# Annual Evaluation Report 

For<br>Florida Partnership<br>2020-2021



Submitted September 12, 2021 by New Directions, New Ideas LLC

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## Executive Summary

In 2004, the Florida legislature passed the Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement Act and, according to F.S. 1007.35(2)(a), the legislature recognized, "the importance of not only access to college, but also success in college for all students." The intent of this act was to provide every student in Florida schools with access to high-quality, rigorous academic courses through a grant which created the Florida Partnership (FLP). In support of this legislative act, staff from College Board's Florida office provides professional development and technical support to school and district-level administrators, along with guidance counselors, teachers, and other school staff in targeted school districts.

By statute, (1007.35(8)(a) F.S.), the Florida Partnership (FLP) is required to contract with an independent evaluation firm. In 2020-2021, College Board contracted with New Directions, New Ideas, LLC to conduct a program evaluation to examine the extent to which the FLP is meeting the goals and performance measures of the program established by statute. FLP staff are assigned to support school district staff in 33 priority school districts, representing 156 schools. Additionally, FLP offers scholarships to school district administrators and educators across the state for College Board professional development events.

Highlights collected during the evaluation process are listed below. The impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and hybrid learning environments is evident when comparing figures to previous years.

## PSAT 8/9 Test Takers

- Two school districts demonstrated an increase in the number of students who took the PSAT 8/9 when comparing 2018-2019 to 2020-2021, with an increase in Washington of $16 \%$ and in Levy of 3\%. (Pre-COVID $19=15$ school districts with an increase)


## PSAT 8/9 Scores

- Two school districts demonstrated an increase in the percentage of students who met both ERW benchmarks on the PSAT 8/9 from 2018-2019 to 2020-2021, with increases ranging from 2\% to 18\%. (Pre-COVID $19=16$ school districts with an increase)
- The two districts with an increase in percentage change in the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on PSAT 8/9 between baseline and 2019-2020 were Hendry and Madison.


## PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers

- Six FLP districts demonstrated an increase in the number of PSAT/NMSQT test takers when comparing baseline to 2020-2021, with increases ranging from $6 \%$ to $14 \%$. (Pre-COVID $19=18$ school districts with an increase)
- The six districts with the greatest percentage change in the number of students who took the PSAT/NMSQT between baseline and 2020-2021 were Flagler, Hamilton, Lafayette, Lake, Levy and Walton.


## PSAT/NMSQT Scores

- Nine school districts demonstrated an increase in the percentage of students who met both ERW benchmarks on the PSAT/NMSQT from 2018-2019 to 2020-2021, with increases ranging from $1 \%$ to $13 \%$.
- The six districts with the greatest positive change in the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on PSAT/NMSQT in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021 were Desoto, Dixie, Hamilton, Lafayette, Liberty, and St. Lucie.


## SAT Saturday Test Takers (Traditional Testing Day)

- Five districts demonstrated an increase in participation in the SAT Saturday test between 2018-2019 and 2020-2021, with increases ranging from $4 \%$ to $57 \%$.
- The five districts with the positive change in the number of students who took the SAT in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021 were Lafayette, Lake, Liberty, Nassau, and Walton.


## SAT School Day Test Takers (Testing offered during the week at high schools)

- Nine FLP districts increased the number of students who participated in SAT School Days between 2018-2019 and 2020-2021, with increases ranging from $4 \%$ to $94 \%$. (Pre-COVID $19=19$ school districts with an increase)
- The five districts with the greatest percentage change in the number of students who took the SAT during the SAT School Days events in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021 were Dixie, Franklin, Lafayette, Sumter, and Walton.


## SAT Scores for Saturday and School Day Test Takers

- In 2020-2021, the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the SAT ranged from $7 \%$ to $64 \%$ for Saturday testing.
- In 2020-2021, the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the SAT ranged from 2\% to 26\% for School Day testing.
- The four districts with the greatest percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks for the SAT on Saturday in 2020-2021 were Escambia, Flagler, Lafayette, and Walton.
- The four districts with the greatest percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks for the SAT on School Days in 2020-2021 were Flagler, Lafayette, , Madison, Nassau, and Walton.


## SAT Concordance Scores

- The majority of students reached concordance during the past two years. However, only eight districts showed a majority reached concordance in 2020-2021 and all

FLP districts experienced a decrease when compared over the past three years. The decreases could potentially be due to the removal of the concordance requirement for graduation by Florida Department of Education due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

## AP Exam Test Takers

- FLP districts overall experienced a $12 \%$ decrease in the number of AP exam test takers in 2020-2021 when compared to 2018-2019.
- Five districts demonstrated an increase in AP exam participation between 20182019 and 2020-2021, with increases ranging from $9 \%$ to $41 \%$.
- The districts with positive change in the number of students who took an AP exam between baseline and 2020-2021 were Columbia, Levy, St. Lucie, Taylor, Walton.
- Three districts demonstrated an increase in participation by minorities who took an AP exam, with increases ranging from 6\% to 31\%. (Pre-Covid-19 = thirteen school districts with an increase)
- The three districts with a percentage change increase in the number of minority students who took an AP exam between baseline and 2020-2021 were Levy, St. Lucie, and Walton.


## AP Exam Scores 3+

- Last year, fourteen districts had gains in the percentage of AP exams that scored at least a 3; however, in 2020-2021 there were three FLP districts showing an increase.
- Last year, eighteen districts had gains in the percentage of AP exams taken by minority students that scored at least a 3 between 2017-2018 and 2019-2020; however, in 2020-2021 only one district (Levy) showed an increase.


## Section 1: Introduction to the Florida Partnership

The mission of the Florida Partnership (FLP) is "to prepare, inspire, and connect students to postsecondary success and opportunity, with a particular focus on minority students and students who are underrepresented in postsecondary education." To meet its mission, FLP staff conducts professional development events and provides technical assistance to FLP school districts to build inclusive AP programs, increase student and parent awareness about college and career readiness, especially for those who would be first generation college going students, and to prepare non-traditional students to be successful in postsecondary enrollment endeavors. In 2020-2021, the total student population in FLP districts was $162,111,49 \%$ of which are minority students and $56 \%$ are Free and Reduced Lunch students.

Through FLP, scholarships were provided to school district staff to attend virtual and nonvirtual FLP and College Board professional development events. Scholarships are offered first to staff in FLP districts and then offered statewide to staff in all districts. Funding was also provided to eight FLP districts for the AVID (Advancement Via Individual Determination) program in 27 schools and staff receive scholarships to attend the AVID Summer Institute. In 2019-2020, the FLP also offered $\$ 10,000$ grants to ten community organizations, and state college CROP programs for College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES) programs.

## Section 2: Evaluation Methodology

The evaluation was conducted using an objectives-oriented approach consisting of two main components: 1) program evaluation, to measure the overall effectiveness of professional development opportunities offered to teachers, school administrators, and district administrators and the technical assistance provided to districts and schools by FLP staff and subcontractors; and 2) systemic evaluation, to measure annual and longitudinal student outcomes within FLP districts.

The evaluation plan was designed to collect qualitative and quantitative data to measure the impact of FLP on school district staff, parents, and students. Three key components of the evaluation plan consisted of examining:

- Levels of implementation of the program (participation levels at professional development and technical assistance sessions, AP Course enrollment, College Board's Suite of Assessment participation and scores, AVID elective course enrollment, and enrollment in programs conducted by CARES grantees);
- The contexts within which the program operates (district, school, parent, and student variables); and
- Outcomes (student test-taking behavior, student course-taking behavior, and student test scores).

Professional development (PD) is a significant portion of services delivered by FLP through scholarships for College Board's AP Summer Institutes and the AVID Summer Institutes. FLP staff also plan and conduct two PD events uniquely designed to meet the needs of FLP district and school administrators (District Leadership Training and Middle School Colloquium) FLP staff organized a virtual AP Symposium event for AP teachers in FLP districts. FLP staff continuously provided technical assistance (TA) to individuals and small groups at the school-level to train staff how to interpret AP Potential reports, how to interpret student scores from PSAT and SAT tests, and how to utilize Khan Academy to increase student academic performance and SAT scores. Fourteen additional District Support Trainings were conducted by FLP staff. These 1 or $1 / 2$ day PD events were offered in twelve school districts, once at the Heartland Area Consortium (HEC), once at the North East Florida Educational Consortium (NEFEC) and once at the Panhandle Area Educational Consortium (PAEC).

To evaluate the effectiveness of the PD and TA, the Guskey Model of Training Evaluation was used as a framework for developing the evaluation plan. This model is widely accepted by professionals in the evaluation profession as a means to measure the efficacy of training programs. Guskey's model includes five levels of outcomes.

## > Level 1 Evaluation - Participants' Reaction

What were the participants' reactions to the PD events?

## > Level 2 Evaluation - Participants' Learning

Did the participants acquire the intended goals from the PD events?

## $>$ Level 3 Evaluation - Organization Support and Change

Does the participant have support for change at the school and district level?

## > Level 4 Evaluation - Participants' Use of New Knowledge and Skills

Did participants put into practice their knowledge and skills acquired in the PD events?

## $>$ Level 5 Evaluation - Student Learning Outcomes

What were the results of the PD events?

Methods used to collect data included online surveys, participant evaluation surveys, and virtual and in-person site observation of CARES programs, along with interviews of CARES representatives. Indicators of interest included levels of participation and satisfaction levels for professional development and technical assistance conducted by FLP staff, enrollment in AVID elective courses, student participation and test scores on the PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMSQT, SAT assessments, and AP exams.

This report includes analysis at the district level. In Appendices A-E, 2020-2021 data is listed at the school-level.

## Section 2: Evaluation Methodology (cont.)

Exhibit A displays the evaluation questions aligned with the corresponding level of the Guskey Model and data sources.

| Exhibit A |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Evaluation Questions |  | Data Sources |
| Level 1: <br> Reaction | 1.To what extent were participants satisfied with professional development opportunities offered through the FLP? | PD surveys |
| Level 2: Learning | 2. To what extent did participants increase knowledge and skills as a result of attending professional development opportunities offered through the FLP? | PD Surveys |
| Level 3: <br> Organization Support | 3. How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment? <br> 4. How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing enrollment of minority and underrepresented students in advanced level courses? <br> 5. How have FLP staff provided support to community-based organizations to improve college and career readiness? | PSAT Test Takers PSAT/NMQST Test Takers SAT Test Takers AP Exam Test Takers AP Exam Minority Test Takers AVID School General Reports |
| Level 4: Use of New Knowledge and Skills | 6. To what extent did school district personnel implement new knowledge and skills as a result of participating in professional development opportunities? | PD Surveys School Administrator Survey District Administrator Survey |
| Level 5: <br> Student <br> Learning <br> Outcomes | 7. How did student test scores in FLP districts compare to statewide figures? | PSAT Test Scores PSAT/NMQST Test Scores SAT Test Scores AP Exam Test Scores AP Exam Minority Test Scores |

## Section 2: Evaluation Methodology (cont.)

The following tasks were completed during the evaluation process:

## Stakeholder Meetings

The evaluator scheduled an initial meeting with FLP staff and participated in periodic meetings, by conference call, as necessary, for the purpose of planning and reporting to staff on the progress of the evaluation.

## Professional Development Surveys

Ten online surveys were conducted during the 2020-2021 grant period.
Types of Surveys and Bates Conducted

| PD Event | Date Conducted | Type of Survey |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AP Symposia | January 2021 | Online |
| AVID Teacher Survey | May 2021 | Online |
| AP Mentor Survey | May 2021 | Online |
| District Administrators | May 2021 | Online |
| School Administrators | May 2021 | Online |
| Middle School Colloquium | July 2021 | Online |
| District Leadership Training | August 2021 | Online |
| AP Summer Institute | August 2021 | Online |
| AP Capstone Summer Institute | August 2021 | Online |
| AVID Summer Institute | August 2021 | Online |
|  |  |  |

## Site Visits

Five representatives for CARES programs were interviewed by phone and the evaluator visited two in-person CARES programs and participated in three programs virtually.

## Data Collection and Analysis

Data collection was an ongoing process during the grant period. The analysis involved a merging of the qualitative and quantitative data for inclusion in the final report. The qualitative data was coded and analyzed to identify common themes emerging from the online surveys and interviews. Quantitative survey data was summarized and presented using descriptive statistics of means and percentage changes, as appropriate for the data.

The College Board Suite of Assessments (PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMSQT, and SAT) and AP exam data was also examined for change over the past three years. The P.K. Yonge School and two FLP school districts do not use FLP services districtwide: Alachua (1 school) and Marion ( 2 schools) and therefore are included in the school-level data tables in Appendices A-E. The purpose of this longitudinal analysis was to examine percentage change over a three year period.

New this year to the evaluation process was a data collection effort designed to capture advanced level course-taking behaviors, SAT achievement, and AP exam scores for minority and underserved students in FLP districts. The following list includes indicators for high school (HS1-HS9) for middle school (MS1-MS2) and an indicator for parent and student feedback (PS1). The minorities included Black, Hispanic, Two or More Races and underrepresented student data is collected by Free and Reduced Lunch (FRL) status.

| Indicators | Exhibit C <br> 2020-2021 Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators | Measure |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level mathematics courses. | Completed two AP mathematics courses |
| HS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete advanced level coursework in four subject areas | Completed four AP courses |
| HS3 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | Completed AP Computer Science course |
| HS4 | Percent of minority and underserved $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students who are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS5 | Percent of minority and underserved $12^{\text {th }}$ grade students considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS6 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed AP courses. | Took an AP exam |
| HS7 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of "A" or "B" | $\begin{gathered} \text { AP course grades } \\ \text { of "A" or "B" } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| HS8 | Percent of minority and underserved students of educators who participated in an FLP training and who pass an AP exam | AP Exam scores of 3+ for students who's AP educator participated in AP Symposium |
| HS9 | Percent of minority and underserved students of who pass AP exam in low performing high schools | AP exam scores of 3+ |
| MS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | Algebra 1 grades of " C " or better |
| MS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | Grades of "C" or better in high school level course |
| PS1 | Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership | Parent and Student survey results Professional <br> Development survey results |
| Sources: FLP school districts and College Board |  |  |

## Section 3: Florida Partnership Overview

Section 3 provides a demographic profile of FLP districts and a short summary of the services provided through the FLP. School superintendents of participating school districts all sign a letter of commitment to receive technical support and professional development opportunities from the FLP.
Three pillars that guide the work of the FLP towards its mission:

1. Get Ready: Improve students' access to challenging coursework and reduce the information gap
2. Get In: Connect students to colleges and careers that fit
3. Get Through: Improve students' postsecondary degree completion rate

Being a FLP member district means being committed to five goals toward building a school culture of college and career readiness.

- Building a common understanding: School and district staff work together to build, promote, and implement a common understanding of college career readiness.
- Aligning instruction: School and district initiatives connect curriculum and instruction, strengthen the collaboration between middle school teachers and high school teachers, and focus on building a pipeline of students prepared for challenging coursework.
- Promoting equity and access: School and district leaders operationalize the belief that all students can succeed at all levels.
- Supporting a culture of ongoing improvement: School and district staff systemically use data to inform and improve instructional and curricular decisions.
- Using resources strategically: School and district staff allocates time, funding, materials, and personnel to support improvement efforts through the FLP.

Exhibit D displays a demographic profile of FLP districts compared to statewide averages. FLP districts vary in size ranging from 616 students in Franklin County to 23,862 students in St. Lucie County. The percentage of minority students in these districts varies significantly with the lowest percentage (15\%) in Dixie County to the highest percentage ( $96 \%$ ) in Gadsden County. FLP districts, on average, have a lower minority student population (48\%) compared to the statewide average (64\%).

As a socio-economic status indicator, the percentage of students who are eligible for free and reduced lunch (FRL) is included in Exhibit C. The average percentage (56\%) of economically disadvantaged students in FLP districts is nearly equal to the statewide average of 55\%. The percentage of FRL students in FLP districts ranges from 43\% to 88\%.

| Exhibit DDemographic Profile of Florida Partnership Districts$2020-2021$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | Student Enrollment Grades 6-12 | Percentage of Minority Students | Percentage of Students Eligible for Free/Reduced Lunch |
| Alachua* | 2,611 | 58\% | 47\% |
| Bay | 13,282 | 34\% | 45\% |
| Bradford | 1,381 | 31\% | 59\% |
| Columbia | 4,872 | 38\% | 55\% |
| Desoto | 2,366 | 64\% | 62\% |
| Dixie | 1,043 | 15\% | 67\% |
| Escambia | 20,201 | 54\% | 56\% |
| Flagler | 7,512 | 40\% | 58\% |
| Franklin | 616 | 23\% | 63\% |
| Gadsden | 2,412 | 96\% | 88\% |
| Glades | 807 | 67\% | 48\% |
| Hamilton | 844 | 63\% | 70\% |
| Hardee | 2,614 | 71\% | 63\% |
| Hendry | 7,234 | 71\% | 64\% |
| Highlands | 6,536 | 59\% | 65\% |
| Lafayette | 629 | 31\% | 55\% |
| Lake | 23,451 | 51\% | 44\% |
| Levy | 2,750 | 31\% | 64\% |
| Liberty | 664 | 22\% | 45\% |
| Madison | 1,266 | 56\% | 53\% |
| Marion* | 3,831 | 53\% | 63\% |
| Nassau | 6,573 | 20\% | 43\% |
| Okeechobee | 3,317 | 56\% | 57\% |
| Putnam | 5,380 | 49\% | 67\% |
| Saint Lucie | 23,862 | 70\% | 65\% |
| Sumter | 4,584 | 36\% | 45\% |
| Suwannee | 2,937 | 39\% | 59\% |
| Taylor | 1,284 | 35\% | 62\% |
| Walton | 5,457 | 27\% | 47\% |
| Washington | 1,795 | 24\% | 54\% |
| FLP Districts | 162,111 | 49\% | 56\% |
| Florida | 1,521,749 | 64\% | 55\% |
| * Population represents <br> Source: http://www.fldoe.or | ools served by FLP tability/data-sys/edu | the total school district population countability-services/pk-12-public-sc | ol-data-pubs-reports/students.stml |

## FLP Professional Development Opportunities

Exhibit E displays the various types of professional development opportunities attended by 1,190 school district personnel during the 2020-2021 grant period.

| Exhibit E <br> 2020-2021 FLP Professional Deve |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of Training | Number of Sessions | Participant Registration |
| AP Symposium | A virtual one and one-half day workshop in October 2020 | Open enrollment for AP educators in FL districts. (195 participants) |
| District Support Training | A 1 or 1/2 day professional development event provided by FLP staff. | Four Pre-AP workshops were conducted. <br> (32 participants) |
| AP Summer Institutes for Teachers | Virtual sessions offered in June and July 2021 | Scholarships offered for AP Capstone (25 participants) and AP educators (216 participants) |
| AVID Summer Institutes | Virtual sessions offered in June and July 2021 | Scholarships offered for AVID teachers in FLP districts (158 participants) |


| Middle School Colloquium | A 3-hour virtual workshop on <br> June 23-24, 2021 | Open enrollment for district- <br> level staff, school <br> administrators and guidance <br> counselors <br> (61 participants) |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| District Leadership Training | A 3-hour virtual workshop <br> on July 21, 2021 | Open enrollment for district <br> and middle school <br> administrators, middle school <br> teachers and <br> guidance counselors <br> (65 participants) |
| AP 1-Day Workshops | Virtual and in-person 1-day | Open enrollment for AP <br> educators statewide |
| workshops in August 2021 | (219 participants) |  |

## Section 3: Florida Partnership Overview (cont.)

## District Support Trainings

Sixteen District Support Trainings were provided to 152 school district staff during the 2020-2021 grant period. These workshops are designed to provide district and school administrators, guidance counselors, and educators with classroom strategies for increasing rigor and student engagement for Pre- AP courses and to better understand how to create an open access to AP courses in the school environment. Exhibit F displays the dates and locations for the District Support Trainings.

| Date of <br> DCR <br> Workshop | Exhibit F <br> District Support Developing a Culture of <br> Readiness Development Events | Location of <br> Training | Number of <br> Participants |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $1 / 25 / 21$ | Pre-AP Math | Manatee | 17 |
| $1 / 26 / 21$ | Pre-AP Social Studies | Manatee | 4 |
| $2 / 27 / 21$ | Pre-AP Math | Hernando | 4 |
| $2 / 27 / 21$ | Pre-AP English | Hernando | 7 |
| $6 / 15 / 21$ | Pre-AP Math | PAEC | 8 |
| $6 / 15 / 21$ | Pre-AP English | PAEC | 15 |
| $6 / 15 / 21$ | Pre-AP Math | HEC | 3 |
| $6 / 15 / 21$ | Pre-AP Social Studies | HEC | 11 |
| $6 / 22 / 21$ | Pre-AP Math | NEFEC | 2 |
| $6 / 22 / 21$ | Pre-AP English | NEFEC | 4 |
| $8 / 4 / 21$ | AP Equity Workshop | Manatee | 17 |
| $8 / 4 / 21$ | AP Equity Workshop | Hernando | 12 |
| $8 / 5 / 21$ | AP Equity Workshop | Palm Beach | 11 |
| $9 / 9 / 21 \&$ | AP Equity Workshop | Polk | 15 |
| $9 / 10 / 21^{*}$ | AP | Squity Workshop | Seminole |
| $9 / 14 / 21^{*}$ | AP Eq | 11 |  |
| $9 / 14 / 21^{*}$ | AP Equity Workshop | Martin | 11 |
| *future dates | Total | $\mathbf{1 5 2}$ |  |

## FLP Technical Support

In addition to the professional development opportunities listed in Exhibits E and F, FLP staff also conducted meetings throughout the school year with district and school administrators. Topics covered during these technical support meetings are displayed in Exhibit G showing 443 sessions delivered by FLP staff.

| Exhibit G <br> 2020-2021 FLP Technical Support |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics Discussed or Presented | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Regional } \\ & \text { Educational } \\ & \text { Consortia } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | District | Multiple Districts |
| Acceleration Opportunities/Increased Rigor | 1 | 9 |  |
| AP Exams |  | 48 |  |
| AP Capstone |  | 7 |  |
| AP Classroom |  | 2 |  |
| AP Courses | 3 | 46 |  |
| AP Course Resources |  | 14 |  |
| AP Computer Science Principles |  | 3 |  |
| AP Potential Report | 1 | 35 |  |
| APSI Scholarships | 2 | 4 |  |
| AVID |  | 3 |  |
| Big Future |  | 3 |  |
| Career Finder |  | 1 |  |
| CARES/PREP Grant Funding |  | 21 |  |
| College Board Suite of Assessments | 1 | 13 |  |
| College Board Opportunity Scholarships |  | 13 |  |
| College and Career Fair/Symposium |  |  | 5 |
| FAFSA |  | 2 | 1 |
| Fee Waivers |  | 3 |  |
| FLP Overview | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| K-12 Reporting Portal |  | 4 |  |
| Online Score Reporting |  | 3 |  |
| Opportunity Myth |  | 1 |  |
| Parent/Student Workshops/Webinars |  | 6 | 5 |
| Pre-AP Courses | 1 | 40 |  |
| PSAT/FSA Correlation |  | 6 |  |
| PSAT 8/9 \& Khan Academy |  | 17 |  |
| PSAT 10 |  | 2 |  |
| PSAT/NMQST/Khan Academy |  | 13 |  |
| Professional Development | 4 | 20 | 4 |
| SAT/Khan Academy |  | 14 |  |
| SAT School Day |  | 43 |  |
| Springboard |  | 3 |  |
| Student Search |  | 1 |  |
| Test Ordering |  | 7 |  |
| Totals | 15 | 410 | 18 |

Section 3: Florida Partnership Overview (cont.)

## AVID Center

AVID Center, a nonprofit organization and sub-recipient grantee of FLP, also provides training and technical assistance to administrators and teachers in 34 schools in 8 FLP districts funded through the FLP. AVID is also present in other FLP districts; however, AVID programs in those districts are funded through the school district's budget.

## College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES) Grantees

Ten sub-recipient grantees received funding this year through College Access and Readiness Experiences grants, administered by FLP staff. These programs are designed to reach at-risk students, students from low socioeconomic backgrounds, minorities, and many who would become the first generation in their families to go to college.

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback

Professional development events were limited by restrictions in school districts during the fall semester 2020 and only one event occurred during the school year, the AP Symposium, and it was virtual. This section of the report includes evaluation findings related to the impact of professional development opportunities and participant reactions. Evidence presented in Section 4 provides answers to the following three evaluation questions related to Guskey's Model of Training Evaluation and one FDOE Minority and Underserved Student Indicator.

- Q1: To what extent were participants satisfied with professional development opportunities offered through the FLP?
- Q2: To what extent did participants increase knowledge and skills as a result of attending professional development opportunities offered through the FLP?
- Q7: To what extent did school district personnel implement new knowledge and skills as a result of participating in professional development opportunities?
- FDOE PS1: Measures of student, parent, and educator awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership.

Survey results will be presented in this section of the report for each of the following professional development opportunities provided during the 2020-2021 grant period.

- AP Symposium (virtual)
- AP Summer Institutes (virtual and in-person)
- AP Capstone Summer Institute (virtual and in-person)
- AVID Digital XP Summer Institute (virtual)
- District Leadership Training (virtual)
- Middle Level Colloquium (virtual)
- AP 1-Day Workshops (virtual and in-person)


## AP Symposium

FLP staff organized and conducted a virtual AP Symposium event on January 21-22, 2021 and 195 AP educators participated. Breakout sessions were organized for seventeen different AP subjects. Overall, participants who attended the AP Symposium expressed high levels of engagement and satisfaction with the content, presenters and resources shared with them. Seventeen out of 20 respondents provided a positive response to the virtual format when asked to describe what they liked about the virtual format. However, only 3 out of 20 would prefer a virtual format in the future with many mentioning how much they missed the networking opportunities of in-person event.

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback (cont.)

Participants were asked to retrospectively rate their level of confidence before and after attending the AP Symposium. On a scale of 1 to 5 , with 1 representing the lowest level of confidence and 5 representing the highest level of confidence, Table 4.1 displays four learning objective goals and confidence levels increased dramatically for all four objectives.

| Table 4.1 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Learning Objectives | Rating <br> Score <br> BEFORE | Rating <br> Score <br> AFTER | Change |
| Understanding course and exam description <br> framework | 3.65 | 4.44 | +.79 |
| Understanding how to strategically utilize AP <br> Classroom formative tools (AP Daily, Topic <br> Questions, Progress Checks) | 2.94 | 4.22 | +1.28 |
| Understanding how to prepare students for <br> the AP Exam through the appropriate use of <br> the summative AP Classroom Question Bank | 2.92 | 4.05 | +1.13 |
| Teaching AP in a virtual environment | 3.15 | 4.02 | +.87 |
|  |  |  |  |

## AP Summer Institute (APSI)

AP educators across the state ( $\mathrm{n}=216$ ) received scholarships to attend virtual and inperson AP Summer Institutes conducted by the College Board in June and July 2021. A follow-up online survey request was sent to participants in August 2021 and 53 completed the survey for a response rate of $25 \%$. Respondents were asked to rate the impact of the APSI on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 representing "Strongly Disagree" and 5 representing "Strongly Agree." In all four categories, average rating scores were higher than a 4.00, demonstrating a positive impact on educators as a result of attending the APSI.

| Table 4.2  <br> Rating Scale Scores: Impact of APSI  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| I am more motivated to teach an AP course. | Average <br> Score |
| I will make changes to my AP course delivery. | 4.21 |
| My confidence level for preparing students to score a 3 or higher on the AP <br> exam for my course improved. | 4.15 |
| I learned new instructional skills. | 4.02 |
|  | 4.00 |

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback (cont.)

## AP Capstone Summer Institute

The College Board offered virtual and in-person AP Capstone Summer Institutes as a requirement for new AP Capstone Research or Seminar course educators and 25 participated in 2021. A follow-up online survey was conducted in August 2021 f and 9 completed the survey for a response rate of $27 \%$. Participants were asked to rate the impact of the AP Capstone SI on them as an educator. On a scale of 1 to 5 , with " 1 " representing "Strongly disagree" to a " 5 " representing "Strongly agree" they rated the impact in four topic areas. Listed below are the average weighted scores for each of the four topics showing high levels of satisfaction with scores ranging from 4.00-4.22.

| \| |
| :--- |
| I am more motivated for teaching an AP Capstone course. 4.22 <br> I will make changes to my AP Capstone course delivery. 4.22 <br> I learned new instructional skills. 4.11 <br> My confidence level for preparing students to score a 3 or higher on <br> the AP Capstone exam improved. 4.00 |

## AVID Summer Institute

School district staff across the state ( $\mathrm{n}=158$ ) received scholarships to participate in the AVID Digital XP online professional development event in July 2021. An online survey request was sent to participants in August 2021 and 25 participants completed the survey for a response rate of $16 \%$. On a rating scale of 1 to 5 , with " 5 " representing the highest level of satisfaction, AVID Summer Institute participants rated their level of satisfaction with the event and the results are presented in Table 4.4.

| Table 4.4 |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Rating Scale Score: Participation in AVID Digital XP |  |
| The presenters were able to engage and stimulate <br> interest in participants. | 4.48 |
| I gained new knowledge and skills. | 4.40 |
| The content of the sessions provided me with useful <br> information. | 4.24 |
| What I learned will change the way I do my job. | 4.20 |
| The overall quality of the AVID Digital XP met my <br> expectations. | 4.40 |
|  |  |

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback (cont.)

## Middle Level Colloquium (Pre-AP Conference)

On June 23-24, 2021, educators from across the state participated in a virtual Pre-AP virtual conference in place of the in-person Middle Level Colloquium due to COVID-19 restrictions. FLP staff organized the conference and a total of 61 participants participated in the event and 35 returned an online survey request for a response rate of $57 \%$. Four separate Pre-AP course subject areas were conducted in breakout sessions. Participants were asked to rate their level of satisfaction with the Colloquium on a scale of 1 to 5 , with " 5 " representing the highest level of satisfaction. Table 4.5 shows high levels in three core subject areas and a lower than average score for Social Studies.

| Table 4.5 <br> Average Rating Scale Score: <br> Helpful and Informative Workshop |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Subject Area | Average Score |
| English Language Arts | 4.25 |
| Math | 4.43 |
| Science | 4.42 |
| Social Studies | 2.88 |
|  |  |

A separate rating scale showed high levels of confidence gains in three core subject areas with Social Studies being a little less compared to the other subject areas.

| Table 4.6  <br> Improge Rating Scale Score:  <br> Improved Confidence Levels  |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Subject Areas | Average Score |
| English Language Arts | 4.00 |
| Math | 4.71 |
| Science | 4.41 |
| Social Studies | 3.25 |
|  |  |

## District Leadership Training

On July 21, 2021, district-level and school-level administrators, along with guidance counselors from Florida Partnership (FLP) school districts tuned in to the District Leadership Training (DLT) by Zoom meeting. A virtual meeting was conducted for safety reasons related to the pandemic and a total of 65 participants attended the DLT event.

## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback (cont.)

FLP and College Board staff along with AP and Pre-AP educators presented three hours of presentations. A unique format using breakout sessions was led by Pre-AP and AP educators to demonstrate to district administrators how theses educators use instructional strategies to increase rigor in the classroom. Participants indicated which two subject areas they wanted to explore prior to the event. A large majority of participants ( $84 \%$ for AP sessions and $69 \%$ for Pre-AP sessions) found these sessions "very helpful" or "helpful."

The online survey included a retrospective question asking participants to rate their level of understanding the training's three main topics both "prior to" and "after" the training. Participants were asked to rate their level of understanding the training topics on a scale of 1 to 5 . Table 4.7 displays the pre-survey and post-survey average scores for each topic covered during the training. The average score in all four topic areas showed increases ranging from +.87 to +1.40 . Understanding the student search engine available from College Board showed the highest gain in understanding.

| Table 4.7 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Response <br> Average <br> Pre-DLT | Response <br> Average <br> Post-DLT | Change |
| The mission of the Florida Partnership | 3.74 | 4.61 | +.87 |
| Student search engine available from College <br> Board for college admission | 3.06 | 4.55 | +1.49 |
| College Board Opportunity Scholarships | 3.12 | 4.52 | +1.40 |
|  |  |  |  |

## AP 1-Day Workshops

AP 1-Day workshops were offered to AP educators statewide in August 2021. College Board consultants shared instructional strategies and resources, such as AP Classroom. On August 14, 2021 sessions for six AP courses were offered and 111 AP educators participated and 74 completed a participant survey at the end of the day for a response rate of $67 \%$. On August 21, 2021 a second round of AP 1-Day workshops were offered for seven more AP courses and 156 participated and 79 completed a survey for a $61 \%$ response rate.

On a scale of 1 to 10 , with " 10 " representing "completely satisfied" and would likely recommend the workshop to a colleague participants of both groups of workshops rated high average scores.

- 9.24 for $8 / 14 / 21$ workshops
- 9.38 for $8 / 21 / 21$ workshops


## Section 4: Professional Development Opportunities and Feedback (cont.)

Tables 4.8 and 4.9 display survey results showing high levels of satisfaction with the materials and content presented during the AP 1-Day workshops.

| Table 4.8 <br> Satisfaction with Workshop Materials/Content <br> $8 / 14 / 21$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials/Content | Too Much <br> (Count) | Just Right <br> (Count) | Too Little <br> (Count) |
| Key Skills/Course and Exam Description | $4 \%$ | $87 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Structure of the AP exam, Digital Portfolios, <br> or Performance Task | 0 | $88 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| Instructional Strategies | 0 | $97 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Scoring Student Responses | 0 | $84 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| AP Classroom | 0 | $86 \%$ | $14 \%$ |


| Table 4.9 <br> Satisfaction with Workshop Materials/Content <br> $8 / 21 / 21$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Materials/Content | Too Much <br> (Count) | Just Right <br> (Count) | Too Little <br> (Count) |
| Key Skills/Course and Exam Description | $3 \%$ | $94 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Structure of the AP exam, Digital Portfolios, <br> or Performance Task | $1 \%$ | $80 \%$ | $19 \%$ |
| Instructional Strategies | $6 \%$ | $91 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Scoring Student Responses | $1 \%$ | $86 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| AP Classroom | $3 \%$ | $90 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
|  |  |  |  |

## Section 5: Community Engagement and Training

During the 2020-2021 grant period, FLP administered the College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES) Grant program. The grantees submitted applications which included a statement of need, program delivery, number of students to be served, organizational capacity, a logic model, and a budget equal to $\$ 10,000$. FLP staff reviewed the applications, scored them with a rubric, and the top ten were awarded a grant. The programs selected were designed to reach at-risk students, students from low socioeconomic backgrounds, minorities, and many who would become the first generation in their families to go to college. Data presented in this section of the report provide evidence for this evaluation question.

- Q5: How have FLP staff provided support to community-based organizations to improve college and career readiness?

The ten CARES grantees were as follows:

## Florida A\&M University Health Careers Opportunity Program, Tallahassee, FL

The Florida A\&M University Health Careers Opportunity Program (FAMU HCOP) aims to address the issue of increasing the number of individuals from disadvantaged, low income and underserved backgrounds who successfully complete professional curricula in cardiopulmonary science, health care management, health informatics and information management, occupational therapy, and physical therapy at Florida A\&M University. Through the FAMU School of Allied Health Sciences, HCOP, selected 11 rising $10^{\text {th }}, 11^{\text {th }}$ and 12 grade minority students from underserved, disadvantaged, low in come backgrounds from schools in Leon and Gadsden Counties for the summer program. The overall purpose of the program is to expose students to various health professions, including veterinarian careers.

## Florida Education Fund, Hamilton and Columbia Counties <br> Summer SAT and College Preparation High School Program

Program is designed to increase college readiness and access, personal college success, and career readiness opportunities for 30 students (minority, low income, and/or first generation college going) from Hamilton County Middle/High School and Columbia High School. Students worked with certified teachers and those in Hamilton County earned an elective high school credit for completing the program.

## Florida International University, Miami-Dade, FL CROP, SWITCH-ON, and Partners in Progress

The goal of the program is to prepare underrepresented students for a four-year college education. The program serves 30 middle school and 60 high school students from seven schools who are minority, economically disadvantaged, first generation college going students. All are from low-performing schools. The focus of the summer program is on academic achievement, test preparation, college and career readiness, with an emphasis on enrollment in AP, IB, and dual enrollment courses and excelling on EOC exams.

## Section 5: Community Engagement and Training (cont'd)

Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL
Center for Academic Retention and Enhancement (CARES) Center
FSU's CARE division provides two summer programs, Upward Bound and CROP, to 30 students each from three targeted schools: Griffin MS, Leon Co., Gadsden County HS, Gadsden Co., Robert E. Lee HS, Duval Co. The program provides academic, career, personal, social, leadership, and character development for educationally and socioeconomically disadvantaged students. The focus for the middle school program is on STEM activities and STEM career exploration. The 5 -week summer camp for high school students includes SAT preparation, life skills training, and leadership development.

## Gentlemen's Quest of Tampa, Inc., Tampa, FL

This nonprofit organization provides supports for 48-60 students from Title I schools in the development of college readiness skills and to increase the number of students that are prepared to enter and successfully complete postsecondary education. They are referred by counselors and social workers and $60 \%$ of the students are justice-involved youth. The students are assigned a Success Coach to help them identify goals and develop an action plan. The goal of the program is to equip students with the necessary tools to be critical thinkers with excellent leadership abilities and communication skills. The summer camp s STEM focused and involved coding, architecture, blueprint design, and industrial planning.

## Hillsborough County Community College, Tampa FL CROP program

The HCC CARES project serves 45-60 minority students in grades 6-12 who are educationally and economically disadvantaged from selected high schools throughout Hillsborough County. Students participate in 15 sessions of intensive academic program designed to enhance and enrich their academic skills and college preparedness. The focus is on skill development, critical thinking, and problem solving. Students are encouraged to Dual Enroll in two college courses (SLS 1501 and CGS 1000).

## Indian River State College, Ft. Pierce, FL <br> Middle and High School CROP Program

Support to improve academic performance and college readiness skills is provided to lowincome at-risk students who would be first generation college students from 10 local area middle and high schools. Academic advisement, tutoring, guided instruction and referrals to campus and community agencies are offered to 40 students in grades 6-12. Big Future is utilized during the summer program. Parent financial aid and scholarship workshops were conducted.

## Overtown Youth Center (OYC), Overtown, FL

The OYC provides an afterschool tutoring program during the school year and offers a Summer Intensive Academy to 30 students in grades 7-12. The afterschool program and Summer Academy ensure academic progress and postsecondary success. Certified teachers work with students providing college readiness activities to increase their exposure to college and career options.

## Section 5: Community Engagement and Training (cont’d)

## Pasco-Hernando State College, New Port Richey and Brooksville, FL College Reach Out Program (CROP)

The opportunities for existing CROP participants and new recruits was expanded by providing a Summer Academy for educationally and economically disadvantaged students. One middle school and four high schools were targeted in Hernando County. Three middle and three high schools were targeted in Pasco County.

## Take Stock in Children, Manatee County (PREP/CARES grantee)

Daily/Weekly SAT Practice using Khan Academy was provided to 30 students virtually to increase SAT scores. The goal is to prepare students to receive Bright Futures scholarships and to open the door for other scholarships based on merit. Big Futures was used to help guide career paths and a "best fit" college or university. Parents, students, and mentors will attend FAFSA workshop.

## Virtual Site Visits

As part of the evaluation process, virtual site visits were conducted in June and July for the following seven programs.

- Florida Education Fund, Columbia \& Hamilton Counties - participated in virtual Math and ELA virtual SAT practice sessions.
- Florida A\&M University Health Careers Opportunity Program - participated in a CPR certification course delivered virtually by a registered nurse. Student were sent a blow-up mannequin kit to practice giving CPR while the nurse observed.
- Florida State University, Center for Academic Retention and Enhancement (CARE) visited the campus and observed middle school students in a classroom where they were building solar powered vehicles. Each student had a kit with all the parts and directions to build the vehicle. They will all be able to take the kit home.
- Gentlemen's Quest (GQ) of Tampa, Inc. - visited the summer camp program and observed a classroom of students listening to an industrial engineer from the community describe the project the students would be working on in small groups. Each group was given a scenario as a contractor just hired by different types of people, such as an elderly couple, young couple with children, young professionals with no children, etc. Their project involved designing a living space in the size of a shipping container to match their clients' needs.
- Pasco-Hernando State College, College Reach Out Program (CROP) - Two classes were observed virtually. One instructor was leading a trivia game about famous black music artists and the other instructor was leading a book study of Unsung Hero of Birdsong, U.S.

Interviews were conducted with representatives from all grantee programs to discuss challenges and successes with their summer programs. Their responses were summarized and submitted in a report to FLP staff.

## Section 5: Community Engagement and Training (cont.)

## Parent and Student Engagement

Florida Partnership and College Board staff conducted five different virtual webinars for parents across the state during the 2020-2021 grant period. Online survey requests were sent out to all participants after the webinars. The request included a survey link to send by email to their child in order to collect data from both parents and students. Surveys results in this section provide evidence for FDOE Indicator PS1.

- FDOE Indicator PS1: Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership.

Table 5.1 displays the topics of each parent webinar and the overall rating scale scores for each one. Parents were asked to rate the overall presentation on a 5-point Likert scale. While parents had the option to rate the presentations as "fair" or "poor" none did so. The ratings were all "good" "very good" or "excellent."

| Table 5.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Overall Rating Scale Scores: Parent Webinars |  |  |  |  |  |
| Date | Title of Webinar | Number <br> of <br> Parents | Excellent Rating Scale Scores |  |  |
| Very | Good <br> Good |  |  |  |  |
| $12 / 15 / 20$ | College Opportunity Scholarships <br> and Resources | 320 | $42 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| $1 / 28 / 21$ | College Board Suite of <br> Assessments | 214 | $59 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| $4 / 1 / 21$ | Why AP? | 104 | $57 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| $4 / 13 / 21$ | Preparing for AP Exams | 197 | $25 \%$ | $75 \%$ | $25 \%$ |
| $5 / 18 / 21$ | SAT Official Practice with Khan <br> Academy | 258 | $54 \%$ | $46 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
|  | Total Number of Parents | $\mathbf{1 , 0 9 3}$ |  |  |  |

## Parent Survey Results

Parent knowledge gains were measured by asking parents who participated in the presentation to rate their level of confidence in understanding presentation topics using a 4-point Likert scale from "Not at all Confident" = 1 to "Very Confident" $=4$. The average rating scale scores were calculated for both "before" and "after" the presentation. The average rating scale scores displayed in Tables 5.2-5.6 show positive increases across all topic areas ranging from +.40 to +2.00 .

| Table 5.2 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parent Knowledge Gains: College Board Opportunity Scholarships Webinar |  |  |  |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| Official SAT Practice with Khan Academy | 2.21 | 3.07 | +.86 |
| College Board's Big Future | 1.55 | 2.84 | +1.29 |
| Financial Aid Application Assistance <br> with WYATT | 1.47 | 2.60 | +1.33 |
| College Board's Opportunity <br> Scholarships | 1.45 | 3.02 | +1.57 |
| College Board's Scholarship Search Tool | 1.40 | 2.88 | +1.48 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.3 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Parent Knowledge Gains: College Board Suite of Assessments Webinar |  |  |  |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| Level of understanding how to use the <br> PSAT score report | 1.77 | 3.00 | +1.23 |
| Linking their score report to the Khan <br> Academy to create a practice plan | 1.50 | 2.82 | +1.32 |
| Connection to College Board's tools for <br> college and career planning | 1.59 | 2.82 | +1.23 |
| Connection to College Board's <br> Opportunity Scholarships | 1.50 | 2.73 | +1.23 |
| Accessing college admission and <br> financial aid information | 1.52 | 2.73 | +1.21 |
| Using the AP Potential Report to identify <br> what AP courses would align with your <br> child's academic strength | 1.59 | 2.73 | +1.14 |
|  |  |  |  |



## Section 5: Community Engagement and Training (cont.)

## Student Survey

To collect data from students related to their awareness of College Board resources and to measure confidence gains in topics presented during webinars, a survey link was sent to parents with a request to forward it to their child. In many families, parents and students watched the webinars together. Thirty-five students completed the surveys. The survey results displayed in Table 5.7 show a majority of students are aware of SAT Practice with Khan Academy and nearly half of them are aware of College Board's Scholarship Search and Opportunity Scholarships. Just over a third of student respondents were aware of College Board's Big Future.

| Table 5.7 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Student Familiarity with College Board Resources |  |  |
| Answer Choices | Percent <br> Responses | Count |
| SAT Practice with Khan Academy | $83 \%$ | 29 |
| College Board's Scholarship Search | $49 \%$ | 17 |
| College Board's Opportunity Scholarships | $49 \%$ | 17 |
| College Board's Big Future | $37 \%$ | 13 |
|  |  |  |

Students were asked to rate their level of confidence in understanding webinar topics on a scale of 1 to 4 , with 1 representing "not at all confident" and 4 representing "very confident." Survey results showed gains in confidence for all topics, with one exception for College Board's Big Future. Gains ranged from +.50 to +2.54 as shown in Tables $5.8-5.11$.

| Table 5.8 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| The benefits of taking an AP Course | 2.63 | 3.25 | +.62 |
| College admission requirements | 2.45 | 3.10 | +.65 |
| Scholarship information | 2.26 | 3.05 | +.79 |
| Financial aid information (FAFSA Form) | 2.17 | 3.05 | +.88 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.9 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| How to use the PSAT score report | 2.0 | 3.4 | +2.54 |
| How to link your score report to the <br> Khan Academy | 1.4 | 3.8 | +2.40 |
| How to use the AP Potential Report to <br> help you decide what AP courses would <br> be a good match for you. | 1.4 | 3.4 | +2.00 |
|  |  |  |  |


| Table 5.10 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Student Confidence Levels: Why AP? Webinar |  |  |  |
| There are numerous benefits students <br> gain by taking AP courses. | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| Completion of AP courses can lead to <br> college credit (depends on the college <br> policy) with a score of 3, 4, or 5 on the <br> AP exam. | 2.50 | 3.00 | +.50 |
| A large majority of college admissions <br> offices look for AP courses on high <br> school transcripts. | 2.33 | 3.00 | +1.47 |
| The Big Future program can assist with <br> college and career planning. | 2.67 | 3.00 | +.67 |


| Table 5.11 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Topics | Score Before <br> Presentation | Score After <br> Presentation | Change |
| AP Classroom | 2.33 | 3.33 | +1.00 |
| AP Central | 2.00 | 2.67 | +.67 |
| AP Daily Videos | 2.00 | 3.20 | +1.20 |
| AP Daily Review Sessions | 1.67 | 3.17 | +1.50 |
| College Board YouTube Subscription | 1.50 | 3.17 | +1.67 |
|  |  |  |  |

## Section 6: SAT Suite of Assessments: Participation

College Board's SAT Suite of Assessments includes the PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMSQT, and SAT. The SAT Suite of Assessments are aligned with Florida Standards and Florida Standards Assessments and by linking test scores with the Khan Academy students are provided with an individualized study plan to improve test scores and mastery of Florida standards. Data presented in this section of the report provides evidence linked to the following evaluation question.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?

The number of test takers is an indicator of how many students are on the pathway to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment. The number of assessments scheduled by schools was much lower this past academic year compared to previous years. Indeed, the percentage change over the past three years shows the extent of the decrease with only a few districts showing increases in the number of test takers over the past three years.
FLP offers and encourages district and school administrators to offer the SAT on a week day at school for all students. This is an opportunity to provide all students with access to the exam without the barriers of transportation to a Saturday exam location and time off work for those students who have jobs that require them to be there on Saturdays. Therefore, tables and figures in this section of the report include SAT School Days separate from SAT Saturdays. The number of SAT School Days was less than in past years due to COVID-19 complications with schools not being opened and students not wanting to test in-person.

## PSAT 8/9 Test Takers

During professional development events and through technical support from FLP staff, district and school administrators are encouraged to offer the PSAT 8/9 in an effort to identify students for enrollment in advanced courses who may have been overlooked in the past and are now demonstrating they are ready to be challenged in more rigorous courses. Table 6.1 shows the number of PSAT 8/9 test takers across a three-year period, from 20182019 to 2020-2021. While PSAT 8/9 participation varied across the three years in all districts, only two districts (Levy and Washington) experienced an increase in the number of students who took the PSAT 8/9 when comparing baseline to 2020-2021. Overall, FLP districts showed a 32\% decrease, while the statewide decrease was greater than FLP Districts at $45 \%$.

| Table 6.1 <br> Three Year Comparison: PSAT 8/9 Test Takers by FLP District ${ }^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2018-2019 | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Percentage Change Over Three Year Period |
| Bay^ | 0 | 2,770 | 2,599 | -- |
| Bradford | 372 | 333 | 296 | -20\% |
| Columbia | 1,273 | 1,311 | 701 | -45\% |
| Desoto | 659 | 664 | 255 | -61\% |
| Dixie | 283 | 272 | 244 | -14\% |
| Escambia | 2,480 | 2,530 | 1,760 | -29\% |
| Flagler | 0 | 958 | 765 | -- |
| Franklin | 0 | 105 | 0 | -- |
| Gadsden*1 | NOT FLP | 11 | NOT FLP | -- |
| Glades | 172 | 193 | 66 | -62\% |
| Hamilton | 215 | 224 | 199 | -7\% |
| Hardee | 702 | 720 | 313 | -55\% |
| Hendry | 1,170 | 1,004 | 630 | -46\% |
| Highlands | 1,556 | 1,457 | 1202 | -23\% |
| Lafayette | 173 | 166 | 149 | -14\% |
| Lake ${ }^{1}$ | 6,196 | 2,757 | NOT FLP | -- |
| Levy | 636 | 612 | 652 | 3\% |
| Liberty | 159 | 181 | 150 | -6\% |
| Madison | 310 | 173 | 214 | -31\% |
| Nassau | 1,748 | 1,808 | 1419 | -19\% |
| Okeechobee | 781 | 811 | 611 | -22\% |
| Putnam | 1,315 | 1,285 | 1063 | -19\% |
| Saint Lucie | 5,572 | 5,789 | 4227 | -24\% |
| Sumter | 804 | 734 | 574 | -29\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 487 | 588 | -- |
| Taylor | 148 | 141 | 91 | -39\% |
| Walton ${ }^{1}$ | 1,309 | 795 | NOT FLP | -- |
| Washington | 370 | 466 | 430 | 16\% |
| FLP Districts | 28,403 | 28,746 | 19,198 | -32\% |
| Florida | 143,719 | 156,726 | 75,810 | -47\% |

+ Number test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.
${ }^{1}$ Gadsden, Lake, and Walton are not covered under FLP contract for PSAT 8/9 for 2020-2021.

Figure 6.1 provides an illustration of the number of 2018-2019 and 2020-2021 PSAT 8/9 test takers over the past three years.

${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of PSAT 8/9 test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
Table 6.2 presents the two districts with positive percentage change in the number of students who took the PSAT 8/9 in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021.

| Table 6.2 <br> Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change in PSAT 8/9 Test Takers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Washington | 16\% |
| 2 | Levy | 3\% |
| FLP Districts |  | -32\% |
| Florida |  | -47\% |

+ Number test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.
${ }^{1}$ Gadsden, Lake, and Walton were not covered under FLP contract for PSAT 8/9 for 2020-2021.


## Section 6: SAT Suite of Assessments: Participation (cont.)

As seen in Table 6.3, a majority of FLP districts demonstrated a decrease when comparing baseline to 2020-2021. FLP districts overall showed less of a decrease in PSAT/NMSQT test takers at $-6 \%$ when compared to $-94 \%$ statewide.

| Table 6.3 <br> Three Year Comparison: PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers by FLP Districts+ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2018-2019 | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Percentage Change Over Three Year Period |
| Bay^ | 0 | 2,270 | 2,159 | -- |
| Bradford | 311 | 288 | 213 | -32\% |
| Columbia ${ }^{1}$ | 516 | 544 | NOT FLP | -- |
| Desoto | 538 | 574 | 329 | -39\% |
| Dixie | 218 | 257 | 172 | -21\% |
| Escambia | 4,205 | 4,143 | 3,465 | -18\% |
| Flagler | 1,111 | 1,548 | 1,178 | 6\% |
| Franklin | 0 | 120 | 33 | -- |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 395 | 208 | -- |
| Glades | 106 | 114 | 90 | -15\% |
| Hamilton | 141 | 168 | 161 | 14\% |
| Hardee | 643 | 601 | 211 | -67\% |
| Hendry | 891 | 891 | 311 | -65\% |
| Highlands | 1,350 | 1,369 | 1,092 | -19\% |
| Lafayette | 149 | 142 | 158 | 6\% |
| Lake | 4,871 | 4,869 | 5,386 | 11\% |
| Levy | 454 | 485 | 479 | 6\% |
| Liberty | 0 | 134 | 119 | -- |
| Madison | 293 | 319 | 194 | -34\% |
| Nassau | 1,527 | 1,622 | 1,472 | -4\% |
| Okeechobee | 579 | 641 | 441 | -24\% |
| Putnam | 1,058 | 1,097 | 906 | -14\% |
| Saint Lucie | 5,150 | 5,093 | 3,134 | -39\% |
| Sumter | 785 | 609 | 568 | -28\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 447 | 349 | -- |
| Taylor | 235 | 225 | 173 | -26\% |
| Walton | 904 | 1,024 | 997 | 10\% |
| Washington | 0 | 413 | 391 | -- |
| FLP Districts | 26,036 | 30,402 | 24,389 | -6\% |
| Florida | 288,377 | 300,105 | 16,434 | -94\% |

[^0]
## Section 6: SAT Suite of Assessments: Participation (cont.)

Figure 6.2 illustrates the percentage change the number of PSAT/NMSQT test takers in FLP districts over the three-year period.

*Liberty is intentionally omitted because their increase compared to the other FLP districts skewed the bar graph. See Table 6.3 for the number of test takers.
${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of PSAT/NMSQT test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
Table 6.4 presents the FLP districts with positive percentage change in the number of students who took the PSAT/NMSQT in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021

| Table 6.4 <br> Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change in Number of PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers+ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Hamilton | 14\% |
| 2 | Lake | 11\% |
| 3 | Walton | 10\% |
| 4 | Flagler, Lafayette, Levy | 6\% |
| 5 |  |  |
| FLP Districts |  | -6\% |
| Florida |  | -94\% |

## SAT Saturday Test Takers

All SAT testing must be done in-person and some testing centers did not reopen until October causing low numbers of SAT Saturday test takers in 2020-2021. Data in Table 6.5 and Figure 6.3 show the impact of the pandemic on SAT Saturday testing. Nearly all districts demonstrated a decrease in participation in the SAT Saturday test, However, the decrease for FLP Districts was lower ( $-15 \%$ ) compared to the decrease statewide ( $-72 \%$ ).

| Table 6.5 <br> Three Year Comparison: Number of SAT Saturdays Test Takers |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2018-2019 | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Percentage Change |
| Bay^ | -- | 706 | 804 | -- |
| Bradford | 73 | 51 | 25 | -66\% |
| Columbia | 265 | 155 | 145 | -45\% |
| Desoto | 129 | 59 | 119 | -8\% |
| Dixie | 42 | 17 | 25 | -40\% |
| Escambia | 727 | 578 | 602 | -17\% |
| Flagler | 596 | 526 | 503 | -16\% |
| Franklin | 17 | 8 | 2 | -88\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 113 | 64 | -- |
| Glades | 58 | 15 | 27 | -53\% |
| Hamilton | 61 | 61 | 30 | -51\% |
| Hardee | 265 | 211 | 91 | -66\% |
| Hendry | 348 | 368 | 300 | -14\% |
| Highlands | 727 | 471 | 415 | -43\% |
| Lafayette | 12 | 20 | 14 | 17\% |
| Lake | 1,473 | 1,416 | 1,560 | 6\% |
| Levy | 94 | 48 | 62 | -34\% |
| Liberty | 35 | 26 | 55 | 57\% |
| Madison | 59 | 51 | 47 | -20\% |
| Nassau | 583 | 534 | 609 | 4\% |
| Okeechobee | 237 | 123 | 132 | -44\% |
| Putnam | 373 | 253 | 287 | -23\% |
| St. Lucie | 2,698 | 2,098 | 1,930 | -28\% |
| Sumter | 666 | 78 | 96 | -86\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 95 | 102 | -- |
| Taylor | 20 | 15 | 14 | -30\% |
| Walton | 337 | 325 | 343 | 2\% |
| Washington | 20 | 31 | 12 | -40\% |
| FLP Districts | 9,915 | 8,452 | 8,415 | -15\% |
| Florida | 181,935 | 145,087 | 51,802 | -72\% |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather Bay did not test in 2018-2019.

* Gadsden and Suwannee joined FLP in 2019-2020.

Figure 6.3 illustrates the impact of the pandemic on the number of SAT Saturday test takers.


Table 6.6 lists the only five FLP districts with a positive percentage change over the past three years.

| Table 6.6 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change |  |  |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Liberty | $57 \%$ |
| 2 | Lafayette | $17 \%$ |
| 3 | Lake | $6 \%$ |
| 4 | Nassau | $4 \%$ |
| 5 | Walton | $2 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{- 1 5 \%}$ |
| Florida |  | $\mathbf{- 7 2 \%}$ |

[^1]Fewer FLP schools offered an SAT School Day for students during the 2020-2021 academic year as demonstrated by the three year trend shown in Table 6.7. However, FLP districts overall showed an increase of $7 \%$ compared the $-18 \%$ decrease statewide.

| Table 6.7 <br> Three Year Comparison: Number of SAT School Day Test Takers by FLP Districts ${ }^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Districts | Number of Test Takers 2018-2019 | Number of Test Takers 2019-2020 | Number of Test Takers 2020-2021 | Percentage Change |
| Bay^ | 0 | 1 | 1,821 | -- |
| Bradford | 217 | 143 | 187 | -14\% |
| Columbia | 654 | 490 | 472 | -28\% |
| Desoto | 371 | 310 | 303 | -18\% |
| Dixie | 109 | 103 | 158 | 45\% |
| Escambia | 2,468 | 2,171 | 1,981 | -20\% |
| Flagler | 1,008 | 943 | 843 | -16\% |
| Franklin | 31 | 24 | 60 | 94\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 0 | 357 | -- |
| Glades | 84 | 57 | 55 | -35\% |
| Hamilton | 100 | 88 | 92 | -8\% |
| Hardee | 441 | 312 | 416 | -6\% |
| Hendry | 571 | 514 | 485 | -15\% |
| Highlands | 715 | 752 | 933 | 30\% |
| Lafayette | 81 | 51 | 67 | 31\% |
| Lake | 3,007 | 2,798 | 2,501 | -17\% |
| Levy | 279 | 264 | 242 | -13\% |
| Liberty | 70 | 63 | 61 | -13\% |
| Madison | 207 | 166 | 149 | -28\% |
| Nassau | 840 | 755 | 805 | -4\% |
| Okeechobee | 475 | 342 | 427 | -10\% |
| Putnam | 691 | 634 | 768 | 11\% |
| St. Lucie | 3,267 | 2,966 | 2,752 | -16\% |
| Sumter | 271 | 298 | 413 | 52\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 333 | 359 | -- |
| Taylor | 119 | 115 | 130 | 9\% |
| Walton | 571 | 465 | 915 | 60\% |
| Washington | 196 | 161 | 204 | 4\% |
| FLP Districts | 16,843 | 15,319 | 17,956 | 7\% |
| Florida | 146,869 | 125,161 | 121,102 | -18\% |

+ Number of test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

Figure 6.4 shows the impact of fewer SAT School Days being offered the past year due to the pandemic.


* Number of SAT School Day test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.

Table 6.8 lists all nine FLP districts with increases in the number of SAT School Day test takers.

| Thable 6.8 <br> Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change in the Number of <br> SAT School Day Test Takers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Franklin | $94 \%$ |
| 2 | Walton | $60 \%$ |
| 3 | Sumter | $52 \%$ |
| 4 | Dixie | $45 \%$ |
| 5 | Lafayette | $31 \%$ |
| 6 | Highlands | $30 \%$ |
| 7 | Putnam | $11 \%$ |
| 8 | Taylor | $9 \%$ |
| 9 | Washington | $4 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{7 \%}$ |
| Florida |  | $\mathbf{- 1 8 \%}$ |

+ Number SAT test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.


## Section 7: SAT Suite of Assessments: Student Performance

FLP staff work with school district staff to ensure test scores from the Suite of Assessments can provide them with information to drive instruction and increase equity and access to advanced level courses. Data in this section provides three year comparisons of student performance on all three types of SAT Suite of Assessments and provides evidence linked to the following two evaluation questions.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?
- Q7: How did student test scores in FLP districts compare to statewide figures?


## PSAT 8/9 Scores

Table 7.1 shows the percentage of test takers who met both Evidence-based Reading and Writing (ERW) and Math benchmarks for the PSAT 8/9 over the past two or three years, as well as the percentage change from the baseline year 2018-2019 to 20202-2021. In 20202021, the percentage of test takers in FLP Districts who met both benchmarks decreased as fewer students took the PSAT 8/9 and could be a reflection of learning losses from March 2020. Some students didn't return to in-class instruction until Oct. 2020 the same month the test was administered. FLP districts that did not administer the PSAT 8/9 are indicated with N/A in Figure 7.1. Only two districts (Hendry and Madison) showed a small percentage increase of $1 \%$ as shown in Table 7.1 and Figure 7.1.

| Table 7.1 <br> Three Year Comparison: Percentage of Students Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT $8 / 9$ by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | Met Both Benchmarks $2018-19$ | Met Both Benchmarks 2019-20 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Met Both } \\ \text { Benchmarks } \\ 2020-21 \end{gathered}$ | Percentage Change in Students Who Met Both Benchmarks |
| Bay^ | N/A | 28\% | 31\% | -- |
| Bradford | 17\% | 20\% | 16\% | -1\% |
| Columbia | 30\% | 30\% | 25\% | -5\% |
| Desoto | 15\% | 15\% | 13\% | -2\% |
| Dixie ${ }^{1}$ | 20\% | 18\% | 10\% | -10\% |
| Escambia | 29\% | 24\% | 24\% | -5\% |
| Flagler | N/A | 33\% | 31\% | -- |
| Franklin | N/A | 10\% | N/A | -- |
| Gadsden* ${ }_{1}$ | N/A | -- | N/A | -- |
| Glades | 18\% | 19\% | 24\% | -- |
| Hamilton | 18\% | 16\% | 12\% | -6\% |
| Hardee | 20\% | 25\% | 20\% | 0\% |


| Hendry | $18 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Highlands | $29 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $-6 \%$ |
| Lafayette | $47 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $28 \%$ | $-19 \%$ |
| Lake $^{1}$ | $30 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | -- |
| Levy $^{2} \%$ | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $-5 \%$ |  |
| Liberty | $25 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $-6 \%$ |
| Madison | $31 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $18 \%$ | $18 \%$ |
| Nassau | $39 \%$ | $37 \%$ | $36 \%$ | $1 \%$ |
| Okeechobee | $25 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $-3 \%$ |
| Putnam | $22 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $-3 \%$ |
| St. Lucie | $28 \%$ | $27 \%$ | $24 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Sumter | $25 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | $21 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $-6 \%$ |
| Taylor | $17 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $15 \%$ | -- |
| Walton ${ }^{1}$ | $46 \%$ | $47 \%$ | $\mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{A}$ | $-2 \%$ |
| Washington | $36 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $21 \%$ | -- |
| FLP Districts | $\mathbf{2 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 \%}$ | $-15 \%$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{3 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 \%}$ | $-2 \%$ |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.
${ }^{1}$ Gadsden, Lake, and Walton are not covered under FLP contract for PSAT 8/9 for 2020-2021.


## Section 7: SAT Suite of Assessments: Student Performance (cont.)

Table 7.2 lists the two districts that had positive change in the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on PSAT 8/9 in 2018-2019 compared to 2020-2021.

| Table 7.2 <br> Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change in Number of <br> Students Who Met Both Benchmarks for PSAT 8/9 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Hendry <br> Madison | $1 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $-\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{2 \%}$ |  |

## PSAT/NMSQT

The PSAT/NMSQT is an optional assessment for FLP districts. Those districts that did not administer the PSAT/NMSQT are indicated with N/A. Table 7.3 shows the percentage of test takers who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the PSAT/NMSQT over the past three years and the percentage change between the time periods. In 2020-2021, 11 FLP districts showed a percentage change increase when compared to the baseline year.

| Table 7.3 <br> Three Year Comparison of Percentage of Students Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT/NMSQT by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School <br> District | Met Both Benchmarks 2018-19 | Met Both Benchmarks 2019-20 | Met Both Benchmarks 2020-21 | Percentage Change in Students Who Met Both Benchmarks |
| Bay^ | N/A | 23\% | 27\% | -- |
| Bradford | 13\% | 8\% | 15\% | 2\% |
| Columbia ${ }^{1}$ | 25\% | 19\% | N/A | -- |
| Desoto | 9\% | 10\% | 15\% | 6\% |
| Dixie | 13\% | 12\% | 17\% | 4\% |
| Escambia | 25\% | 21\% | 24\% | -1\% |
| Flagler | 36\% | 25\% | 29\% | -7\% |
| Franklin | N/A | 13\% | 9\% | -- |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 5\% | 6\% | -- |
| Glades | 14\% | 6\% | 10\% | -4\% |
| Hamilton | 5\% | 8\% | 8\% | 3\% |
| Hardee | 15\% | 13\% | 17\% | 2\% |
| Hendry | 12\% | 12\% | 13\% | 1\% |
| Highlands | 24\% | 22\% | 26\% | 2\% |


| Lafayette | $18 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $23 \%$ | $5 \%$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lake | $25 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| Levy | $17 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $-1 \%$ |
| Liberty | $0 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $13 \%$ |
| Madison | $12 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $12 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Nassau | $30 \%$ | $25 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $-1 \%$ |
| Okeechobee | $17 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Putnam | $15 \%$ | $11 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $-1 \%$ |
| St. Lucie | $19 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $22 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| Sumter | $34 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $-14 \%$ |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | $21 \%$ | $21 \%$ | -- |
| Taylor | $34 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $-21 \%$ |
| Walton | $32 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $34 \%$ | $2 \%$ |
| Washington | N/A | $17 \%$ | $15 \%$ | -- |
| FLP Districts | $\mathbf{2 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{- 1 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{3 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.
${ }^{1}$ Columbia was not covered under FLP contract for PSAT/NMSQT for 2020-2021.


## Section 7: SAT Suite of Assessments: Student Performance (cont.)

The eleven districts with positive percentage change in the percentage of students who met both ERW and Math benchmarks on the PSAT/NMSQT in 2018-2019 compared to 20202021 are displayed in Table 7.4.

| Table 7.4 <br> Three Year Comparison: Percentage Change In the Percentage of Students <br> Who Met Both Benchmarks on PSAT/NMSQT |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Liberty | $13 \%$ |
| 2 | Desoto | $6 \%$ |
| 3 | Lafayette | $5 \%$ |
| 4 | Dixie | $4 \%$ |
| 5 | Hamilton, St. Lucie | $3 \%$ |
| 6 | Bradford, Hardee, Highlands, Walton | $2 \%$ |
| 7 | Hendry | $1 \%$ |
| FLP Districts |  | $\mathbf{- 1 \%}$ |
| Florida | $\mathbf{4 \%}$ |  |

## SAT Exams

As mentioned previously, students can choose to take the SAT exam on Saturday test dates or their school district may participate in an SAT School Day, allowing for the test to be done during the school week. SAT Saturdays typically represent a majority of traditional SAT test taking students, while SAT School Days provides open access to all students.

Table 7.5 shows the percentage of test takers who met both ERW and Math benchmarks for the Saturday SAT and the School Day SAT in 2020-2021. Among FLP Districts, the percentage who met both benchmarks ranged from 7\% to 64\% for Saturday testing and 2\% to $26 \%$ for School Day testing.

| Percentage of Students Who Met Both ERW and Math Benchmarks on SAT Saturdays vs. SAT School Day by FLP District in 2020-2021 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | SAT Saturdays | SAT School Day |
| Bay | 50\% | 21\% |
| Bradford | 44\% | 9\% |
| Columbia | 52\% | 19\% |
| Desoto | 41\% | 9\% |
| Dixie | 24\% | 11\% |
| Escambia | 62\% | 21\% |
| Flagler | 56\% | 26\% |
| Franklin | 0\% | 2\% |
| Gadsden | 20\% | 6\% |
| Glades | 19\% | 7\% |
| Hamilton | 13\% | 8\% |
| Hardee | 38\% | 12\% |
| Hendry | 25\% | 13\% |
| Highlands | 40\% | 20\% |
| Lafayette | 64\% | 25\% |
| Lake | 46\% | 21\% |
| Levy | 44\% | 10\% |
| Liberty | 45\% | 12\% |
| Madison | 51\% | 9\% |
| Nassau | 51\% | 25\% |
| Okeechobee | 39\% | 13\% |
| Putnam | 28\% | 14\% |
| St. Lucie | 35\% | 16\% |
| Sumter | 39\% | 20\% |
| Suwannee | 46\% | 18\% |
| Taylor | 7\% | 5\% |
| Walton | 55\% | 24\% |
| Washington | 42\% | 16\% |
| FLP Districts | 44\% | 19\% |
| Florida | 55\% | 25\% |

Students in $11^{\text {th }}$ grade who do not pass the Florida Standards Assessment, which is required to graduate high school, may substitute their score on the SAT to satisfy the graduation requirement. However, the requirement for concordance for graduation was removed by FDOE this past year due to COVID-19. This could have impacted the decreases shown in Table 7.6.

| Table 7.6 <br> Three Year Comparison: Percentage of 11 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Grade Students Who Earned ERW Concordance Scores on SAT by FLP District |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | Percentage Met Concordance Scores 2018-2019 | Percentage Met Concordance Scores 2019-2020 | Percentage Met Concordance Scores 2020-2021 | Percentage Change in Students Who Met Concordance Scores |
| Bay | 74\% | 79\% | 49\% | -25\% |
| Bradford | 70\% | 61\% | 33\% | -37\% |
| Columbia | 76\% | 70\% | 54\% | -22\% |
| Desoto | 65\% | 53\% | 27\% | -38\% |
| Dixie | 77\% | 58\% | 47\% | -30\% |
| Escambia | 72\% | 65\% | 45\% | -27\% |
| Flagler | 77\% | 79\% | 55\% | -22\% |
| Franklin | 50\% | 31\% | 19\% | -31\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 51\% | 21\% | -- |
| Glades | 46\% | 45\% | 24\% | -22\% |
| Hamilton | 52\% | 41\% | 30\% | -22\% |
| Hardee | 53\% | 66\% | 40\% | -13\% |
| Hendry | 64\% | 61\% | 37\% | -27\% |
| Highlands | 78\% | 71\% | 48\% | -30\% |
| Lafayette | 79\% | 90\% | 55\% | -24\% |
| Lake | 75\% | 77\% | 53\% | -22\% |
| Levy | 76\% | 66\% | 46\% | -30\% |
| Liberty | 77\% | 73\% | 56\% | -21\% |
| Madison | 74\% | 55\% | 36\% | -38\% |
| Nassau | 85\% | 82\% | 59\% | -26\% |
| Okeechobee | 63\% | 63\% | 33\% | -30\% |
| Putnam | 71\% | 59\% | 41\% | -30\% |
| St. Lucie | 71\% | 67\% | 47\% | -24\% |
| Sumter | 74\% | 74\% | 59\% | -15\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 79\% | 52\% | -- |
| Taylor | 66\% | 52\% | 31\% | -35\% |
| Walton | 79\% | 82\% | 54\% | -25\% |
| Washington | 78\% | 71\% | 44\% | -34\% |
| FLP Districts | 73\% | 70\% | 48\% | -25\% |

[^2]
## Section 8: College Board AP Exam Participation

This section of the report compares the number of students who took an AP exam over the past three years as indicators of students who are planning for postsecondary enrollment in college. The uncertainty around going to college during the COVID-19 pandemic had a significant impact on AP exam participation in 2021. Table 8.1 and Figure 8.1 show the decreases in the number of students who took an AP exam between 2018-2019 and 20202021.

| Table 8.1 <br> Three Year Comparison: Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam and Percentage Change by FLP District^ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2018-2019 | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 1,936 | 1,681 | 1,669 | -14\% |
| Bradford | 124 | 92 | 59 | -52\% |
| Columbia | 297 | 308 | 399 | 34\% |
| Desoto | 134 | 150 | 125 | -7\% |
| Dixie | 113 | 73 | 82 | -27\% |
| Escambia | 2,156 | 1,789 | 1,700 | -21\% |
| Flagler | 689 | 662 | 614 | -11\% |
| Franklin | 3 | 2 | 1 | -67\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 48 | 106 | -- |
| Glades | 30 | 12 | 16 | -47\% |
| Hamilton | 60 | 27 | 52 | -13\% |
| Hardee | 126 | 130 | 109 | -13\% |
| Hendry | 446 | 394 | 348 | -22\% |
| Highlands | 722 | 683 | 590 | -18\% |
| Lafayette | 2 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Lake | 3,703 | 3,345 | 2,929 | -21\% |
| Levy | 130 | 164 | 150 | 15\% |
| Liberty | 6 | 1 | 4 | -33\% |
| Madison | 2 | 0 | 1 | -50\% |
| Nassau | 779 | 725 | 563 | -28\% |
| Okeechobee | 194 | 159 | 161 | -17\% |
| Putnam | 301 | 235 | 291 | -3\% |
| St. Lucie | 860 | 722 | 940 | 9\% |
| Sumter | 686 | 687 | 592 | -14\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 170 | 134 | -- |
| Taylor | 51 | 54 | 54 | 6\% |
| Walton | 548 | 706 | 773 | 41\% |
| Washington | 62 | 22 | 4 | -94\% |
| FLP Districts | 14,160 | 13,041 | 12,466 | -12\% |

[^3]
## Section 8: College Board AP Exam Participation (cont.)

Figure 8.1 illustrates the decreases in the number of minority students who took an AP exam.

${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
*Bay, Escambia, and Lake are intentionally omitted because their large student population compared to other FLP districts skews the bar graph. See Table 8.1 for their participation.

Despite the challenges faced during the school year, five FLP school districts experienced increases in the number of students who took an AP exam ranging from $6 \%$ to $41 \%$.

| Table 8.2 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Positive Percentage Change for Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam^ |  |  |  |$|$| Rank | School District | Increase in Number <br> of Students |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Walton | Percentage <br> Change |
| 2 | Columbia | 225 |
| 3 | Levy | 102 |
| 4 | St. Lucie | 20 |
| $44 \%$ |  |  |
| 5 | Taylor | 80 |
| Total |  | 3 |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

## Section 8: College Board AP Exam Participation (cont.)

Table 8.3 and Figure 8.2 show the amount of growth in the number of students who identified as a minority who took an AP exam between 2018-2019 and 2020-2021. In a year when most FLP districts experienced a decrease in AP exam participation, three FLP districts showed an increase in participation by minorities who took an AP exam. Increases ranged from $6 \%$ to $31 \%$. Overall, FLP districts experienced a decrease of $30 \%$ minority students who took an AP exam.

| Three Year Comparison: Number of Minority Students Who Took an AP Exam and Percentage Change by FLP District^ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2018-2019 | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | Percentage Change |
| Bay | 493 | 469 | 294 | -40\% |
| Bradford | 39 | 22 | 12 | -69\% |
| Columbia | 77 | 77 | 71 | -8\% |
| Desoto | 94 | 105 | 70 | -26\% |
| Dixie | 25 | 12 | 14 | -44\% |
| Escambia | 916 | 710 | 478 | -48\% |
| Flagler | 277 | 236 | 181 | -35\% |
| Franklin | 2 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 45 | 93 | -- |
| Glades | 17 | 8 | 8 | -53\% |
| Hamilton | 28 | 9 | 18 | -36\% |
| Hardee | 84 | 94 | 79 | -6\% |
| Hendry | 342 | 311 | 269 | -21\% |
| Highlands | 415 | 348 | 251 | -40\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | -- |
| Lake | 1,784 | 1,609 | 1,149 | -36\% |
| Levy | 26 | 41 | 34 | 31\% |
| Liberty | 2 | 1 | 0 | -100\% |
| Madison | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0\% |
| Nassau | 152 | 139 | 85 | -44\% |
| Okeechobee | 119 | 87 | 59 | -50\% |
| Putnam | 119 | 65 | 97 | -18\% |
| St. Lucie | 513 | 431 | 543 | 6\% |
| Sumter | 239 | 234 | 159 | -33\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 53 | 42 | -- |
| Taylor | 22 | 13 | 18 | -18\% |
| Walton | 143 | 169 | 154 | 8\% |
| Washington | 18 | 6 | 0 | -100\% |
| FLP Districts | 5,947 | 5,294 | 4,179 | -30\% |

[^4]
## Section 8: College Board AP Exam Participation (cont.)


${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
*Lake is intentionally omitted because their large student population compared to other FLP districts skews the bar graph. See Table 8.3 for their participation.

Despite the challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, three FLP districts experienced an increase in the number of minority students taking an AP exam as shown in Table 8.4.

|  | Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change for <br> Number of Minority Students Who Took an AP Exam |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Increase in Number <br> of Students | Percentage Change |
| 1 | Levy | 8 | $31 \%$ |
| 2 | Walton | 11 | $8 \%$ |
| 3 | St. Lucie | 30 | $6 \%$ |
| Total |  |  |  |

[^5]
## Section 9: AP Exam Performance

Scores on AP exams of three or higher were examined as an additional measure of college readiness for the total student population Data in Table 9.1 and Figure 9.1 show the number of AP exams that received a score of a 3, 4, or 5 over the past three years. Three of the districts had gains in the percentage of AP exams with $3+$ scores when compared to the baseline year. Overall, FLP districts experienced a decrease of 1,640 AP exams with scores of $3+$. The decreases in $3+$ scores most likely reflect the disrupted year of instruction between hybrid learning environments and in-person requirements for some AP exams.

| Table 9.1 <br> Three Year Comparison: Number of AP Exams with $3+$ Scores and Percentage Change by FLP District^ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FLP District | 2018-2019 | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | \% Change |
| Bay | 1,541 | 1,497 | 1,246 | -19\% |
| Bradford | 25 | 30 | 23 | -8\% |
| Columbia | 265 | 209 | 235 | -11\% |
| Desoto | 60 | 62 | 56 | -7\% |
| Dixie | 40 | 44 | 29 | -28\% |
| Escambia | 1,469 | 1,492 | 1,097 | -25\% |
| Flagler | 555 | 503 | 428 | -23\% |
| Franklin | 2 | 3 | 1 | -50\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 12 | 3 | -- |
| Glades | 8 | 6 | 4 | -50\% |
| Hamilton | 12 | 9 | 12 | 0\% |
| Hardee** | 77 | 86 | 65 | -16\% |
| Hendry | 180 | 222 | 162 | -10\% |
| Highlands | 282 | 393 | 248 | -12\% |
| Lafayette | 2 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Lake | 2322 | 2,437 | 1,557 | -33\% |
| Levy | 50 | 52 | 52 | 4\% |
| Liberty | 4 | 1 | 1 | -75\% |
| Madison | 1 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Nassau | 685 | 626 | 527 | -23\% |
| Okeechobee | 151 | 140 | 132 | -13\% |
| Putnam | 99 | 46 | 36 | -64\% |
| St. Lucie | 327 | 343 | 342 | 5\% |
| Sumter | 347 | 454 | 417 | 20\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 137 | 104 | -- |
| Taylor | 17 | 21 | 11 | -35\% |
| Walton | 457 | 575 | 558 | 22\% |
| Washington | 8 | 5 | 0 | -100\% |
| FLP Districts | 8,986 | 9,405 | 7,346 | -18\% |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Overall AP exam performance by students was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

## Section 9: AP Exam Performance


${ }^{\wedge}$ Overall AP exam performance by students was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
*Bay, Escambia, and Lake are intentionally omitted because their large population skews the bar graph.
Despite the challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, three FLP districts experienced an increase in the number of students taking an AP exam as shown in Table 9.2.

| Table 9.2 <br> Three Year Comparison: Positive Percentage Change for <br> Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores^ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Increase in Number <br> of Students | Percentage <br> Change |
| 1 | Walton | 101 | $22 \%$ |
| 2 | Sumter | 70 | $20 \%$ |
| 3 | St. Lucie | 15 | $5 \%$ |
| Total |  | $\mathbf{1 8 6}$ |  |

Data in Table 9.3 shows the change in the number of AP exams taken by students who identified as minority with a score of a 3,4 , or 5 over the past three years. All but one FLP district (Levy) had losses in the percentage of AP exams taken by minorities that scored at least a 3. Overall, FLP districts had 1,920 AP exams taken by minority students with scores of $3+$.

Section 9: AP Exam Performance (cont.)

Table 9.3
Three Year Comparison: Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores Taken by
Minority Students and Percentage Change by FLP District^

| FLP District | 2018-2019 | 2019-2020 | 2020-2021 | \% Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bay | 376 | 416 | 185 | -51\% |
| Bradford | 5 | 6 | 2 | -60\% |
| Columbia | 51 | 48 | 34 | -33\% |
| Desoto | 35 | 38 | 28 | -20\% |
| Dixie | 5 | 5 | 5 | 0\% |
| Escambia | 526 | 538 | 222 | -58\% |
| Flagler | 222 | 171 | 111 | -50\% |
| Franklin | 1 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Gadsden* | NOT FLP | 11 | 3 | -- |
| Glades | 6 | 4 | 1 | -83\% |
| Hamilton | 3 | 2 | 2 | -33\% |
| Hardee | 59 | 67 | 53 | -10\% |
| Hendry | 134 | 175 | 131 | -2\% |
| Highlands | 167 | 203 | 84 | -50\% |
| Lafayette | 0 | 0 | 0 | -- |
| Lake | 1,009 | 1,126 | 520 | -48\% |
| Levy | 8 | 15 | 11 | 38\% |
| Liberty | 1 | 1 | 0 | -100\% |
| Madison | 1 | 0 | 0 | -100\% |
| Nassau | 122 | 115 | 78 | -36\% |
| Okeechobee | 95 | 80 | 47 | -51\% |
| Putnam | 33 | 17 | 11 | -67\% |
| St. Lucie | 196 | 188 | 179 | -9\% |
| Sumter | 90 | 142 | 83 | -8\% |
| Suwannee* | NOT FLP | 47 | 29 | -- |
| Taylor | 5 | 4 | 1 | -80\% |
| Walton | 105 | 112 | 100 | -5\% |
| Washington | 1 | 3 | 0 | -100\% |
| FLP Districts | 3,256 | 3,534 | 1,920 | -41\% |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Overall AP exam performance by students was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
*Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

## Section 9: AP Exam Performance (cont.)

Figure 9.3 illustrates the increases over the past three years in the number of AP exams taken by minority students with $3+$ scores.

${ }^{\wedge}$ Overall AP exam performance by students was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
*Lake is intentionally omitted because their large student population compared to other FLP districts skews the bar graph. See Table 9.3 for the AP exams taken by minorities that scored 3+.

Despite the challenges related to the COVID-19 pandemic, one FLP district experienced an increase in the number of minority students taking an AP exam as shown in Table 9.4.

| Table 9.4 <br> Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores Taken by Minority Students^ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rank | School District | Increase in Number <br> of Students | Percentage <br> Change |
| 1 | Levy | 3 | $38 \%$ |
| Total |  | 3 |  |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools

The AVID program was funded by the Florida Partnership in 27 schools in 8 FLP districts during the 2020-2021 grant period. These schools provided an AVID elective course for students in grades 6-12. Data collected from the middle and high schools' General Reports, submitted to AVID Center, are summarized in this section of the report, along with results from an online survey of AVID Elective Teachers. Data from the School General Reports presented in this section includes:

- An overview of AVID student enrollment, including number of minority students and percentage of total student population enrolled in an AVID elective course.
- The Number of Students Enrolled in an AVID Elective Course by Grade Level
- AVID Elective Middle School Student Outcomes (4 indicators)
- AVID Elective High School Senior Outcomes (4 indicators)

Typically, students enrolled in AVID elective courses are mid-level performing students, minority students, and first generation college going students. For these reasons, the data presented in this section of the report provides evidence for the following two evaluation questions.

- Q3: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing equity and access to advanced level courses and postsecondary enrollment?
- Q4: How have district and school administrators contributed to increasing enrollment of minority and underrepresented students in advanced level courses?

Data in Table 10.1 lists the number of AVID students enrolled in the AVID Elective Course and more than half (51\%) are minority students. While the percentage of students enrolled in AVID compared to the total student population varies from $4 \%$ to $26 \%$ of students, FLP districts overall show $12 \%$ of students attending schools with an AVID program are enrolled in the Elective course.

Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

| Table 10.1 <br> Overview of AVID Elective Course by FLP School |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School District | School Names | \# of Students In School | \# of AVID <br> Elective <br> Students | \# of Minority AVID Students | \% of Students Enrolled in AVID |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 499 | 105 | 14 | 21\% |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 705 | 166 | 112 | 24\% |
|  | Avon Park MS | 671 | 141 | 102 | 21\% |
|  | Hill-Gustat MS | 693 | 99 | 67 | 14\% |
|  | Lake Placid HS | 719 | 189 | 54 | 26\% |
|  | Lake Placid MS | 681 | 88 | 57 | 13\% |
|  | Sebring MS | 785 | 70 | 30 | 9\% |
|  | Sebring HS | 1,377 | 111 | 68 | 8\% |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 554 | 58 | 23 | 10\% |
|  | Cedar Key (K-12) | 101 | 21 | 3 | 21\% |
|  | Williston MS/HS | 916 | 117 | 46 | 13\% |
| Marion | Dunnellon MS | 623 | 51 | 8 | 8\% |
|  | Ft. King MS* | * | * | * | * |
|  | Ft. McCoy (K-8) | 475 | 61 | 4 | 13\% |
|  | Liberty MS | 1,318 | 153 | 96 | 12\% |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 919 | 35 | 32 | 4\% |
|  | Yulee HS | 1,263 | 54 | 14 | 4\% |
| Putnam | C.H. Price MS | 605 | 23 | 10 | 4\% |
|  | Crescent City MS/HS | 596 | 107 | 87 | 18\% |
|  | Interlachen HS* | 688 | 79 | 34 | 11\% |
|  | Palatka HS | 1,060 | 107 | 83 | 10\% |
|  | Robert H. Jenkins MS* | * | * | * | * |
| Walton | Freeport HS* | * | * | * | * |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 645 | 29 | 17 | 4\% |
|  | Roulhac MS | 459 | 57 | 20 | 12\% |
|  | Vernon MS* | * | * | * | * |
|  | Vernon HS | 383 | 19 | 8 | 5\% |
| Totals |  | 16,735 | 1,940 | 989 | 12\% |

[^6]
## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

AVID Elective classes in FLP districts appear to be at their capacity for the grade levels served in some FLP districts and not at capacity in others. There are 803 middle school students enrolled and 1,128 high school students are enrolled in an AVID elective course as shown in Table 10.2 Ninth grade students ( $\mathrm{n}=383$ ) account for the largest number of students enrolled when compared to other grade levels.

## Table 10.2

Number of Students Enrolled in AVID Elective Course by Grade Level in FLP Funded Schools

| School Names | $\mathbf{6}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{7 t h}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{8}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{9 t h}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}^{\text {th }}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}^{\text {th }}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avon Park MS | 49 | 48 | 44 | -- | - | - | -- |
| Avon Park HS | -- | -- | -- | 49 | 43 | 38 | 36 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 13 | 10 | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chipley HS | -- | -- | -- | 20 | 2 | 6 | 1 |
| Cedar Key K-12 School | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| C.H. Price MS | 0 | 9 | 14 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Crescent City JR/SR | -- | -- | -- | 55 | 22 | 25 | 5 |
| Dixie County HS* | -- | -- | -- | 27 | 33 | 31 | 14 |
| Dunnellon MS | 15 | 19 | 17 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Freeport HS* | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| Ft. King MS* | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Ft. McCoy (K-8) | 23 | 19 | 19 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hill-Gustat MS | 25 | 28 | 46 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Interlachen HS | -- | -- | -- | 29 | 22 | 11 | 17 |
| Lake Placid MS | 36 | 27 | 25 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake Placid HS | -- | -- | -- | 53 | 65 | 34 | 37 |
| Liberty MS | 58 | 46 | 49 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Palatka HS | -- | -- | -- | 43 | 29 | 16 | 19 |
| Robert H Jenkins MS* | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Roulhac MS | 17 | 17 | 23 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Sebring HS | -- | -- | -- | 35 | 22 | 32 | 22 |
| Sebring MS | 24 | 22 | 24 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Vernon MS* | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Vernon HS | -- | -- | -- | 6 | 6 | 5 | 2 |
| West Nassau HS* | -- | -- | -- | 8 | 12 | 3 | 12 |
| Williston MS/HS | 20 | 17 | 16 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 8 |
| Yulee HS | -- | -- | -- | 14 | 20 | 13 | 7 |
| Total by Grade Level | $\mathbf{2 6 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 6}$ |

[^7]
## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

The AVID Elective Course is designed for students to continuously enroll as it builds each year in preparing students for postsecondary education and 984 students were enrolled in their second year of AVID. The data in Table 10.3 shows over 300 AVID students are preparing for postsecondary education by enrolling in Honors courses and/or Algebra I while they are still in middle school.

| Table 10.3 <br> AVID Elective Middle School Student Outcomes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Middle Schools | \# of Students <br> Enrolled in <br> $2^{\text {nd }}$ Year of <br> AVID <br> 2020-2021 | \# of Students Enrolled in Honors Course 2020-2021 | \# of Students Enrolled in Algebra I or Higher Course |
| Avon Park MS | 66 | 49 | 35 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cedar Key K-12 School | 7 | 10 | 10 |
| C.H. Price MS | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Dunnellon MS | 28 | 17 | 9 |
| Ft. King MS* | * | * | * |
| Ft. McCoy MS | 29 | 8 | 8 |
| Hill Gustat MS | 44 | 7 | 28 |
| Hilliard MS/HS* | * | * | * |
| Lake Placid MS | 55 | 10 | 15 |
| Liberty MS | 93 | 33 | 48 |
| Robert H. Jenkins MS* | * | * | * |
| Roulhac MS | 21 | 0 | 2 |
| Rutherford MS/HS* | * | * | * |
| Sebring MS | 30 | 10 | 14 |
| Vernon MS* | * | * | * |
| Williston MS/HS | 21 | 8 | 7 |
| Yulee MS* | * | * | * |
| Total Students | 984 | 154 | 178 |

[^8]
## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

Eighth grade AVID student outcomes show many are on a path of becoming college and career ready as demonstrated by the data presented in Table 10.4

Table 10.4
$8^{\text {th }}$ Grade AVID Student Outcomes 2020-2021

| Middle Schools | Completed Algebra I with a grade of C or better | Completed an Honors, Pre-AP or High School Course with a grade of C or better | Recommended for College Prep Courses in HS | Took the PSAT, ACT Explore or PSSS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avon Park MS | 14 | 12 | 12 | 46 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cedar Key (K-12) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| C.H. Price MS | 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Dunnellon MS | 19 | 22 | 0 | 22 |
| Ft. King MS* | * | * | * | * |
| Ft. McCoy MS | 7 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Hill Gustat MS | 21 | 9 | 30 | 30 |
| Lake Placid MS | 10 | 8 | 20 | 40 |
| Liberty MS | 38 | 40 | 0 | 0 |
| Robert H. Jenkins MS* | * | * | * | * |
| Roulhac MS | 14 | 1 | 0 | 22 |
| Sebring MS | 10 | 3 | * | 0 |
| Vernon MS* | * | * | * | * |
| Williston MS/HS | 0 | 0 | 20 | 5 |
| Total Students | 135 | 108 | 87 | 170 |

*Missing data

## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

Over 300 AVID Elective high school students in FLP districts appear to be on a college ready pathway by having completed at least one AP or IB course as shown in Table 10.5.

| Table 10.5 <br> AVID Elective High School Student Outcomes 2020-2021 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of AVID Students |  |  |  |
| High Schools | Enrolled in AVID for $3^{\text {rd }}$ Year | Enrolled in at least one AP or IB course | Completed at least one AP or IB course | Number of students who took exam and passed with college credit score |
| Avon Park HS | 120 | * | * | 38 |
| Bronson MS/HS | 25 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Cedar Key (K-12) | 4 | 3 | 2 | 0 |
| Chipley HS | 5 | 21 | U | U |
| Crescent City Jr/Sr | 19 | 0 | U | U |
| Dixie Co. HS | 43 | 42 | 33 | 7 |
| Freeport HS* | * | * | * | * |
| Interlachen HS | 24 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Lake Placid HS | 80 | * | * | 32 |
| Palatka | 16 | 59 | 2 | 0 |
| Sebring HS | 75 | 39 | 17 | 7 |
| Vernon HS | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| West Nassau HS | 30 | 19 | 17 | 0 |
| Williston MS/HS | 38 | 10 | 10 | 0 |
| Yulee HS | 34 | * | * | 5 |
| Total Students | 532 | 393 | 320 | 89 |

## AVID Teacher Survey 2021

In May 2021, a survey link was sent to FLP school district contacts for the purpose of distributing the link to AVID elective teachers in their district. Thirty-seven responses were received from AVID teachers in nine FLP school districts. A summary of survey results representing feedback from AVID elective educators for 1,716 AVID elective course students in FLP districts is presented below.

## Section 10: AVID FLP Schools (cont.)

- $63 \%$ of AVID students are $1^{\text {st }}$ generation college going students.
- $23 \%$ of AVID students enrolled in an AP course this year and $22 \%$ are enrolled for an AP course for the 2021-2022 school year.
- $11 \%$ of AVID students enrolled in a Dual Enrollment course this year and 14\% enrolled in a Dual Enrollment course for the 2021-2022 school year.

In an effort to understand how student enrollment in AVID elective courses occurs in schools, respondents were asked to describe the cohort of enrolled AVID students in their school.

- $74 \%$ have the same cohort and add new students each year.
- $16 \%$ have the same cohort each year.
- $10 \%$ have new students enrolled each year.

AVID strategies used in the elective course are often shared with other teachers as indicated by the $61 \%$ of AVID teachers reporting AVID strategies are used schoolwide

- $42 \%$ of teachers reported AVID strategies are required schoolwide.
- $42 \%$ teachers reported AVID strategies are used in some classrooms.
- $14 \%$ of teachers reported AVID strategies are used in most classrooms.
- $2 \%$ of teachers reported AVID strategies were not used in other classrooms.

Survey respondents were asked which AVID strategies were used in other classrooms. Table 10.6 shows high percentages for four AVID strategies that impact students who are not enrolled in AVID Elective courses and provide them with study skills.

| Table 10.6 |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Strategies | Response Percentage |  |
| Cornell notes | $86 \%$ |  |
| Binders | $83 \%$ |  |
| WICOR methodologies | $77 \%$ |  |
| Socratic seminars | $60 \%$ |  |
| Tutorials | $17 \%$ |  |
| Focused note taking | $3 \%$ |  |
|  |  |  |

## Section 11: Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators

Beginning with the 2019-2020 grant period, the Florida Department of Education (FDOE) provided a list of twelve indicators for the Florida Partnership to measure the impact of the partnership on minority and underserved students. The minorities include students who identify as Black, Hispanic, or Two or More Races and underserved students are represented by Free and Reduced Lunch status. Exhibit H displays the twelve indicators and the type of data collected to measure the indicator. Data was collected from the College Board database for the SAT Suite of Assessments and the AP exam database. In June a request was sent to all FLP district contacts to provide data regarding course enrollment and course grades for minority and underserved students.

| Exhibit H <br> Florida Department of Education Minority and Underserved Student Indicators |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indicators | Indicator Description | Measure |
| HS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level mathematics courses. | Completed two AP mathematics courses |
| HS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete advanced level (AP) coursework in four subject areas | Completed four AP courses |
| HS3 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | Completed AP Computer Science course |
| HS4 | Percent of minority and underserved $11^{\text {th }}$ grade students who are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS5 | Percent of minority and underserved $12^{\text {th }}$ grade students considered on track for postsecondary level coursework | Met ERW and/or Math Benchmarks on SAT |
| HS6 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed AP courses. | Took an AP exam |
| HS7 | Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of "A" or "B" | AP course grades of "A" or "B" |
| HS8 | Percent of minority and underserved students of educators who participated in an FLP training and who pass AP exam | AP Exam scores of 3+ for students who's AP educator participated in AP Symposium |
| HS9 | Percent of minority and underserved students who pass AP exam in low performing high schools | AP exam scores of 3+ |
| MS1 | Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | Algebra 1 grades of " C " or better |
| MS2 | Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | Grades of ' C " or better in high school level course |
| PS1 | Measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the Florida Partnership | Parent and Student survey results Professional Development survey results |
|  |  |  |

Data presented in Table 11.1 indicates the percentages of minority and underserved students in FLP districts who were enrolled in advanced level courses during the 2020-2021 school year.

| Table 11.1 <br> FDOE Indicators: Percent of Minority and Underserved Students Who Complete Advanced Level Coursework |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Course Work Indicators | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of All } \\ & \text { Students } \end{aligned}$ | Percent of Black Students | Percent of Hispanic Students | Percent of Two or More Races Students | Percent of FRL <br> Students |
| HS1 - Percent of students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete at least two advanced level math courses | 4\% | 13\% | 20\% | 6\% | 50\% |
| HS2 - Percent of students in $12^{\text {th }}$ grade who enroll and complete AP Courses in four subject areas | 14\% | 13\% | 18\% | 5\% | 42\% |
| HS3 - Percent of students who enroll and complete an advanced level course in Computer Science | 5\% | 7\% | 22\% | 5\% | 42\% |
| HS6 - Percent of minority and underserved students who enrolled and completed an AP course | 71\% | 9\% | 21\% | 5\% | 37\% |
| HS7 - Percent of minority and underserved students who enroll in advanced level courses and earn a grade of " $A$ " or " $B$ " | * | 14\% | 17\% | 4\% | 44\% |
| MS1 - Percent of minority and underserved students in $8^{\text {th }}$ grade who pass Algebra I | 30\% | 14\% | 22\% | 5\% | 53\% |
| MS2 - Percent of minority and underserved students in middle school who pass a high school level course in low performing middle schools | 44\% | 19\% | 23\% | 5\% | 54\% |
| * The percent of all students could not be determined due to an extremely large number of students who enrolled and completed an AP course and at the end of the school year did not take the AP exam for the course due to multiple reasons. Some AP exams were offered virtually and others were only offered inperson and with the hybrid learning environment and for safety reasons some parents did not allow their children to return to school for in-person exams. |  |  |  |  |  |

The data in Table 11.2 shows percentages of minority and underserved students in FLP districts who took the SAT and/or an AP exam during the 2020-2021 school year and are considered on track for postsecondary level coursework.

| Table 11.2 <br> FDOE High School Indicators: Percent of Minority and Underserved Students Considered On Track for Postsecondary Level Coursework |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAT and AP Exam Indicators | Percent of All Students | Percent of Black Students | Percent of Hispanic Students | Percent of Two or More Races Students | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { of FRL } \\ & \text { Students } \end{aligned}$ |
| HS4 - Percent of $11^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met the ERW Benchmark | 28\% | 21\% | 28\% | 33\% | 24\% |
| HS4 - Percent of $11^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met the Math Benchmark | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 1\% | 2\% |
| HS4 - Percent of $11^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met Both the Benchmarks | 22\% | 9\% | 18\% | 27\% | 24\% |
| HS4 - Percent of $12^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met the ERW Benchmark | 26\% | 20\% | 5\% | 27\% | 31\% |
| HS5 - Percent of $12^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met the Math Benchmark | 1\% | .31\% | .20\% | .27\% | 1\% |
| HS5 - Percent of $12^{\text {th }}$ Grade Minority Students Who Met Both the Benchmarks | 28\% | 12\% | 5\% | 37\% | 30\% |
| HS8 - Percent of minority and underserved students of educators who participated in an FLP training and who pass an AP exam | 7\% | 3\% | 15\% | 8\% | 24\% |
| HS9 - Percent of minority and underserved students who pass an AP exam with a score of 3 or higher in low performing high schools | 41\% | 5\% | 18\% | 5\% | 11\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section 12: Conclusion and Recommendations

Evaluation findings revealed a significant amount of evidence showing the FLP is meeting its mission by providing three key elements: professional development, technical assistance, and resources for FLP districts. (Please note: Appendices A through E display school level data for the contents of this report.)

In conclusion, the evaluation findings are as follows:

- Data collected from participants who attended professional development events showed high levels of satisfaction.
- A large majority of professional development participants, for all events, reported gaining new knowledge and skills to take back to their work environment, which will benefit the intended, targeted, students. Many reported they were inspired and appreciated having an opportunity to network with colleagues in other school districts and with others in their own school district.
- District and school administrators are implementing strategies learned at professional development events. Many participants mentioned they better understand how to use College Board resources to expand equity and access for all students.
- Parents experienced knowledge gains and indicated high levels of satisfaction with parent webinars provided by FLP and College Board staff. Positive knowledge gains were reported for 24 out of 24 topics presented during the five parent/student webinars.
- A large majority of students (83\%) reported being familiar with Khan Academy's Official SAT Practice. Knowledge gains were reported by students for 15 out of 16 topics discussed during parent/student webinars.
- College Access and Readiness Experiences (CARES) Grantees expanded the reach of the FLP mission by providing additional tutoring and educational opportunities to increase college and career readiness for minorities and underrepresented students.
- The hybrid learning environment and requirements to quarantine after exposure to COVOD-19 most likely explains the decreases in the number of students taking the PSAT 8/9, PSAT/NMQST, and SAT and why performance on these assessments were lower than in previous years.
- FLP districts experienced decreases in the overall number of students and minority students taking AP exams and the number of students scoring 3+ on AP exams most likely due to the impact of the COVID-17 pandemic on learning and the ability to take an AP exam in-person.


## Recommendations

Recommendation 1: Continue with statewide parent/student webinars as a way to reach many parents and students in an efficient manner to increase awareness of College Board resources and other college and career readiness topics.

Recommendation 2: Increase discussion with CARES program administrators for ways to help increase the number of students they serve who are linked to College Board and Khan Academy and understand College Board resources and Opportunity Scholarships.

Recommendation 3: Work with AVID Center staff to identify those schools with low levels of student enrollment in AVID elective courses and develop strategies to increase enrollment where possible.

Recommendation 4: Consider new ways to increase student survey responses after parent/student webinars.

New Directions, New Ideas, LLC would like to thank the staff from the FLP, the AVID Center, and CARES Grantees for their assistance with the evaluation process and the opportunity to evaluate services provided to school districts.

| Appendix A <br> PSAT 8/9 Test Takers and Scores by Middle School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT 8/9 Number of Test Takers | PSAT 8/9 <br> Mean <br> Total <br> Score | PSAT 8/9 <br> Number <br> who met Math <br> Benchmarks | PSAT 8/9 Number who met EBRW Benchmarks | PSAT 8/9 <br> Number who met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Abraham <br> Lincoln MS | 157 | 936 | 456 | 480 | 84 |
| Alachua | Howard W Bishop MS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Bay | Jinks MS | 92 | 714 | 353 | 361 | 14 |
| Bay | Merritt Brown MS | 131 | 769 | 386 | 383 | 20 |
| Bay | Mowat MS | 179 | 802 | 410 | 392 | 50 |
| Bay | North Bay Haven MS | 162 | 850 | 439 | 410 | 62 |
| Bay | Rutherford MS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Bay | Rosenwald MS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Bay | Surfside MS | 173 | 851 | 429 | 422 | 72 |
| Bradford | Bradford MS | 163 | 748 | 382 | 366 | 21 |
| Columbia | Lake City MS | 348 | 800 | 409 | 391 | 87 |
| Desoto | Desoto MS |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dixie | Ruth Rains MS | 126 | 762 | 399 | 363 | 11 |
| Hardee | Hardee Junior HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hendry | Clewiston MS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hendry | LaBelle MS | 183 | 772 | 392 | 381 | 34 |
| Highlands | Avon Park MS | 142 | 749 | 373 | 376 | 29 |
| Highlands | Hill-Gustat MS | 140 | 822 | 419 | 403 | 47 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid MS | 142 | 766 | 385 | 380 | 32 |
| Highlands | Sebring MS | 177 | 816 | 407 | 409 | 55 |
| Levy | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Bronson } \\ & \text { MS/HS } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 118 | 788 | 400 | 388 | 22 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 261 | 805 | 410 | 396 | 50 |
| Liberty | Liberty Co. MS | 338 | 786 | 400 | 386 | 80 |
| Liberty | W R Tolar ES/MS | 40 | 782 | 402 | 380 | 9 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 204 | 852 | 434 | 419 | 86 |
| Okeechobee | Osceola MS | 184 | 765 | 377 | 387 | 37 |
| Okeechobee | Yearling MS | 134 | 761 | 374 | 387 | 25 |
| Putnam | C H Price MS | 104 | 749 | 376 | 372 | 8 |

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| Putnam | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline \text { Crescent City } \\ \text { MS/HS } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 135 | 784 | 389 | 395 | 29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Putnam | Miller <br> Intermediate <br> School | 113 | 771 | 385 | 386 | 23 |
| Putnam | Robert H Jenkins MS | 182 | 728 | 365 | 362 | 18 |
| St. Lucie | Allapattah Flats K-8 School | 111 | 782 | 394 | 387 | 25 |
| St. Lucie | Creative Arts Academy | 44 | 777 | 391 | 386 | 7 |
| St. Lucie | Dan McCarty MS | 176 | 694 | 343 | 351 | 11 |
| St. Lucie | Forest Grove MS | 209 | 760 | 384 | 376 | 43 |
| St. Lucie | Manatee Academy ES/MS | 148 | 805 | 405 | 400 | 41 |
| St. Lucie | Northport ES/MS | 122 | 788 | 396 | 392 | 32 |
| St. Lucie | Oak Hammock ES/MS | 161 | 781 | 395 | 386 | 35 |
| St. Lucie | Palm Pointe <br> Education <br> Research <br> School | 112 | 854 | 431 | 423 | 48 |
| St. Lucie | Samuel S. <br> Gaines <br> Academy | 76 | 762 | 376 | 385 | 13 |
| St. Lucie | Southern Oaks MS | 247 | 770 | 387 | 383 | 46 |
| St. Lucie | Southport MS | 115 | 778 | 391 | 387 | 27 |
| St. Lucie | West Gate ES/MS | 95 | 863 | 433 | 431 | 42 |
| St. Lucie | West K-8 <br> School | 132 | 822 | 423 | 399 | 38 |
| Sumter | South Sumter MS | 214 | 784 | 402 | 381 | 37 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee MS | 207 | 751 | 381 | 369 | 24 |
| Washington | Roulhac MS | 114 | 803 | 407 | 396 | 29 |
| Washington | Vernon MS | 97 | 767 | 391 | 375 | 11 |
| Univ. of FL | PK Yonge K-12 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |


| Appendix B <br> PSAT 8/9 Test Takers and Scores by High School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT 8/9 <br> Number of Test Takers | PSAT 8/9 <br> Mean <br> Total <br> Score | PSAT 8/9 Number who met EBRW Benchmark s | $\begin{gathered} \text { PSAT 8/9 } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { who met } \\ \text { Math } \\ \text { Benchmark } \\ \text { s } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { PSAT 8/9 } \\ \text { Number } \\ \text { who met } \\ \text { Both } \\ \text { Benchmark } \\ \text { s } \end{gathered}$ |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 176 | 935 | 472 | 463 | 86 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 398 | 890 | 457 | 433 | 157 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 172 | 808 | 409 | 398 | 42 |
| Bay | Breakfast <br> Point <br> Academy | 92 | 776 | 393 | 383 | 18 |
| Bay | Deane <br> Bozeman School | 277 | 814 | 414 | 400 | 66 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 296 | 840 | 430 | 410 | 79 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 42 | 655 | 328 | 327 | 1 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 213 | 786 | 400 | 386 | 39 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 133 | 807 | 409 | 398 | 26 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 75 | 923 | 478 | 445 | 43 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | 278 | 803 | 413 | 390 | 47 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 227 | 790 | 401 | 389 | 34 |
| Desoto | Desoto Secondary School | 28 | 673 | 343 | 331 | 0 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 118 | 779 | 402 | 376 | 13 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 375 | 804 | 414 | 390 | 67 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 384 | 772 | 395 | 377 | 40 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 449 | 843 | 430 | 412 | 114 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 293 | 851 | 438 | 413 | 94 |


| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Escambia | Success <br> Academy | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Advanced Technology | 259 | 893 | 458 | 434 | 99 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 454 | 857 | 431 | 426 | 136 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 311 | 865 | 441 | 424 | 101 |
| Franklin | Franklin County HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Glades | West Glades School | 66 | 795 | 394 | 401 | 16 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 199 | 734 | 367 | 367 | 24 |
| Hardee | Hardee <br> Senior HS | 313 | 808 | 409 | 399 | 63 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 172 | 799 | 402 | 397 | 27 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 275 | 824 | 422 | 402 | 59 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 159 | 796 | 401 | 395 | 16 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 149 | 795 | 405 | 390 | 26 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 293 | 824 | 415 | 409 | 73 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 149 | 817 | 414 | 403 | 42 |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Eustis HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Lake County <br> Virtual <br> School | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | South Lake HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Lake | Tavares HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

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| Lake | Umatilla HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Levy | Bronson HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 212 | 799 | 405 | 394 | 48 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 83 | 872 | 442 | 430 | 22 |
| Madison | Madison County HS | 81 | 780 | 396 | 384 | 8 |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 165 | 774 | 396 | 378 | 17 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 546 | 845 | 431 | 414 | 162 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 184 | 911 | 464 | 447 | 89 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 211 | 856 | 437 | 419 | 56 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 233 | 873 | 439 | 434 | 85 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 293 | 826 | 412 | 415 | 73 |
| Putnam | Crescent City JHS/HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 123 | 786 | 397 | 389 | 15 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 214 | 776 | 395 | 382 | 32 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 187 | 916 | 469 | 448 | 105 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 471 | 827 | 424 | 403 | 107 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 393 | 751 | 373 | 378 | 57 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 405 | 883 | 457 | 425 | 164 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic <br> Digital <br> Academy <br> Upper School | 17 | 878 | 449 | 429 | 9 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 271 | 819 | 414 | 406 | 63 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 452 | 821 | 414 | 407 | 105 |

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| St. Lucie | Treasure <br> Coast HS | 456 | 832 | 422 | 409 | 109 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sumter | South Sumter <br> HS | 191 | 837 | 427 | 410 | 46 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 169 | 786 | 401 | 385 | 28 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 152 | 828 | 420 | 408 | 45 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee <br> Senior HS | 229 | 810 | 410 | 399 | 49 |
| Taylor | Taylor <br> County HS | 91 | 791 | 402 | 389 | 14 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Walton | Paxton <br> MS/HS <br> School | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Walton | South Walton <br> HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Walton | Walton HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 146 | 842 | 429 | 413 | 45 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 73 | 790 | 409 | 381 | 4 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge <br> School | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Appendix C <br> PSAT/NMSQT Test Takers and Scores by School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | PSAT/ <br> NMSQT <br> Number of Test Takers | PSAT/ <br> NMSQT <br> Mean <br> Total <br> Score | PSAT/ NMSQT Number who met EBRW Benchmarks | PSAT/ NMSQT Number who met Math Benchmarks | PSAT/ NMSQT Number who met Both Benchmarks |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 320 | 1,036 | 531 | 505 | 164 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 639 | 932 | 479 | 453 | 192 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 358 | 866 | 443 | 423 | 69 |
| Bay | Deane <br> Bozeman <br> School | 191 | 883 | 451 | 432 | 29 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 449 | 922 | 476 | 446 | 118 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 30 | 699 | 367 | 332 | 0 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 199 | 874 | 444 | 430 | 40 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 213 | 861 | 441 | 420 | 33 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 323 | 871 | 444 | 427 | 49 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 172 | 904 | 463 | 441 | 29 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 603 | 884 | 454 | 430 | 127 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 613 | 835 | 424 | 410 | 78 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 713 | 901 | 458 | 443 | 173 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 187 | 871 | 444 | 426 | 34 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 545 | 953 | 487 | 465 | 218 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 357 | 838 | 431 | 407 | 34 |
| Escambia | Success Academy | 22 | 763 | 391 | 372 | 0 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of | 425 | 954 | 488 | 466 | 154 |


|  | Advanced Technology |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 629 | 929 | 477 | 452 | 183 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 549 | 922 | 469 | 453 | 162 |
| Franklin | Franklin County K-12 | 33 | 847 | 430 | 417 | 3 |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 208 | 806 | 411 | 395 | 12 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 90 | 833 | 423 | 411 | 9 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 161 | 821 | 415 | 406 | 13 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 258 | 886 | 450 | 435 | 58 |
| Highlands | Highlands <br> Virtual <br> School | 66 | 934 | 480 | 453 | 20 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 266 | 864 | 434 | 430 | 45 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 458 | 923 | 466 | 457 | 153 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 158 | 910 | 464 | 446 | 36 |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 998 | 920 | 470 | 450 | 304 |
| Lake | Eustis HS | 618 | 870 | 442 | 428 | 116 |
| Lake | Lake <br> Minneola HS | 795 | 916 | 467 | 449 | 223 |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | 705 | 830 | 421 | 409 | 85 |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 589 | 882 | 451 | 431 | 123 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 782 | 852 | 434 | 419 | 129 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 493 | 874 | 444 | 430 | 111 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 406 | 820 | 414 | 406 | 51 |
| Levy | Bronson HS | 115 | 836 | 429 | 407 | 14 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 105 | 893 | 456 | 437 | 24 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 222 | 881 | 450 | 430 | 33 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 119 | 876 | 447 | 429 | 15 |

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| Madison | Madison <br> County HS | 127 | 826 | 421 | 405 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 225 | 846 | 430 | 416 | 38 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 1,014 | 905 | 462 | 442 | 274 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 372 | 968 | 498 | 470 | 147 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 180 | 919 | 467 | 452 | 49 |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 374 | 894 | 457 | 436 | 73 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 546 | 931 | 479 | 453 | 160 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 441 | 849 | 428 | 420 | 74 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Junior/Senio r HS | 219 | 833 | 419 | 414 | 17 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 197 | 811 | 409 | 402 | 8 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 318 | 811 | 410 | 402 | 22 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 154 | 1,036 | 542 | 495 | 84 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 551 | 877 | 450 | 427 | 114 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 555 | 847 | 434 | 413 | 87 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 339 | 980 | 512 | 468 | 137 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic <br> Digital <br> Academy <br> Upper School | 8 | 989 | 538 | 451 | 1 |
| St. Lucie | Performance <br> Based <br> Preparatory <br> Academy | 13 | 747 | 372 | 375 | 0 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 365 | 894 | 462 | 432 | 82 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie <br> West Centennial HS | 578 | 875 | 447 | 428 | 109 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 718 | 907 | 464 | 442 | 172 |


| Sumter | South Sumter <br> HS | 430 | 897 | 457 | 440 | 96 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 138 | 864 | 445 | 419 | 15 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 129 | 923 | 479 | 444 | 32 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee <br> Senior HS | 220 | 866 | 443 | 423 | 43 |
| Taylor | Taylor <br> County HS | 173 | 847 | 433 | 414 | 22 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 203 | 901 | 459 | 443 | 49 |
| Walton | Paxton <br> School | 73 | 890 | 453 | 437 | 14 |
| Walton | South Walton <br> HS | 419 | 976 | 497 | 478 | 186 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 230 | 873 | 444 | 429 | 42 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 239 | 875 | 446 | 428 | 40 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 152 | 864 | 438 | 425 | 18 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge <br> School | 110 | 1,015 | 523 | 492 | 53 |


| Appendix D <br> SAT Test Takers and Scores by School |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | SAT <br> Number of Test Takers | SAT <br> Mean <br> Total <br> Score | SAT <br> Number who met ERBW Benchmarks | SAT <br> Number who met Math Benchmarks | SAT <br> Number who met Both Benchmar ks |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 196 | 1,276 | 643 | 633 | 162 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 418 | 997 | 508 | 489 | 137 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 239 | 956 | 490 | 466 | 68 |
| Bay | Deane Bozeman School | 111 | 921 | 467 | 454 | 14 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 316 | 995 | 513 | 482 | 89 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 18 | 733 | 382 | 351 | 0 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 153 | 908 | 462 | 447 | 30 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 18 | 733 | 382 | 351 | 0 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 26 | 1,103 | 577 | 527 | 13 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 340 | 943 | 489 | 454 | 69 |
| Columbia | Fort White HS | 92 | 990 | 510 | 480 | 26 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 273 | 885 | 455 | 430 | 38 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 112 | 911 | 470 | 441 | 11 |
| Escambia | Booker T <br> Washington HS | 334 | 940 | 488 | 452 | 79 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 238 | 874 | 451 | 423 | 24 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 238 | 874 | 451 | 423 | 24 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 96 | 901 | 467 | 433 | 21 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 300 | 1,051 | 533 | 517 | 150 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 277 | 819 | 423 | 396 | 15 |
| Escambia | Success Academy | 15 | 767 | 389 | 377 | 1 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Advanced Technology | 286 | 1,001 | 513 | 488 | 87 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 529 | 990 | 508 | 483 | 155 |

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| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 340 | 978 | 499 | 479 | 99 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Franklin | Franklin County HS | 75 | 871 | 446 | 426 | 7 |
| Gadsden | Gadsden County HS | 176 | 816 | 421 | 394 | 6 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 50 | 845 | 434 | 411 | 3 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 83 | 870 | 444 | 426 | 8 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 298 | 910 | 468 | 441 | 43 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 242 | 910 | 469 | 442 | 37 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 263 | 899 | 461 | 439 | 38 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 196 | 913 | 474 | 439 | 31 |
| Highlands | Highlands Virtual School | 88 | 903 | 469 | 434 | 11 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 163 | 925 | 475 | 450 | 29 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 296 | 988 | 504 | 484 | 100 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS | 75 | 975 | 495 | 481 | 21 |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 570 | 1,000 | 519 | 481 | 192 |
| Lake | Eustis HS | 301 | 952 | 492 | 460 | 70 |
| Lake | Lake Minneola HS | 451 | 989 | 508 | 481 | 132 |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | 288 | 880 | 457 | 423 | 43 |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 268 | 971 | 503 | 468 | 65 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 396 | 912 | 475 | 437 | 61 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 299 | 954 | 487 | 467 | 86 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 143 | 884 | 462 | 423 | 16 |
| Levy | Bronson MS/HS | 47 | 892 | 462 | 430 | 3 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 77 | 934 | 486 | 448 | 8 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 88 | 921 | 475 | 446 | 12 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 81 | 946 | 493 | 453 | 13 |
| Madison | Madison County HS | 99 | 864 | 450 | 414 | 7 |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 231 | 888 | 459 | 429 | 30 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 581 | 964 | 498 | 467 | 161 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 270 | 1,051 | 536 | 516 | 117 |

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| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 139 | 965 | 499 | 466 | 29 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 217 | 945 | 490 | 455 | 34 |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 352 | 974 | 504 | 470 | 101 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 338 | 894 | 455 | 440 | 50 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Junior/Senior HS | 112 | 842 | 437 | 405 | 6 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 111 | 868 | 457 | 411 | 3 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 192 | 859 | 446 | 414 | 11 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 103 | 1,105 | 574 | 531 | 60 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 668 | 919 | 479 | 440 | 131 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 468 | 866 | 458 | 409 | 52 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 228 | 1,059 | 548 | 511 | 105 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy Upper School | 23 | 970 | 502 | 468 | 4 |
| St. Lucie | Performance Based Preparatory Academy | 16 | 794 | 406 | 388 | 1 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 369 | 921 | 479 | 442 | 64 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 593 | 894 | 470 | 424 | 88 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 795 | 911 | 473 | 438 | 130 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 293 | 983 | 510 | 473 | 74 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 100 | 903 | 464 | 439 | 10 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 81 | 965 | 502 | 463 | 22 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee Senior HS | 220 | 934 | 483 | 452 | 37 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 115 | 857 | 442 | 416 | 6 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 124 | 939 | 484 | 455 | 28 |
| Walton | Paxton School | 83 | 901 | 459 | 442 | 7 |


| Walton | South Walton <br> HS | 420 | 1,032 | 528 | 504 | 161 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Walton | Walton HS | 233 | 908 | 470 | 438 | 32 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 115 | 934 | 481 | 454 | 20 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 79 | 913 | 472 | 441 | 13 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge <br> School | 122 | 1,068 | 539 | 529 | 56 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Appendix E <br> AP Exam Participation and 3+ Scores |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| District | School | Number of Students Who Took an AP Exam | Number of AP Exams with 3+ Scores | Number of Minority Students Who Took an AP Exam | Number of AP Exams with 3+ <br> Scores <br> Taken by Minority Students |
| Alachua | Eastside HS | 484 | 333 | 179 | 77 |
| Bay | A Crawford Mosley HS | 589 | 317 | 89 | 48 |
| Bay | Bay HS | 90 | 44 | 23 | 11 |
| Bay | Deane <br> Bozeman School | 90 | 39 | 7 | 4 |
| Bay | J R Arnold HS | 481 | 221 | 69 | 34 |
| Bay | Rosenwald HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Bay | Rutherford HS | 131 | 45 | 57 | 17 |
| Bradford | Bradford HS | 58 | 20 | 12 | 2 |
| Columbia | Belmont Academy | 28 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| Columbia | Columbia HS | 388 | 153 | 89 | 32 |
| Columbia | Fort White MS/HS | 185 | 64 | 15 | 2 |
| Desoto | Desoto County HS | 124 | 49 | 69 | 25 |
| Dixie | Dixie County HS | 82 | 19 | 14 | 4 |
| Escambia | Booker T Washington HS | 369 | 107 | 97 | 16 |
| Escambia | Escambia HS | 252 | 51 | 78 | 19 |
| Escambia | J M Tate HS | 306 | 147 | 71 | 32 |
| Escambia | Northview HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Escambia | Pensacola HS | 453 | 259 | 145 | 57 |
| Escambia | Pine Forest HS | 77 | 9 | 21 | 2 |
| Escambia | West Florida HS of Advanced Technology | 239 | 158 | 65 | 32 |
| Flagler | Flagler Palm Coast HS | 422 | 230 | 127 | 60 |
| Flagler | Mantanzas HS | 192 | 87 | 54 | 21 |


| Franklin | Franklin County HS | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gadsden | Gadsden <br> County HS | 49 | 1 | 42 | 1 |
| Glades | Moore Haven MS/HS | 15 | 2 | 8 | 1 |
| Hamilton | Hamilton County HS | 52 | 11 | 18 | 2 |
| Hardee | Hardee Senior HS | 108 | 50 | 78 | 40 |
| Hendry | Clewiston HS | 132 | 58 | 109 | 50 |
| Hendry | LaBelle HS | 196 | 63 | 146 | 49 |
| Highlands | Avon Park HS | 213 | 69 | 130 | 32 |
| Highlands | Highlands Virtual School | 35 | 13 | 21 | 6 |
| Highlands | Lake Placid HS | 188 | 57 | 37 | 11 |
| Highlands | Sebring HS | 153 | 45 | 63 | 13 |
| Lafayette | Lafayette HS |  |  |  |  |
| Lake | East Ridge HS | 834 | 327 | 401 | 143 |
| Lake | Eustis HS | 311 | 109 | 110 | 30 |
| Lake | Lake <br> Minneola HS | 562 | 197 | 235 | 74 |
| Lake | Leesburg HS | 72 | 27 | 27 | 13 |
| Lake | Mount Dora HS | 186 | 64 | 57 | 11 |
| Lake | South Lake HS | 464 | 118 | 196 | 54 |
| Lake | Tavares HS | 216 | 115 | 54 | 29 |
| Lake | Umatilla HS | 161 | 12 | 29 | 0 |
| Levy | Bronson HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Levy | Chiefland HS | 54 | 22 | 12 | 3 |
| Levy | Williston MS/HS | 64 | 24 | 19 | 7 |
| Liberty | Liberty County HS | 4 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Madison | Madison <br> County HS | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Marion | Dunnellon HS | 120 | 37 | 23 | 4 |
| Marion | West Port HS | 431 | 213 | 202 | 97 |
| Nassau | Fernandina Beach HS | 234 | 152 | 34 | 24 |
| Nassau | Hilliard MS/HS | 51 | 20 | 3 | 0 |


| Nassau | West Nassau HS | 115 | 52 | 15 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nassau | Yulee HS | 152 | 101 | 31 | 19 |
| Okeechobee | Okeechobee HS | 161 | 82 | 59 | 34 |
| Putnam | Crescent City Junior/Senior HS | 24 | 13 | 16 | 9 |
| Putnam | Interlachen HS | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Putnam | Palatka HS | 223 | 16 | 69 | 1 |
| Putnam | Q.I. Roberts MS/HS | 43 | 5 | 11 | 0 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Central HS | 335 | 89 | 209 | 46 |
| St. Lucie | Fort Pierce Westwood HS | 115 | 29 | 63 | 14 |
| St. Lucie | Lincoln Park Academy | 259 | 73 | 138 | 36 |
| St. Lucie | Mosaic Digital Academy Upper School | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| St. Lucie | Port St. Lucie HS | 50 | 8 | 24 | 6 |
| St. Lucie | St. Lucie West Centennial HS | 70 | 34 | 40 | 16 |
| St. Lucie | Treasure Coast HS | 66 | 32 | 41 | 20 |
| Sumter | South Sumter HS | 235 | 97 | 73 | 18 |
| Sumter | Wildwood HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Suwannee | Branford HS | 66 | 21 | 20 | 3 |
| Suwannee | Suwannee <br> Senior HS | 67 | 47 | 22 | 13 |
| Taylor | Taylor County HS | 54 | 11 | 18 | 1 |
| Walton | Freeport HS | 119 | 73 | 22 | 11 |
| Walton | Paxton School | 37 | 8 | 4 | 0 |
| Walton | South Walton HS | 411 | 203 | 72 | 29 |
| Walton | Walton HS | 123 | 34 | 34 | 5 |
| Washington | Chipley HS | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Washington | Vernon HS | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Univ. of FL | P K Yonge School | 178 | 65 | 83 | 27 |


[^0]:    + Number test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.
    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Due to inclement weather, Bay was unable to fully participate in 2018-2019.
    *Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.
    ${ }^{1}$ Columbia was not covered under FLP contract for PSAT NMSQT for 2020-2021.

[^1]:    + Number SAT test takers was impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.

[^2]:    *Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

[^3]:    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
    *Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

[^4]:    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.
    *Gadsden and Suwannee joined the FLP in 2019-2020.

[^5]:    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Number of students who took an AP exam was impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

[^6]:    * Missing data

[^7]:    *Missing data

[^8]:    *Missing data

