of minority and underrepresented students in advanced level courses?

Data in Table 10.1 lists the number of AVID students enrolled in an AVID Elective Course and more than half (51\%) are minority students. While the percentage of students enrolled in AVID compared to the total student population varies from $4 \%$ to $26 \%$ of students, FLP districts overall show $12 \%$ of students attending schools with an AVID program are enrolled in the Elective course.

| Table 10.1 <br> Overview of AVID Elective Course by District |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | School Names | \# of Students In School | \# of AVID <br> Elective <br> Students | \# of Minority AVID Students | $\%$ of Students Enrolled in AVID |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 736 | 121 | 21 | 16\% |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 851 | 186 | 141 | 22\% |
|  | Avon Park MS | 666 | 146 | 111 | 22\% |
|  | Hill-Gustat MS | 696 | 135 | 86 | 19\% |
|  | Lake Placid HS | 819 | 202 | 125 | 25\% |
|  | Lake Placid MS | 672 | 176 | 106 | 26\% |
|  | Sebring MS | 812 | 64 | 27 | 8\% |
|  | Sebring HS | 1,608 | 148 | 90 | 9\% |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 559 | 41 | 19 | 7\% |
|  | Cedar Key (K-12) | 119 | 16 | 1 | 13\% |
|  | Chiefland MS/HS | 803 | 148 | 37 | 18\% |
|  | Williston MS/HS | 1,064 | 139 | 52 | 13\% |
| Marion | Dunnellon MS | 640 | 66 | 26 | 10\% |
|  | Ft. McCoy (K-8) | 434 | 51 | 3 | 11\% |
|  | Liberty MS | 1,322 | 145 | 88 | 11\% |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 1,041 | 50 | 10 | 4\% |
|  | Yulee HS | 1,325 | 60 | 8 | 4\% |
|  | Crescent City MS/HS | 961 | 288 | 189 | 30\% |
|  | Interlachen HS* | 1,063 | 120 | 53 | 11\% |
|  | Palatka HS | 1,646 | 313 | 199 | 19\% |
|  | Q I Roberts JR/SR | 461 | 82 | 28 | 18\% |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 603 | 19 | 13 | 3\% |
|  | Roulhac MS | 463 | 63 | 23 | 14\% |
|  | Vernon MS | 242 | 52 | 10 | 22\% |
|  | Vernon HS | 376 | 11 | 4 | 3\% |
| Totals |  | 19,982 | 2,842 | 1,451 | 14\% |

There are 1,519 middle school students enrolled and 1,346 high school students are enrolled in an AVID elective course as shown in Table 10.2 Seventh grade students account for the largest number of students enrolled when compared to other grade levels.

| Table 10.2 <br> Number of Students Enrolled in AVID Elective Course by Grade Level in FLP Funded Schools |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Names | $6^{\text {th }}$ | 7th | $8^{\text {th }}$ | 9th | $\mathbf{1 0}^{\text {th }}$ | $11^{\text {th }}$ | $12^{\text {th }}$ |
| Avon Park MS | 48 | 46 | 52 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Avon Park HS | -- | -- | -- | 50 | 60 | 41 | 35 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 9 | 6 | 6 |
| Chipley HS | -- | -- | -- | 4 | 9 | 1 | 5 |
| Cedar Key K-12 School | 7 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Chiefland MS/HS | 23 | 23 | 22 | 23 | 27 | 16 | 14 |
| Crescent City Jr/Sr | 0 | 108 | 46 | 37 | 66 | 20 | 11 |
| Dixie County HS | -- | -- | -- | 42 | 25 | 29 | 25 |
| Dunnellon MS | 19 | 23 | 24 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Ft. McCoy (K-8) | 19 | 15 | 17 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hill-Gustat MS | 40 | 46 | 49 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Interlachen HS | -- | -- | -- | 23 | 30 | 8 | 14 |
| Lake Placid MS | 57 | 58 | 61 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake Placid HS | -- | -- | -- | 61 | 45 | 57 | 39 |
| Liberty MS | 70 | 39 | 36 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Palatka HS | -- | -- | -- | 61 | 49 | 31 | 13 |
| Roulhac MS | 23 | 17 | 23 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Sebring HS | -- | -- | -- | 49 | 44 | 20 | 35 |
| Sebring MS | 20 | 21 | 23 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Vernon MS | 19 | 16 | 17 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Vernon HS | -- | -- | -- | 1 | 1 | 2 | 7 |
| West Nassau HS | -- | -- | -- | 11 | 22 | 11 | 6 |
| Williston MS/HS | 22 | 38 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 13 | 4 |
| Yulee HS | -- | -- | -- | 18 | 15 | 15 | 12 |
| Q I Roberts | 0 | 82 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total by Grade Level | 367 | 535 | 390 | 423 | 424 | 272 | 227 |

The AVID Elective Course is designed for students to continuously enroll as it builds each year in preparing students for postsecondary education and 385 middle school students were enrolled in their second year of AVID. The data in Table 10.3 shows over 300 AVID students are preparing for postsecondary education by enrolling in Honors courses and/or Algebra I while they are still in middle school.

| Table 10.3 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AVID Elective Middle School Student Outcomes |  |  |  |
| Middle Schools | \# of Students <br> Enrolled in <br> $\mathbf{2 n}^{\text {nd }}$Year of <br> AVID <br> 2021-2022 | \# of Students <br> Enrolled in <br> Honors, Pre- <br> AP or High <br> School Course <br> 2021-2022 | \# of Students <br> Enrolled in <br> Algebra I or <br> Higher Course |
| Avon Park MS |  |  |  |
| Bronson MS/HS | 62 | 29 | 0 |
| Cedar Key K-12 School | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| Chiefland MS/HS | 3 | 0 | 0 |
| Crescent City JR/SR | 39 | 3 | 0 |
| Dunnellon MS | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Ft. McCoy MS | 25 | 19 | 0 |
| Hill Gustat MS | 29 | 17 | 17 |
| Lake Placid MS | 45 | 7 | 12 |
| Liberty MS | 31 | 23 | 34 |
| Roulhac MS | 75 | 0 | 46 |
| Sebring MS | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Vernon MS | 18 | 10 | 14 |
| Williston MS/HS | 15 | 0 | 15 |
| Q I Roberts JR/SR | 26 | 14 | 0 |
|  | 0 | 0 | 14 |
| Total Students | $\mathbf{3 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 2}$ | 63 |

Eighth grade AVID student outcomes show many are on a path of becoming college and career ready as demonstrated by the data presented in Table 10.4

| Table 10.4 $8^{\text {th }}$ Grade AVID Student Outcomes |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle Schools | Completed Algebra I with a grade of C or better | Completed an Honors, Pre-AP or High School Course with a grade of $C$ or better | Recommended for College Prep Courses in HS | Took the PSAT, ACT Explore or PSSS |
| Avon Park MS | 16 | 25 | 0 | 40 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cedar Key (K-12) | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Chiefland MS/HS | 9 | 2 | 5 | 14 |
| Crescent City JR/SR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dunnellon MS | 10 | 17 | 17 | 0 |
| Ft. McCoy MS | 13 | 17 | 17 | 0 |
| Hill Gustat MS | 19 | 2 | 46 | 46 |
| Lake Placid MS | 46 | 12 | 42 | 41 |
| Liberty MS | 29 | 37 | 45 | 49 |
| Roulhac MS | 11 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Sebring MS | 16 | 10 | 16 | 23 |
| Vernon MS | 54 | 54 | 54 | 9 |
| Williston MS/HS | 6 | 10 | 16 | 16 |
| Q I Roberts JR/SR | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Students | 229 | 192 | 264 | 267 |

Over 300 AVID Elective high school students appear to be on a college ready pathway by having completed at least one AP, IB, AICE or DE course as shown in Table 10.5.

| Table 10.5 <br> AVID Elective High School Student Outcomes |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of AVID Students |  |  |  |
| High Schools | Enrolled in AVID for $3^{\text {rd }}$ Year | Completed at Least One AP, AICE or IB course | Enrolled in College Level Course (DE) | Number of Students Who Took Exam and Passed with College Credit Score* |
| Avon Park HS | 127 | 102 | 22 | 24 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 11 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Cedar Key (K-12) | 1 | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| Chiefland MS/HS | 0 | 3 | 9 | 0 |
| Chipley HS | 8 | ** | 2 | ** |
| Crescent City Jr/Sr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Dixie Co. HS | 42 | 56 | 77 | 16 |
| Interlachen HS | 10 | 28 | 3 | 28 |
| Lake Placid HS | 122 | 95 | 13 | 16 |
| Palatka HS | 25 | 12 | 5 | 1 |
| Sebring HS | 90 | 40 | 18 | 34 |
| Vernon HS | 10 | 6 | 7 | 3 |
| West Nassau HS | 17 | 17 | 7 | 12 |
| Williston MS/HS | 47 | ** | 14 | ** |
| Yulee HS | 27 | 5 | 23 | 5 |
| Q I Roberts Jr/Sr | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Students | 537 | 368 | 207 | 139 |

*Exams include AP, IB, and AICE
** Missing Data

## AVID Teacher Survey 2022

In May 2022, a survey link was sent to FLP school district contacts for the purpose of distributing the link to AVID elective teachers in their district. Twenty-two responses were received from AVID teachers in ten FLP school districts. A summary of survey results representing 2,333 AVID elective course students is presented below.

- The range of responses showed 50-90\% of AVID students are $1^{\text {st }}$ generation college going students.
- The range of responses showed $2-80 \%$ of AVID students enrolled in an AP course this year

In an effort to understand how student enrollment in AVID elective courses occurs in schools, respondents were asked to describe the cohort of enrolled AVID students in their school.

- 13 have the same cohort and add new students each year.
- 4 Not the same cohort. New students enrolled each year.
- 1 has the same cohort each year.

Other responses include:

- "Students reapply for AVID and can be accepted or denied, based on applications, interviews, academic data, and teacher recommendations."
- "For the most part, some new enroll and some depart"
- "Last year we kept the cohort, this year we are keeping cohort and adding new students."

AVID strategies used in the elective course are often shared with other teachers.

- $63 \%$ teachers reported AVID strategies are used in some classrooms.
- $27 \%$ of teachers reported AVID strategies are used in most classrooms.
- $9 \%$ of teachers reported AVID strategies are required schoolwide.

Survey respondents were asked which AVID strategies were used in other classrooms. Table 10.6 shows high percentages for four AVID strategies that impact students who are not enrolled in AVID Elective courses and provide them with study skills.

| Table 10.6 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AVID Strategies Used in Other Classrooms |  |  |
| Strategies | Response Percentage |  |
| Cornell notes | $86 \%$ |  |
| WICOR methodologies | $86 \%$ |  |
| Binders | $59 \%$ |  |
| Socratic seminars | $36 \%$ |  |
| Collaboration | $9 \%$ |  |
| Tutorials | $5 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |

Since AVID strategies are typically used in classrooms beyond the AVID Elective classroom, more than the 2,333 AVID students are benefitting from having an AVID Elective course at their school.

## Section 11: Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators

Beginning two years ago, the Florida Department of Education provided a list of twelve indicators for the Florida Partnership to measure the impact of FLP on minority and underserved students. The minorities include students who identify as Black, Hispanic, or Two or More Races and underserved students are represented by Free and Reduced Lunch status. Exhibit F displays the twelve indicators and the type of data collected to measure the indicator. Data was collected from the College Board database for the SAT Suite of Assessments and the AP exam database. In June a request was sent to all FLP district contacts to provide data regarding course enrollment and course grades for minority and underserved students.

| Exhibit F <br> Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indicators |  | Measure |
| HS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level (AP) mathematics courses. | Completed two AP mathematics courses |
| HS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete advanced level (AP) coursework in four subject areas | Completed four AP courses |
| HS3 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | Completed AP Computer Science course |
| HS4 | Percent of minority and underserved $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students who are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS5 | Percent of minority and underserved $12^{\text {th }}$ grade students considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS6 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed AP courses. | Took an AP exam |
| HS7 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of "A" or "B" | AP course grades of "A" or "B" |
| HS8 | Percent of minority and underserved students of educators who participated in an FLP training and who pass AP exam | AP Exam scores of 3+ for students who's AP educator participated in AP Symposium |
| HS9 | Percent of minority and underserved students who pass AP exam in low performing high schools | AP exam scores of 3+ |
| MS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | Algebra 1 grades of " C " or better |
| MS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | Grades of 'C' or better in high school level course |
| PS1 | Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership | ```Parent and Student survey results Professional Development survey results``` |
|  |  |  |

Data presented in Table 11.1 indicates the percentages of minority and underserved students in FLP districts who were enrolled in advanced level courses during the 20202021 school year.

| Table 11.1FDOE Indicators: Percent of Minority and Underserved StudentsWho Completed Advanced Level Coursework |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Work Indicators | Percent of Black Students | Percent of Hispanic Students | Percent of Two or More Races Students | Percent of FRL <br> Students |
| HS1 - Percent of students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level math courses | 6\% | 11\% | 4\% | 30\% |
| HS2 - Percent of students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete AP Courses in four subject areas | 9\% | 18\% | 5\% | 25\% |
| HS3 - Percent of students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | 11\% | 21\% | 5\% | 36\% |
| HS6 - Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed an AP course | 8\% | 19\% | 4\% | 38\% |
| HS7 - Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of " A " or "B" | 12\% | 19\% | 5\% | 33\% |
| MS1 - Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | 13\% | 22\% | 5\% | 44\% |
| MS2 - Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | 14\% | 19\% | 5\% | 41\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |

The data in Table 11.2 shows percentages of minority and underserved students in FLP districts who took the SAT and/or an AP exam during the 2020-2021 school year and are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework as demonstrated by meeting SAT benchmarks.

Table 11.2
High School Indicators: Percent of Minority and Underserved Students Considered On Track for Postsecondary Level Coursework

| SAT and AP Exam Indicators | Percent <br> of Black <br> Students | Percent of <br> Hispanic <br> Students | Percent of <br> Two or <br> More Races <br> Students | Percent <br> of FRL <br> Students |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS4 - Percent of 11th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met the <br> SAT ERW Benchmark | $13 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $4 \%$ |
| HS4 - Percent of 11th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met the <br> SAT Math Benchmark | $11 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| HS4 - Percent of 11th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met <br> Both the SAT Benchmarks | $7 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| HS5 - Percent of 12th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met the <br> SAT ERW Benchmark | $18 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| HS5 - Percent of 12th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met the <br> SAT Math Benchmark | $11 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| HS5 - Percent of 12th Grade <br> Minority Students Who Met <br> Both the SAT Benchmarks | $8 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| HS8 - Percent of minority and <br> underserved students of <br> educators who participated in <br> an FLP training and who pass <br> an AP exam | $5 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $20 \%$ |
| HS9 - Percent of minority and <br> underserved students who pass <br> an AP exam with a score of 3 or <br> higher in low performing high <br> schools | $6 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $34 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## Section 11: Conclusion and Recommendations

Evaluation findings revealed a significant amount of evidence showing the FLP is meeting its mission by implementing three key elements: professional development, technical support, and resources for FLP districts.

In conclusion, the evaluation findings are as follows:

- Data collected from participants who attended professional development events showed high levels of satisfaction and appreciation for being able to attend the events, with the major benefit across all events being "networking and collaboration with colleagues in other school districts and with others in their own school district."
- For all PD events and for all topics discussed during the events, participants reported gaining new knowledge and skills to take back to their work environment, which will benefit the intended, targeted, students.
- District and school administrators are implementing strategies learned at professional development events. Many participants mentioned they better understand how to use College Board resources to expand equity and access for all students.
- The number of CARES/PREP grantees increased over last year and this expanded the reach of the FLP by providing additional tutoring and educational opportunities for minorities and underrepresented students.
- Parents and students reported knowledge gains on all topics discussed during the five parent webinars that took place during this grant period.
- The number of students taking the PSAT 8/9 and PSAT/NMQST, in FLP districts continues to increase, while statewide the number of test takers decreased for both tests.
- SAT Saturday test takers decreased slightly in FLP districts (-10\%), lower than the statewide decrease (-38\%).
- The percentage of students who took the PSAT 8/9 in FLP districts and met both ERW and Math benchmarks (25\%) was close to the statewide percentage (30\%).
- While FLP districts and the statewide percentage of students who met both benchmarks for the PSAT/NMSQT were the same (19\%), the percentage change statewide was a decrease(-34\%) and FLP districts remained the same as the percentage three years ago at 19\%.
- The percentage of students who met both benchmarks for SAT Saturdays for FLP districts was $1 \%$ higher at $39 \%$ when compared to the statewide percentage at $38 \%$ and for SAT School Days the FLP percentage was $5 \%$ higher at $18 \%$ compared to the statewide percentage at $13 \%$
- FLP districts are making progress towards enrolling more students in AP courses, up by 148 students this year, while the statewide figure decreased ( $-13 \%$ ) over the past three years.
- While FLP districts showed a decrease (-7\%) in the number of minority students who took an AP exam, the statewide decrease (-28\%) was higher.
- FLP districts experienced a decrease of $-37 \%$ in the number of AP exam test takers who scored a 3 or higher, compared to a larger decrease (-56\%) statewide, most likely demonstrating learning losses from the pandemic school closures. Likewise the decrease for minority students scoring $3+$ in FLP districts was $-45 \%$ vs. the statewide decrease of -80\%.


## Recommendations

Recommendation 1: Review survey results presented in progress reports throughout the year and this annual report for planning purposes.

Recommendation 2: Increase discussion with CARES/PREP programs administrators for ways to help increase the number of students who register for Student Search Service and BigFuture ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Scholarships and inform parents of College Board resources.

New Directions, New Ideas, LLC would like to thank the staff from the FLP, the AVID Center, and Community Outreach Grantees for their assistance with the evaluation process and the opportunity to evaluate services provided to school districts.

| Appendix A <br> PSAT 8/9 Test Takers and Scores by Middle School |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT 8/9 Number of Test Takers | PSAT 8/9 <br> Number who met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Abraham Lincoln MS | 218 | 99 |
| Alachua | Howard W Bishop MS | 190 | 66 |
| Bay | Jinks MS | 134 | 16 |
| Bay | Merritt Brown MS | 184 | 28 |
| Bay | Mowat MS | 228 | 49 |
| Bay | North Bay Haven MS | 161 | 65 |
| Bay | Rutherford MS | -- | -- |
| Bay | Rosenwald MS | -- | -- |
| Bay | Surfside MS | 230 | 61 |
| Bradford | Bradford MS | 189 | 24 |
| Columbia | Lake City MS | 418 | 96 |
| Desoto | Desoto MS | 273 | 37 |
| Dixie | Ruth Rains MS | -- | -- |
| Hardee | Hardee Junior HS | -- | -- |
| Hendry | Clewiston MS | 190 | 30 |
| Hendry | LaBelle MS | 272 | 41 |
| Highlands | Avon Park MS | 180 | 24 |
| Highlands | Hill-Gustat MS | 190 | 59 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid MS | 232 | 48 |
| Highlands | Sebring MS | -- | -- |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 136 | 30 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 319 | 63 |
| Liberty | Liberty Co. MS | -- | -- |
| Liberty | W R Tolar ES/MS | 34 | 7 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 217 | 82 |
| Okeechobee | Osceola MS | 186 | 39 |
| Okeechobee | Yearling MS | 195 | 41 |
| Putnam | C H Price MS | -- | -- |
| Putnam | Crescent City MS/HS | 331 | 57 |
| Putnam | Miller Intermediate School | -- | -- |
| Putnam | Robert H Jenkins MS | -- | -- |
| St. Lucie | Allapattah Flats K-8 School | 158 | 25 |
| St. Lucie | Creative Arts Academy | 84 | 17 |
| St. Lucie | Dan McCarty MS | 230 | 13 |
| St. Lucie | Forest Grove MS | 245 | 41 |
| St. Lucie | Manatee Academy ES/MS | 232 | 60 |
| St. Lucie | Northport ES/MS | 190 | 34 |


| St. Lucie | Oak Hammock ES/MS | 241 | 36 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| St. Lucie | Palm Pointe Education <br> Research School | 156 | 53 |
| St. Lucie | Samuel S. Gaines Academy | 103 | 22 |
| St. Lucie | Southern Oaks MS | 293 | 73 |
| St. Lucie | Southport MS | 203 | 36 |
| St. Lucie | West Gate ES/MS | 216 | 49 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West K-8 School | 161 | 48 |
| Sumter | South Sumter MS | 231 | 56 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee MS | 238 | 35 |
| Volusia | Burns Science and Tech MS | 21 | 13 |
| Volusia | Campbell MS | 198 | 27 |
| Volusia | Creekside MS | 355 | 148 |
| Volusia | David Hinson MS | 241 | 78 |
| Volusia | Deland MS | 265 | 58 |
| Volusia | Deltona MS | 324 | 59 |
| Volusia | Galaxy MS | 260 | 54 |
| Volusia | Heritage MS | 276 | 57 |
| Volusia | Holly Hill School | 85 | 12 |
| Volusia | Ivy Hawn Charter School | 111 | 47 |
| Volusia | New Smyrna Beach MS | 295 | 66 |
| Volusia | Ormond Beach MS | 278 | 126 |
| Volusia | River Springs MS | 371 | 81 |
| Volusia | Silver Sands MS | 339 | 128 |
| Volusia | Southwestern MS | 211 | 35 |
| Volusia | TD Taylor MS/HS | 261 | 44 |
| Washington | Roulhac MS | 144 | 37 |
| Washington | Vernon MS | 80 | 15 |
| Univ. of FL | PK Yonge K-12 | 129 | 69 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Appendix B PSAT 8/9 Test Takers and Scores by High School |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT 8/9 Number of Test Takers | PSAT 8/9 <br> Number who met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 270 | 94 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 460 | 158 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 257 | 51 |
| Bay | Breakfast Point Academy | 122 | 44 |
| Bay | Deane Bozeman School | 310 | 82 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 353 | 136 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 57 | 1 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 321 | 38 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 178 | 37 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 118 | 53 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 415 | 123 |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | 266 | 57 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 296 | 42 |
| Desoto | Desoto Secondary School | 273 | 37 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 290 | 52 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 493 | 104 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 423 | 59 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 515 | 123 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 119 | 31 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 355 | 93 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 428 | 45 |
| Escambia | Success Academy | 15 | -- |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Adv. Tech. | 349 | 167 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 589 | 155 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 420 | 142 |
| Franklin | Franklin County HS | -- | -- |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 199 | -- |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 131 | 14 |
| Glades | West Glades School | 62 | 16 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 231 | 41 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 367 | 92 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 183 | 40 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 338 | 76 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 216 | 40 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 221 | 42 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 408 | 126 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 151 | 50 |

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| Lake | East Ridge HS | -- | -- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lake | Eustis HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | South Lake HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | Tavares HS | -- | -- |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | -- | -- |
| Levy | Bronson HS | 136 | 30 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 220 | 45 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 319 | 63 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 69 | 19 |
| Madison | Madison County HS | 96 | 18 |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 254 | 55 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 590 | 158 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 236 | 114 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 217 | 82 |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 234 | 89 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 348 | 101 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 415 | 119 |
| Putnam | Crescent City JHS/HS | 331 | 57 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 271 | 35 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 501 | 70 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 168 | 102 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 594 | 161 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 460 | 62 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 450 | 162 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy | 20 | 12 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 321 | 47 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 578 | 128 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 548 | 159 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 255 | 70 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 230 | 30 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 206 | 59 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee Senior HS | 295 | 71 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 155 | 39 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 142 | 46 |
| Walton | Paxton MS/HS School | 100 | 30 |
| Walton | South Walton HS | 322 | 146 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 194 | 54 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 136 | 39 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 82 | 17 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge School | -- | -- |
|  |  |  |  |


| Appendix C PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers and Scores by School |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT/NMSQT <br> Number of Test Takers | PSAT/NMSQT Number who met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 86 | 24 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 448 | 83 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 196 | 18 |
| Bay | Deane Bozeman School | 105 | 9 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 18 | 2 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 37 | 0 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 342 | 47 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 356 | 33 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 255 | 137 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 1,204 | 341 |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | 3 | 1 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 100 | 31 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 385 | 44 |
| Escambia | Booker T. Washington | 550 | 167 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 1,158 | 187 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 937 | 108 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 6 | 3 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 230 | 65 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 250 | 18 |
| Escambia | Success Academy | 333 | 91 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Adv. Tech. | 477 | 178 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 188 | 23 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 213 | 23 |
| Franklin | Franklin County K-12 | 116 | 9 |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 1,074 | 2 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 577 | 125 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 247 | 33 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 103 | 6 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 248 | 37 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 297 | 44 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 658 | 47 |
| Highlands | Highlands Virtual School | 407 | 76 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 848 | 154 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 267 | 34 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 128 | 71 |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 43 | 2 |
| Lake | Eustis HS | 585 | 154 |
| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | 264 | 51 |


| Lake | Leesburg HS | 367 | 73 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 1,670 | 398 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 360 | 44 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 571 | 212 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 801 | 175 |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 1,013 | 207 |
| Levy | Cedar Key K-12 | 132 | 20 |
| Levy | Chiefland MS/HS | 790 | 74 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 475 | 195 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 1,121 | 163 |
| Madison | Madison County HS | 0 | N/A |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 617 | 152 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 790 | 154 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 267 | 25 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 1,173 | 158 |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 281 | 17 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 215 | 21 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 28 | 8 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Jr/Sr | 516 | 58 |
| Putnam | Interlachen Jr/Sr | 53 | 43 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 245 | 93 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 559 | 77 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 901 | 162 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 399 | 89 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 700 | 76 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy | 42 | 22 |
| St. Lucie | Performance Based Prep. | 16 | 0 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 694 | 132 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 99 | 28 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 28 | 3 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 161 | 25 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 59 | 4 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 141 | 21 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee Senior HS | 248 | 15 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 226 | 49 |
| Volusia | TdTaylor MS/HS | 141 | 85 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 497 | 176 |
| Walton | Paxton School | 156 | 36 |
| Walton | South Walton HS | 546 | 71 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 134 | 20 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 23 | 2 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 47 | 9 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge School | 182 | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Appendix D <br> SAT Test Takers and Scores by School |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | SAT <br> Number of Test Takers | SAT <br> Number Who Met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 221 | 120 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 570 | 178 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 392 | 60 |
| Bay | Deane Bozeman School | 165 | 20 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 479 | 127 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 43 | 0 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 251 | 28 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 222 | 27 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 15 | 7 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 141 | 37 |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | 41 | 18 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 477 | 54 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 123 | 18 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 168 | 34 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 163 | 5 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 169 | 50 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 46 | 5 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 247 | 115 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 202 | 4 |
| Escambia | Success Academy | 19 | 1 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Adv. Tech. | 140 | 63 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 893 | 209 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 526 | 125 |
| Franklin | Franklin County HS | 44 | 5 |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 171 | 6 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 39 | 2 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 148 | 4 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 449 | 58 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 365 | 28 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 471 | 69 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 303 | 45 |
| Highlands | Highlands Virtual School | 37 | 2 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 275 | 45 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 502 | 140 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 82 | 22 |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 936 | 282 |
| Lake | Eustis HS | 464 | 91 |

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| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | 728 | 210 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | 519 | 45 |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 394 | 86 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 661 | 105 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 435 | 86 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 236 | 30 |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 59 | 4 |
| Levy | Cedar Key K-12 | 25 | 1 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 106 | 18 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 140 | 23 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 78 | 15 |
| Madison | Madison County HS | 156 | 0 |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 373 | 40 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 997 | 262 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 339 | 150 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 141 | 34 |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 366 | 66 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 490 | 118 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 487 | 86 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Jr/Sr | 195 | 10 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 222 | 8 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 311 | 25 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 111 | 60 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 940 | 126 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 634 | 54 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 279 | 118 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy | 35 | 5 |
| St. Lucie | Performance Based Prep. | 107 | 0 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 519 | 60 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 627 | 136 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 964 | 169 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 294 | 46 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 134 | 10 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 89 | 19 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee Senior HS | 278 | 55 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 155 | 23 |
| Volusia | Td Taylor MS HS | 256 | 27 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 146 | 33 |
| Walton | Paxton School | 72 | 13 |
| Walton | South Walton HS | 391 | 168 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 232 | 40 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 132 | 15 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 90 | 8 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge School | 188 | 71 |



| Appendix E <br> AP Exam Participation and 3+ Scores by School |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam | Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 507 | 333 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 622 | 389 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 56 | 32 |
| Bay | Deane Bozeman School | 101 | 58 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 452 | 203 |
| Bay* | Rosenwald HS | 0 | -- |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 127 | 47 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 33 | 25 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 29 | 14 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 246 | 110 |
| Columbia | Fort White MS/HS | 146 | 50 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 74 | 35 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 116 | 21 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 322 | 150 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 265 | 75 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 250 | 118 |
| Escambia* | Northview HS | 0 | -- |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 435 | 299 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 62 | 9 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Advanced Technology | 242 | 184 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 415 | 199 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 111 | 69 |
| Franklin* | Franklin County HS | 0 | -- |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 16 | 3 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 24 | 2 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 49 | 7 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 62 | 31 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 108 | 43 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 156 | 59 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 225 | 96 |
| Highlands | Highlands Virtual School | 10 | 5 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 243 | 72 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 148 | 62 |
| Lafayette* | Lafayette HS | 0 | -- |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 893 | 385 |


| Lake | Eustis HS | 385 | 156 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | 687 | 288 |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | 62 | 28 |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 274 | 112 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 501 | 135 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 255 | 143 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 105 | 21 |
| Levy* | Bronson HS | 0 | -- |
| Levy | Cedar Key K-12 | 23 | 11 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 55 | 22 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 60 | 39 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 4 | 1 |
| Madison* | Madison County HS | 0 | -- |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 135 | 45 |
| Marion | Liberty MS | 4 | 1 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 483 | 293 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 266 | 196 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach MS | 1 | 0 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 63 | 31 |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 170 | 62 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 157 | 98 |
| Nassau | Yulee MS | 1 | 0 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 185 | 93 |
| Okeechobee | Yearling MS | 1 | 1 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Jr/Sr | 135 | 19 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 21 | 2 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 327 | 32 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 142 | 38 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 345 | 122 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 79 | 31 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 280 | 96 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy | 1 | 1 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 32 | 2 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 34 | 13 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 35 | 13 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 343 | 117 |
| Sumter | South Sumter MS | 6 | 1 |
| Sumter* | Wildwood HS | 0 | -- |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 54 | 11 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee Senior HS | 57 | 41 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 30 | 15 |
| Volusia | Td Taylor MS/HS | 95 | 40 |
| Volusia | Ormond Beach MS | 1 | 0 |


| Walton | Freeport HS | 107 | 76 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Walton | Paxton School | 50 | 15 |
| Walton | South Walton HS | 491 | 312 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 173 | 57 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 9 | 1 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 13 | 5 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge School | 157 | 58 |
|  |  |  |  |

* No students took an AP exam at the school.

